

chicago park district

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> CHICAGO PATOK DISTRICT come out and play



Cathleen R. Martwick Associate Regional Counsel U.S. EPA Region 5, C-14J 77 W. Jackson Blvd. Chicago, Illinois 60604

February 7, 2008

RE: DuSable Park Thorium Issues

Dear Ms. Martwick:

This letter follows our meeting of January 23, 2008 at the United States Environmental Protection Agency's ("EPA") offices with you, Richard Karl and others, including the Chicago Park District's ("CPD") permittee for access to DuSable Park in connection with ultimate Park development, Shelbourne Development. The CPD wishes to express its strong objection to being named in the proposed Administrative Order on Consent ("Removal Order") discussed at the meeting (a draft of the order was circulated in the days preceding the meeting). The CPD, for the reasons set forth below, believes that it is an innocent landowner within of Comprehensive Environmental the meaning the Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) with respect to any thorium contamination existing at the Park and, thus, should not be named as a jointly and severally liable party, or in any capacity, in a Removal Order. That being said, the CPD can and will agree in a separate writing to cooperate with EPA and any person made a party to the Removal Order, including by way of placing appropriate deed restrictions and institutional controls on the Park site following any removal activity, and in conjunction with Park site development.

As you know the CPD's governmental function is the tax financed acquisition and maintenance of parks and recreational facilities for the citizens of Chicago. The CPD currently owns and operates more than 7300 acres of parkland, 552 parks, 33 beaches, nine museums, two world-class conservatories, 16 historic lagoons, and 10 bird and wildlife gardens. In fulfilling its governmental role, the CPD on December 29, 1988, accepted a conveyance of real estate from the Chicago Dock and Canal Trust including the parcel known as "DuSable Park". In essence a development plan for the area proposed by Chicago Dock resulted in the passage of an ordinance in 1985 (ORD # 368) specifying that certain areas remain as open space, thus resulting in a donation of the DuSable Park tract to the CPD by the would-be developer.

Our own review shows, and outside counsel confirms, that CERCLA provides innocent landowner status to those who did not cause or knowingly exacerbate pollution. In fact, in the 7th Circuit such status applies where 1) the landowner acquires ownership after the pollution has occurred, and 2) the pollution is the result of a third party's dumping on the land. See, e.g. City of Mishawaka v Uniroyal Holding, Inc. 2006 U.S. Dist. Lexis 4372 (N.D. Ind.), and cases cited therein. Even under a broader standard of application of this defense, and as set forth in CERCLA, the CPD would be considered an innocent landowner because it conducted appropriate pre-conveyance due diligence and took reasonable steps, once apprised of the potential presence of thorium contamination, to prevent releases or the threat of releases of hazardous substances.

The CPD Acquired DuSable Park After Thorium Contamination Occurred

Historical information, including in the form of aerial photographs, show that the "mounds" present on DuSable Park, and within which detections of radiological activity above the 7.1 pCi/g

"Streeterville" standard have been found, were placed on the site between March 1985 and April of 1988 (See Attachment 1). A subsequent "Environmental Reconnaissance Report, Park District Dedications" by STS Consultants, Inc, dated March 1989 (the "1989 ERR") confirms this and, in fact, states that STS itself placed "acceptably clean fill material, which was screened by STS" on the site in 1986-1987. (See Attachment 2, pp. 14-15). More recently there have been additional detections of thorium in the Park site's subsurface, particularly under a previously unknown, and apparently very old, building slab discovered by Shelbourne during its construction of the access ramp to Lake Shore Drive north. This contamination, too, is an apparent result of the importation of fill material at some point in time, as historical research shows no use of the site that would otherwise account for the presence of thorium. Lindsay Light Company was, however, once located 1/3 of a mile from the site and, as you know, Tronox, LLC agreed without dispute to remove six "baker" boxes of this excavated material from the Park site.

Finally, the CPD, during its ownership of the site, has not imported any fill material and obviously did not use, store, etc. thorium at the site. There has been no suggestion, nor is there any evidence, that the CPD caused any thorium contamination at the Park site. The facts show that any thorium contamination now or formerly located at the Park site, existed prior to the CPD's acceptance of the Park site and its existence at that time was wholly unknown to the CPD, despite its exercise of appropriate preconveyance due diligence.

The CPD Conducted Appropriate Pre- Conveyance Inquiry into the Environmental Condition of DuSable Park

During negotiations with Chicago Dock in the mid-1980's for the conveyance of DuSable Park, it was then, as it is now, the practice of the CPD to "look a gift horse in the mouth". Although a written record of the

"Environmental Site Review" ("ESR"), which included subsurface sampling, conducted in May 1988, 7 months before the CPD acquired the Park site, has not been found, it is repeatedly referred to in a later report, the 1989 ERR mentioned above. The pre-acquisition 1988 ESR is incorporated by reference into the analysis presented in the 1989 ERR. In fact, the 1989 ERR states that its scope "was developed in response to the environmental audit specifications stipulated by the Chicago Park District in a letter to Chicago Dock and Canal Trust dated, December 23, 1988." (See Attachment 2, p.3), and further states that it was a continuation of earlier project phases, in evident reference to the May 1988 ESR. References to the 1988 ESR can be found in the later 1989 ERR, among other places, on pages 4, 7, 11 and 22. Reported sampling or other results from the May 1988 ESR can be found in Appendices 2, 5 and 12 of the 1989 ERR. Although "Phase II" work was done in May 1988, the scope of work reasonably did include screening for thorium, as appropriate inquiry did not reveal this as a constituent of concern. Indeed, EPA states in the draft Removal Order that the thorium contamination at the Park site was Moreover, the CPD's first notice that first discovered in 2000. Streeterville thorium issues may have affected DuSable Park was by way of EPA's letter to the CPD on November 27, 2000 (See attachment 3). The CPD has since that time fully cooperated with EPA and has at all time taken reasonable steps to prevent the release or threat of release of thorium to the environment.

<u>The CPD Has Taken Reasonable Steps to Prevent the Release or</u> Threatened Release of Hazardous Substances

Since the time of EPA's November 27, 2000 letter to the CPD, notifying it of the potential for thorium impacts in the area and requesting access to, and information about, the Park site, the CPD has met with and corresponded with EPA on numerous occasions about the Park site, its potential design, etc. The CPD has at all times since first notice, followed

EPA's guidance that any disturbance of Park site soils be screened for radiological activity. Without going thru a complete chronological recitation of the facts, the CPD has granted access to the Park site to both EPA, which has conducted sampling, and to Kerr-McGee (now Tronox by succession), which conducted both surface radiological screening of a large portion of the site, including the "mounds", as well as down-hole gamma surveying. The CPD has retained, at no small cost, both an environmental consultant (LFR) and environmental counsel (Reed Smith) to assist it in these matters. Pending a final design for the Park site, which as you know is complicated by the differing views on that subject of various constituencies, EPA's consistent position has been that with respect to the disturbance of "mounds" or any other site soils, that they be screened for radiological activity (in 18" lifts).

The CPD disputes EPA's contention in its January 17, 2008 cover letter addressed to the CPD and to Shelbourne that "EPA] repeatedly urged you to remove the mounds....". While the CPD can not speak to any such suggestion made to Shelbourne, no such "urging" was ever directed to the CPD. Rather, discussion of the mounds has always been in the context of whether and how they might be integrated into the Park's final design, appropriate "capping", and the like. Until such use was understood, EPA insisted on radiological screening of the mounds if disturbed, which the CPD has done. The CPD has required its site permittee, Shelbourne Development, to similarly follow such protocols and you heard during the recent meeting about the extensive screening Shelbourne has conducted as well. The CPD, has, therefore taken all steps reasonably necessary, and indeed, as specifically requested by EPA, to avoid the release or threat of release of thorium to the environment from the Park site.

As a unit of government affording the citizens of Chicago recreational opportunities, the CPD is highly attuned to environmental considerations. As stated, in accepting transfers of real property, even potential jewels like the DuSable Park parcel, the CPD nonetheless requires appropriate due diligence in order to assure, among other things, that the taxpayers of Chicago are not saddled with environmental cleanup costs. In this instance the potential contamination of the Park site with thorium was not on anyone's "radar screen" at the time of acquisition in 1988, and did not become so, as EPA concedes, until 2000. The CPD neither caused nor exacerbated the environmental issue sought to be addressed by the Removal Order and has taken reasonable steps to avoid any release of hazardous substances at the Park site (indeed most of the impacted soils that have been discovered to date have been removed by Kerr-McGee/Tronox). For all of these reasons the CPD qualifies as an innocent landowner within the meaning of CERCLA and should not be named in the contemplated Removal Order. We are, of course, available to discuss any of these matters at your convenience.

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Mària G. Garcia/ General Counsel

Very truly yours,

Cc: Richard Karl, Director, Superfund Division Mary Fulghum, Associate Regional Counsel

.Attachments

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November 9, 2001

BY FEDERAL EXPRESS

Joan Fencik General Counsel Chicago Park District 541 N. Fairbanks Court Chicago, IL 60611

Re: <u>DuSable Park</u>

Dear Joan:

Enclosed as we have discussed are copies of Park, taken in waren or 1705 and April alanguage respectively. They were developed from a digitized form of maps acquired from Chicago Aerial Photo Service, phone 630-520-0292.

tall jung maratakan sa dinanggan kanan kassakatan shop shared will of material on three sides of a good marries were during the three year period between these two photographs. One can see the shadow from the southern and eastern portions of the pile as the dark areas. The northern face of the pile is in direct sunlight and does not create a shadow. The pile tapers away from the road to the north, east and south. No similar allow the manufacture in the 1989 eventu.

Please call me if you have any questions about these materials.

Sincerely,

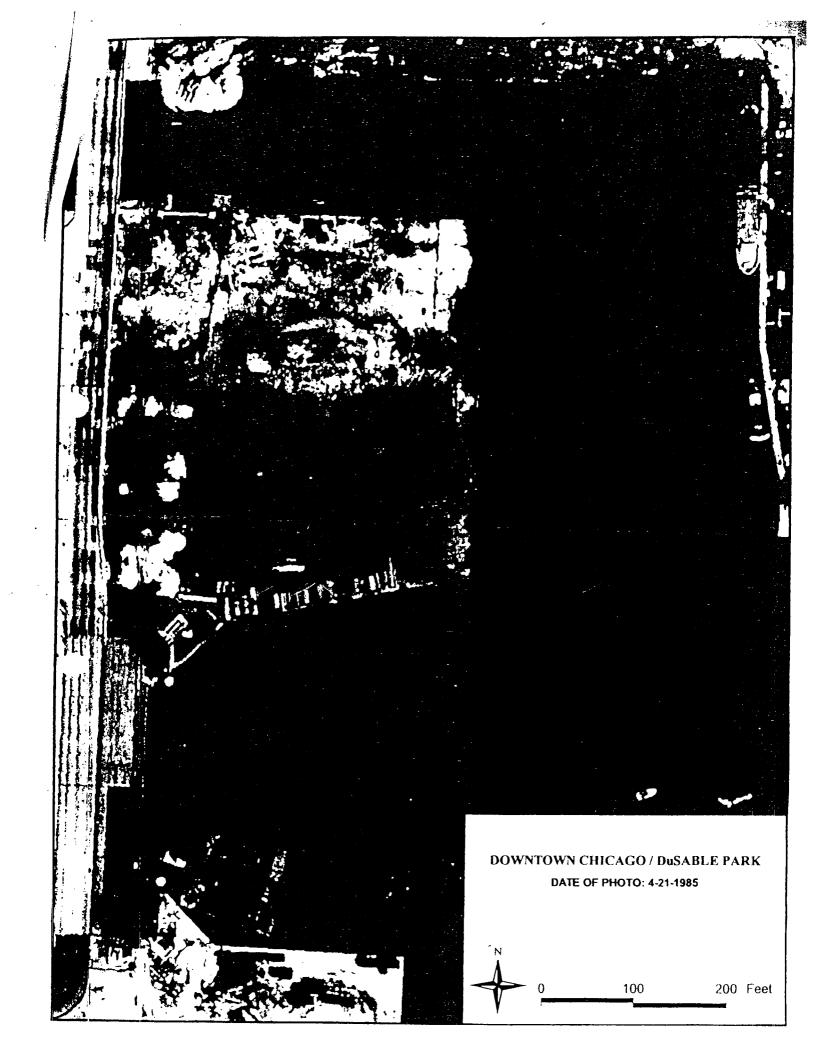
John T. Smith II

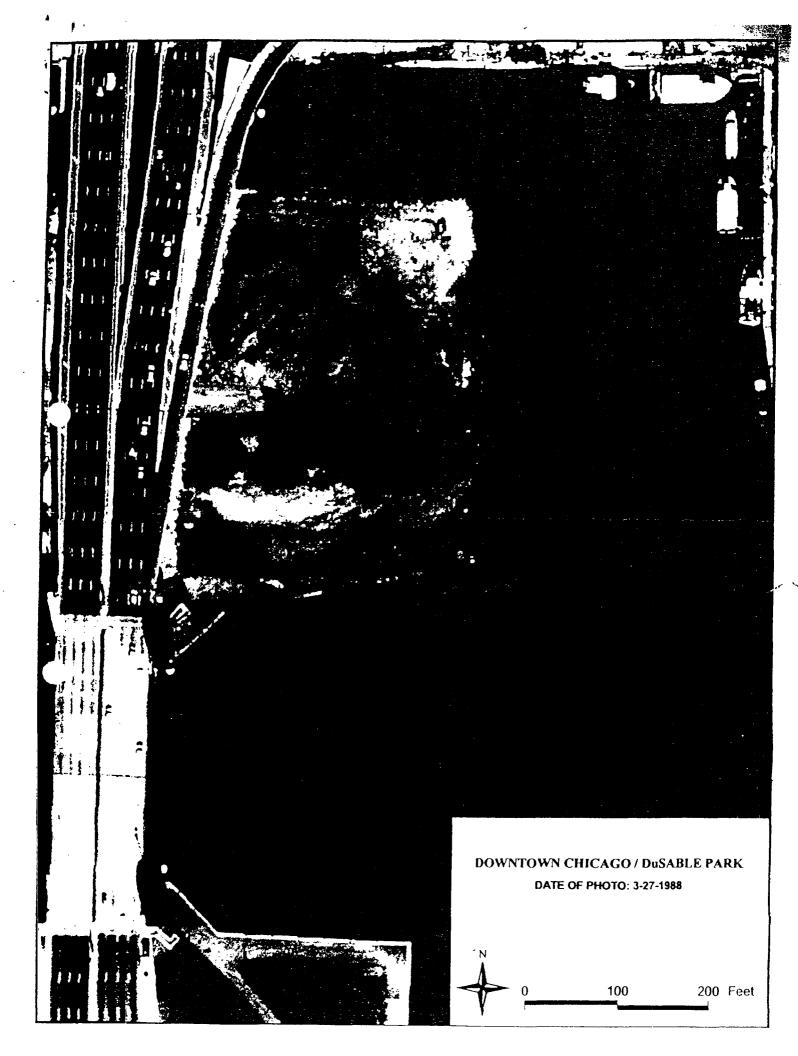
Enclosures

cc:

Mary Fulghum

Vince Oleszkiewicz







Environmental Reconnaissance

E. North Water Street and Lake Shore Drive Chicago, Illinois

Chicago Dock and Canal Trust

REPORT

March 30, 1989

Mr. Tom Walker Chicago Dock and Canal Trust 401 N. Michigan Ave. Chicago, 1L 60601

RE: Environmental Reconnaissance of the Chicago Park District Dedication Property, E. North Water Street and Lake Shore Drive, Chicago, Illinois -- STS Project No. 25400-XH

Dear Mr. Walker:

STS Consultants, Ltd. has completed the environmental reconnaissance of the Chicago Park District Dedication properties near the Chicago River. The reconnaissance consisted of sequential project tasks which included a site history and background review, subsurface exploration and chemical analyses of selected site soils and Chicago River sediment. A discussion of the exploration methods, the results, interpretations and recommendations are presented in this report.

STS has appreciated the opportunity to work with The Chicago Dock and Canal Trust on this project. If you have any questions regarding the information contained in this report, please feel free to contact us.

Sincerely,

STS CONSULTANTS, LTD.

David L. Grumman, Jr. Project Geologist

Richard G. Berggreen Principal Geologist

DLG/ccb

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STS Consultants Ltd. Consulting Engineers

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Project

ENVIRONMENTAL RECONNAISSANCE OF THE CHICAGO PARK DISTRICT DEDICATION PROPERTY, E. NORTH WATER STREET AND LAKE SHORE DRIVE, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

Client

CHICAGO DOCK AND CANAL TRUST 401 N. MICHIGAN AVE. CHICAGO, IL 60601

Project # 25400-XH

Date MARCH 30, 1989



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APPENDIX

ENVIRONMENTAL RECONNAISSANCE CHICAGO PARK DISTRICT DEDICATIONS E. NORTH WATER STREET AND LAKE SHORE DRIVE CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

PROJECT OVERVIEW

STS Consultants, Ltd. has completed the environmental reconnaissance at the proposed Chicago Park District Dedication property. The property consists of two areas, the first being approximately 700 feet of Chicago River frontage (north bank) just west of Lake Shore Drive, and the second being the area east of Lake Shore Drive at E. North Water Street, also known as DuSable Park. The area along the Chicago River is to be developed into a pedestrian esplanade consisting largely of paved areas interspersed with landscaping. DuSable Park will have a paved walkway along its perimeter and will be landscaped with grass and trees.

The parcels have a long and varied history of development and use. The site emerged from Lake Michigan during the mid-19th century as a result of shoreline sedimentation after the creation of the Chicago River extension into the lake. Since the turn of the century the site thrived as a center for commerce and manufacturing until the last few decades when the site returned to mostly vacant parcels. While there exist only a few physical remnants of past usage on site, existing environmental conditions may be affected by previous site usage.

An environmental reconnaissance is the first step to examine and evaluate site conditions to identify possible environmental degradation or impairment. Environmental problems typically involve potential, actual and or alleged hazardous chemical contamination above or below ground at the site being studied. In

accordance with the proposed scope of work, the emphasis of the work performed has been to attempt to identify past and present site conditions having the potential for contributing to environmental degradation of the site.

The results of the historical background review did not identify any known incidents of environmental impairment. Based on the findings of environmental exploration at other urban properties, which have had similar histories as the Chicago Park District Dedication property, it can be anticipated that some minor evidence of impacts on environmental quality will be found. Soil borings and analytical testing of the near surface soils and Chicago River sediments observed materials, such as cinders, coal, treated wood, and miscellaneous fills, which could be sources of trace levels of contamination at the site. The results of analytical testing for over 100 regulated pollutants identified several pollutant compounds on site, although none at levels which would categorize materials on site as hazardous waste. The trace concentration of these pollutants evident on site and the knowledge that such pollutants are commonly observed in downtown Chicago fill materials suggest that it is unlikely that the site will require any substantial remediation. Given the intended usage of the study property, several precautionary remedial measures are recommended, including the removal and proper disposal of construction related excavation spoils, and the application of a suitable ground cover. Proper disposal may require disposal in a permitted landfill. A suitable ground cover may involve placement of an adequate thickness of soil to minimize potential contact with these old fill soils.

This report presents the results of our findings and observations. Based on the data gathered, an opinion regarding actual or potential environmental degradation of the study parcels along with our recommendations for further exploration and remediation are presented in this report.

Scope of Work

The scope of work for these explorations consisted of a focused project approach whereby each successive project phase was based in part on the findings of the preceding phase(s). The property covered by this survey included nearly 700 feet of the north bank of Chicago River frontage just west of Lake Shore Drive, the property east of Lake Shore Drive at E. North Water Street, also known as DuSable Park, and a portion of the Chicago River bordering DuSable Park on the east and north. Specific project tasks included performing a site historical and background review, subsurface drilling, soil classification, and analytical testing of selected soil, fill and river sediment samples. The site background review and walkover observations were used to select boring locations. Analytical tests, encompassing a nearly complete priority pollutant panel and asbestos, were performed on 16 soil, fill and sediment samples to provide a general characterization of soil and sediment chemistry.

The scope of work for the environmental reconnaissance of the Chicago Park Dedication property consisted of a series of tasks designed to broadly characterize environmental conditions. The scope of work was developed in response to the environmental audit specifications stipulated by the Chicago Park District in a letter to the Chicago Dock and Canal Trust dated December 23, 1988. Specifically, the project tasks included:

- Site information and historical review, focusing on past site usages and their associated environmental concerns using available informational resources.
- Site walkover to observe present site conditions and possible sources of environmental impairment.

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- A subsurface exploration wherein at least one boring per parcel was performed to collect soil samples and observe subsurface conditions.
- Analytical testing of selected near surface soil samples to quantify the presence of over 100 different organic, inorganic, volatile, and semi-volatile pollutants and asbestos.

Additionally, information gathered from an earlier environmental reconnaissance (ER) of the subject property was also reviewed and incorporated in this analysis. Among the previous ER tasks were a site history review, site walkover, drilling and sampling, analytical testing of soil and a geophysical (electromagnetic) survey of DuSable Park.

The purpose of this report is to describe the data reviewed, exploration and testing procedures utilized, test results, and a summary of the observed existing site conditions with regard to current environmental considerations and standards.

This report also presents recommendations for further exploration which were developed in consideration of several factors including the intended development and usage of the site, the environmental context of the site's urban location, and the findings of this study and previous environmental site work in the site vicinity. Recommendations for special material handling and remediation consideration during construction and development are also included.

EXPLORATION PROCEDURES

Introduction

An environmental reconnaissance was performed on two areas: 1) an approximately 700-foot long by 50 to 75-foot wide frontage on the north bank of the Chicago River just west of Lake Shore Drive, and 2) an approximately 475-foot by 450-foot parcel, DuSable Park, east of Lake Shore Drive at E. North Water Street which includes bordering sections of the Chicago Canal and Basin. While the study parcels were once densely occupied by raw material and freight storage facilities, all of these enterprises no longer operate on site; all structures have been razed, leaving the parcels vacant. Currently, DuSable Park is covered with acceptable fill materials for future construction, while the Chicago River frontage is open and undeveloped.

Site History and Background Review

The site history and background review for this environmental reconnaissance is based on available information. This research included a review of the following reference categories:

- United States Geological Survey maps
- Areal and historical photographs of the site
- Fire insurance maps
- Records of site occupancy provided by the Chicago Dock and Canal Trust

- Chicago history and land use documentation
- Regulatory agency records

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Previous subsurface explorations on site by STS

A chronological list of specific references reviewed is included at the end of this report.

The review of these materials in conjunction with the site observations provided a useful but fragmented history of the study parcels. Through consulting several informational sources, general vicinity site usage was determined such that possible sources of potential environmental contamination could be assessed. Several other unpublished maps and public record informational material sources regarding Chicago history in STS's files were also reviewed. IEPA file information was consulted to review information regarding the environmental conditions on and off site. The Illinois State Fire Marshal's Office was notified to determine whether any underground storage tanks (UST) were registered at this property.

Because of the site and vicinity's history of varied commercial usage, a review of all the potential informational resources was not performed. Such resources were not exhaustively researched for three reasons: 1) it appears that site usage did not change significantly over the last century; 2) site usage apparently did not tend to involve the handling and disposal of large quantities of hazardous chemicals; and 3) virtually all of the informational resources consulted tended to corroborate one another.

Site Walkover

A walk-through reconnaissance of the site was conducted to visually observe environmental conditions on site and select appropriate boring locations. Observations were made of site conditions to identify environmental considerations which could potentially impact the intended usage of the Chicago Park District Dedications. Among the objectives of the walkover was to search for evidence of environmental impairment, if present, such as chemical spillage, unusual fill materials, buried wastes, stressed vegetation, monitoring wells and indications of underground storage tanks. Observations of the site were hampered in part because of snow cover across portions of the site. Site observations from a May, 1988 site reconnaissance were reviewed for evidence of changed site conditions.

Electromagnetometry

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Electromagnetic (EM) terrain conductivity data was collected over the DuSable Park study area for a geophysical survey conducted during a previous site reconnaissance in May, 1988. The Chicago River frontage was not thoroughly scanned using EM because of excessive electrical interference from the sheet piling and their associated tie-backs.

The EM technique uses an induced electromagnetic field to measure the conductivity response of the subsurface. A transmitter and receiver coil attached to a central meter allow the EM device to effectively measure changes in ground conductivity to depths of approximately 18 feet. The conductivity meter reading essentially provides a composite, integrated measurement of subsurface conductivities down to a given sensing depth.

The principle upon which EM data interpretation is based is that different materials may exhibit differing, characteristic electrical conductivities; fill and waste material conductivities may differ uniquely from natural soils. Metal objects exhibit a strong conductivity response. However, a conductivity high may not be exclusively characteristic of a buried metal object, but rather an indication that some unknown highly conductive materials, may be present below the ground surface.

Considerable ambiguity in interpretation may also occur due to nearby sources of electrical interference. Several potential and known sources of interference on site include: metal debris, conductive waste and reinforced concrete floor slabs and fill materials, sheet piling, fence lines and buildings. The effects of some of these materials can be noted during the survey, while the effects of buried materials can only be predicted if their locations are known or revealed through subsequent explorations.

Survey data was recorded using a fixed 25-foot by 25-foot grid pattern across DuSable Park. The data was later electronically transferred to a VAX computer. The EM data was contoured using a commercially available contouring program. Contour diagrams are generated on the computer by interpolating between the actual survey data points. The resultant iso-conductivity lines are interpolated estimates of subsurface conductivity and do not imply that data was collected at points other than the original field survey positions.

Subsurface Exploration and Sample Collection

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The purpose of the subsurface exploration program was to observe location specific soil conditions and analyze selected samples for specific pollutants. The subsurface exploration program for this project consisted of:

- four "deep" borings, each to a depth of 15 feet below grade, conducted February 16 and 17, 1989
- six "shallow" borings, each to a 6-foot depth, conducted February 16 and 17, 1989
- two surface grab samples from between 0 and 2-foot depth, conducted February 16 and 17, 1989
- two Chicago River, Canal and Basin borings each to a depth of 10 feet below river bottom, conducted March 11, 1989
- four surface grab samples for asbestos, collected February 20, 1989.

The boring locations were selected based on the historical background review and site walkover observations, and for the DuSable Park parcel, an interpretation of the EM results. The soil boring locations are identified in Figure 1 in Appendix 1 of this report. The locations of the boring were proposed by STS, and after consultation with the Chicago Dock and Canal Trust, were staked in the field by a representative of STS. The boring logs, which contain descriptions of the materials, ground water levels and environmental conditions observed at each boring location, are also included in Appendix 5 of this report. Ground surface elevations were not established during field work.

Additionally, two ground water monitoring wells were installed in "deep" borings B-1 and B-8, on DuSable Park and the river frontage respectively. The wells were constructed of a 5-foot long, 2-inch diameter PVC well screen installed below the

water table observed while drilling. Monitoring well construction diagrams are included in Appendix 6 of this report. The wells were developed through bailing and water samples were collected on February 20, 1989.

The soil borings were performed with a truck-mounted auger drilling rig. The borings were advanced with the use of continuous flight solid stem augers. Representative soil samples were obtained in the borings utilizing the split-barrel sampling procedures and were performed in accordance with ASTM Specifications D-1586. Copies of the ASTM Specifications are enclosed at the back of this report. Soil samples in the deep borings were obtained at 2.5-foot intervals to a depth of 15 feet. In the shallow borings, one soil sample was collected between 5 and 7 feet and auger cuttings were observed for indications of contamination. The soil sampling device was cleaned between soil samples and the augers were cleaned between borings to minimize the potential for cross contamination. All boreholes, except B-1 and B-8 in which wells were subsequently installed, were grouted upon their completion. All samples were returned to the STS Northbrook office for further analysis and testing.

Analytic Testing Program

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Boring, river sediment and surface soil samples were collected and sent to a subcontract laboratory retained by STS. In accordance with the chemical testing specifications, each sample was tested for:

- EP Toxicity Metals (8 RCRA)
- Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC)

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Base/Neutral Extractable Compounds, including polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons
 (PNA)

Acid Extractable Compounds, including semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOC)

- Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB)

- Pesticides

Cyanide

- Inorganic non-pollutant parameters including: chloride, sulfate, pH, total calcium, phosphorous, potassium, Kjeldahl nitrogen, and total solids.

Additionally, four surface soil samples were tested for asbestos. Because one of the four samples subsequently tested positive for asbestos, an additional six soil samples were collected in proximity to the original asbestos positive sample from the southern fill pile on DuSable Park.

The samples were also screened at STS's Northbrook, Illinois laboratory for volatile organic vapors using an HNu Model PI-101 photoionization detector. The HNu detector is capable of detecting VOCs having volatilization energies less than 10.2 eV. This type of device is sensitive to contaminants such as solvents and fuel vapors, but cannot diagnostically identify specific compounds.

Analytical testing results from the earlier, May, 1988 site reconnaissance on DuSable Park were also reviewed and included in this report.

HISTORICAL AND BACKGROUND REVIEW

The present day Chicago Park District Dedication parcels were once a part of Lake Michigan until initial Chicago Harbor development extended two piers out into the lake during the 1830's. Pier construction, channel dredging and redredging proceeded off and on during the mid-1800's in response to the persistent deposition of sand bars in and around the harbor and the need to keep the harbor open for commerce. A consequence of the pier construction was that natural Lake Michigan sedimentation processes filled the site area with sand; as the beach sand and possibly harbor dredging spoils accumulated, the site slowly emerged as land. With the installation of wood piles and other necessary dock fixtures, the site began its rapid growth as a commercial shipping center. Sometime after 1860, rail lines were extended onto the site, and the Michigan Canal (Ogden Slip) was constructed.

Early site photography from 1880 (circa) and historical maps from the 1880's show the site as a major freight transfer hub for the City of Chicago. DuSable Park was an active lumber and coal yard. Small wood buildings were scattered over the site, a light house was located near the present day Lake Shore Drive west bridge abutment, and rail lines extended along E. North Water Street to the end of DuSable Park. Larger warehouse buildings with riverside docks were located along the western third of the river frontage study area.

The Sanborn, Rascher, Robinson and Greeley Carlson Fire Insurance maps from 1886 through 1905 and The Chicago Dock and Canal Trust tenant records similarly illustrate site usage as mainly for raw material and general freight storage and transfer; companies operating the site areas are identified as coal, fuel (assumed to mean coal) and general freight warehouses. DuSable Park does not appear to have

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had any major structures on site until sometime during the late 1920's. It appears to have been used mainly for coal storage until paper recycling operations were established on DuSable Park between 1930 and 1950.

Between 1891 and 1905, manufacturing facilities on parcels adjacent to the the study site included a coated paper plant, and a marble cutting house. Other nearby tenants included several syrup and candy factories.

Site tenant records from the 1920's show the southern half of DuSable Park occupied by a coal company while the northern half was part of a paper recycling mill. A building associated with the paper recycling facility may have been located near the northwest corner of present day DuSable Park based on the 1949 Sanborn maps and aerial photography. The paper recycling mill later became part of the Container Corporation of America's plant, which occupied a large area along Ogden Slip to the west and north of the project site. In the 1920's, the eastern half of the Chicago River frontage was vacant, and later used for coal storage during the 1930's. The western half of the river frontage was still occupied by several docks and warehouses, which later became the Chicago Tribune's dock and warehouse.

The 1949 Sanborn maps indicate a similar composition of businesses on site, including freight houses, and the Tribune Company warehouse. By that time, the entire project site was operated by the Container Corporation. The storage of raw materials, such as coal, sand and gravel were still concentrated on the eastern half of the river frontage and DuSable Park.

Land use atlases and chronological topographic map information from the 1940's through the 1970's appear to corroborate the inferred usage of the project site as a freight and raw material storage area with paper recycling mills on adjacent

parcels and a portion of DuSable Park. Aerial photography of DuSable Park from the 1970's appears to show exposed building foundations of concrete fill piles along the north half, possibly the remains of the paper recycling facility.

The last two decades have witnessed the closure and demolition of the only significant structure on the study site, the Tribune Dock and Warehouse along the Chicago River frontage in 1983. Both study parcels have probably been used intermittently for parking as well. Until recently, the City of Chicago utilized the property directly north of the Chicago River frontage parcel for municipal road salt storage. Road salt is sometimes found to contain trace contaminants such as arsenic and cyanide particularly if treated with anti-caking compounds. Down-gradient soil samples were tested for these compounds. While chloride is not considered a hazardous waste, high chloride levels may be phytotoxic to landscaped plantings and corrosive to steel and concrete structures.

Contamination on site, if present, would be expected to originate or be concentrated in the fill on site. However, the presence of significant contamination appears unlikely given the history and observed composition of the fill on site. The filling of the site up to its present grade was apparently the result of several episodes of material accumulation beginning with the natural deposition of sand bars and beach sand. Chicago Harbor and channel dredging spoils were possibly placed on site and graded; the dredged material probably consisted of clean lake sand. With the increased usage of the site for commerce, cinders, coal, wood, and rubble from on-site building demolition probably augmented the surface grade. It has been reported that charred debris from the Chicago Fire was also deposited on site. From the 1890's through the 1960's, additions to the fill on site came mainly through the demolition of buildings on site; structures were razed and regraded either into their former basements or above their foundations. The most recent addition to the fill on site occurred during 1986 and 1987 when

acceptable building demolition rubble, sand and gravel were placed on DuSable Park for future construction work on the park. Only acceptably clean fill material, which was screened by STS, was placed on DuSable Park; the fill material consisted of residual demolition fill from adjacent Chicago Dock and Canal Trust properties and excavation fill from other nearby downtown Chicago construction projects. Based on our explorations on the Chicago Park District Dedications and on surrounding properties, the observed fill materials appear to consist mainly of sand, gravel and building demolition waste with no indications of potentially hazardous waste materials such as sludges or buried chemicals.

Although no evidence of significant environmental degradation of the property was noted during the environmental reconnaissance and site sampling, the prolonged use of the site for industrial and commercial shipping. It can be expected that some hazardous chemicals were used, stored and transported on the study properties. It is likely that past tenants used solvents, petroleum products and other organic hydrocarbon products in their operations. It is possible that some wastes were disposed on site, in floor drains and/or in the sanitary sewer system, although available data show receividence of such practices. Large volumes of hazardous chemicals were probably not used because of the nature of the dominant industries on adjacent parcels. Based on the historical review, there did not appear to be any significant hazardous chemical storage, transfer or disposal areas on site, such as lagoons, chemical tanks or waste piles. It must be emphasized that based on the available information from this reconnaissance, there was no documentation indicating that hazardous chemicals were used on site.

The railroad lines, coal burning furnaces and coal storage usage accounts for the abundance of coal and waste cinders observed in the fill material on site. Coal combustion products may contain contaminants such as VOCs and PNAs. Since it appears that much of the surface fill on site near the Chicago River is comprised

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of rubble derived from the buildings which once stood here, it is possible that some asbestos may be present in the fill, although no asbestos was visually observed during the walkover reconnaissance.

Figure 3 in Appendix 3 of this report illustrates the locations of all registered hazardous waste facilities in the 60611 Postal Zip Code area. The computer listings for these sites for 1988 and 1989 are also included in Appendix 4. Review of USEPA CERCLA/Superfund sites, TSDS (Treatment, Storage, Disposal Sites) and RCRA Generator facilities lists for 1988 and 1989 did not identify the subject property as having any adverse environmental history. Mr. Richard Finley, district officer for the IEPA, stated that he had no knowledge of any past or current environmental allegations or investigations of environmental conditions in the vicinity of the Chicago Park District dedications.

Review of the IEPA RCRA Generators list did not identify the site as having a history of hazardous chemical usage, although the RCRA listing requirements are a relatively recent regulatory hazardous chemical tracking measure. The closest current RCRA listing is the Revere Sugar Corporation plant at 330 E. North Water Street, several hundred feet northwest of the river frontage. The Revere Sugar plant no longer exists on site, and its RCRA listing may be obsolete. Several other nearby, but more distant off-site, properties were identified as RCRA generators. RCRA generators are licensed operations which use, store or generate hazardous and/or toxic materials. RCRA generators include many manufacturing and industrial companies, car dealerships, schools, dry cleaners, and even some bridges over the Chicago River.

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The closest CERCLA site (Superfund) is a Commonwealth Edison sub-station near Division and Halsted streets. The project site is not listed on the 1988 proposed or final National Priority List of Superfund sites, determined by the USEPA. There is only one TSDS Site listed in the 60611 Postal Zip Code Area, several blocks to the northwest.

Prior use of underground storage tanks (UST) around and possibly on site is considered possible, to store large volumes of fuels, gasoline or other industrial liquids. It is not known whether any of the businesses surrounding the project site had any UST on the survey parcels and/or whether, if present, the UST were eventually abandoned or removed. No indications of UST, such as fuel pumps, vent or fill pipes, or oil stained soils, were observed during the reconnaissance. The Office of the State Fire Marshal was contacted to determine whether any underground storage tanks were registered along any of the street addresses within the site boundaries. The Office of the State Fire Marshal indicated they they did not currently have any record of underground storage tanks registered at either of the study parcels.

On-Site Walkover Reconnaissance

A site walkover was conducted to observe existing site conditions. Selected photographs of the project site are included in the appendix to this report. The site did not have any structures besides Lake Shore Drive, which bisects the site, and a few remnants of the actual Tribune Company Dock. Excavation work on site during March, 1988 exposed what appeared to be the floor slab of the Tribune Warehouse and Dock on the western half of the river frontage. A few of the old dock mooring posts are present along the frontage.

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There was only sparse vegetation, mainly concentrated along the margins on the two project study parcels; the vegetation included occasional swaths of grass and bushes, and trees on DuSable Park. Because of the winter conditions during the site walkover, observations regarding stressed vegetation could not be made. Much of the exposed ground surface appeared to be a heterogeneous fill comprised of soil, sand, gravel, cinders, asphalt grindings, brick fragments, crushed limestone, wood, and organic material. Miscellaneous windblown rubbish and bottles were scattered throughout the site at the time of the site walkover.

DuSable Park was covered by sand, gravel and fill materials, which were placed during 1986 as a precursor to proposed development on site. The fill was observed to be a heterogeneous assemblage of sand, gravel, clay, brick fragments, cinders, coal, wood, concrete, and asphalt. These fill materials are apparently recent products of demolition and excavation, although they may contain remnants of historical fill debris. Cinders, coal and large timbers were observed on the surface along the southern margin of DuSable Park. The Chicago River frontage parcel had small piles of miscellaneous rubble fill, concrete and steel construction debris along its margin. The upper fill over the western half of the river frontage included asphalt grinding waste; the asphalt grindings were placed there by the City of Chicago after the recent removal of salt-contaminated fill from the shallow subsurface of the parcel immediately north of the frontage.

Adjacent parcels were vacant, while the more distant project area is comprised by residential and office high rise buildings, night clubs, street level businesses, and parking lots and garages. No documentation of the environmental conditions on these properties was available during this reconnaissance.

There were no areas on site where hazardous waste dumping or the effects of contamination were noted visually. No fill or vent pipes, indicative of underground storage tanks were observed. However, such structures, if present, may have been positioned below a protective concrete pad, existing building foundations or are now obscured by fill. No indications of underground storage tanks were observed at the DuSable Park EM anomaly locations at the time of the drilling operations.

EXPLORATION RESULTS

Electromagnetic Survey

The results of the electromagnetic (EM) terrain conductivity survey across DuSable Park are presented in Figure 2 in Appendix 2 of this report. The figure illustrates EM conductivity contours superimposed on a site map. In general, the range of conductivity values [from 40 to 200 millimhos per meter (mmhos/m)], is high compared to terrain conductivity values commonly observed for natural soils; the observed conductivities, however, are not uncommon for rubble fill in an urban area. Natural soils typically exhibit a range of conductivities between approximately 5 and 40 mmhos/m.

Several high conductivity zones on DuSable Park probably indicate the presence of buried metal objects. An interpretation of the EM results cannot distinguish between different buried metal objects. However, the size and shape of an anomaly can be partially diagnostic. The large conductivity high zones may be attributable to buried steel-reinforced concrete building foundations, more conductive rubble fills, or other buried metallic debris. A few of the smaller conductivity anomalies may be caused by above ground or near surface steel debris or even utility conduits. It is possible that some of the EM anomalies are caused by underground storage tanks. However, this possibility seems unlikely given known site usage. Further exploration or additional site historical information would be required to assess this possibility.

70 ppm may indicate potential volatile organic compounds in the soil (VOCs). Sample S-3 was retained for chemical analysis, including testing for VOCs. The results of that analysis are discussed in the following section of this report. No other boring samples had HNu detections above the detection limit.

Water table levels while drilling were noted between 7 and 10 feet below ground surface. The lower sand stratum tended to be wet to saturated. Water levels measured in the monitoring wells are noted on the well installation diagrams in Appendix 6 of this report. Chicago River water table levels in this area are known to fluctuate 1 to 5 feet on a daily, seasonal and long term basis. The fluctuating water levels and the high porosity of the sands and overlying fills may aid in flushing soluble and leachable contaminants out of the subsurface and probably toward the Chicago River and harbor or promote infiltration of local sewers.

Analytical Testing Results

The analytical testing results for the 16 samples, presented in Appendix 12 of this report, did not detect pollution levels which would be classified hazardous according to regulatory agency criteria and standards. The May, 1988 testing results are also included in Appendix 12.

Consistent trace level detections occurred in the analyses for VOCs and PNAs. VOCs, including benzene, toluene, and ethylbenzene (BTE) and other compounds, were observed at trace levels in most of the soil and sediment samples tested. The BTE concentrations ranged between a high of 0.22 ppm (for benzene in B-3) to non-detectable levels. Most BTE detections were in the trace 0.10 ppm to 0.01 ppm range. BTE are constituents of fuel oils and gasoline and are not uncommon at low part per billion concentrations in urban areas. Among the other trace VOC detections are several common solvents and degreasers, such as 1.1,1

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trichloroethylene, 1.2 dichloroethane, and tetrachloroethylene, observed at levels from 0.30 ppm to undetectable. The methylene chloride detections were not considered significant as methylene chloride is often erroneously detected because of its wide use in laboratory procedures.

Several base/neutral compounds, a majority of which were PNAs, were similarly consistently detected in most of the samples tested. Most of the detections were in the low part per million (ppm) range (0 to 10 ppm), and one boring sample, B-3, identified a base/neutral compound as high as 35 ppm. It is common to observe low levels of base/neutral compounds, particularly PNAs, in urban fill areas, especially in areas where cinders and coal were stored and/or disposed. Other sources of PNA contamination in urban setting include heating oil and diesel fuel contamination. No detectable VOCs or PNAs were observed in the two groundwater samples, MW-1 or MW-2.

None of the levels of VOC and PNA detections would categorize the samples tested as hazardous waste. There is, however, some limited potential that these contaminant levels would qualify the fill as a "special waste", a separate classification applied by the IEPA. A more complete discussion of the implications of these findings is included in the analysis section of this report and in Appendix 14.

No PCBs, pesticides or cyanide were observed above laboratory detection levels. EP toxicity levels of barium were identified above laboratory detection levels for most of the samples tested. A few other metals, including lead and mercury, were detected slightly above the LDL in a few of the samples tested. All metal concentrations were one to three orders of magnitude below USEPA RCRA guidelines for hazardous waste classification, which are listed alongside the metal analytical testing results. Low levels of metals were also observed in the earlier

environmental reconnaissance testing on Point Park. The low levels of the metals and their even distribution suggest the measured levels represent background levels in the fill materials throughout the Chicago Park District Dedication property.

Moderate chloride and sulfate levels were observed in several of the samples tested. However, these compounds in soils are not currently significant to regulatory agencies, except for drinking water quality assessments. The pH of the samples tested showed a tendency towards alkaline conditions, but at levels well below regulatory levels.

The sensitivity of the analytical test results is measured by the laboratory's ability to detect specified hazardous substances at or above a detectable concentration. This laboratory detection limit represents a chemical concentration that the laboratory can identify with a reliable degree of accuracy. Substances identified as present but below their specific detection levels are not reported since the analytic accuracy cannot be assured. Most detection limits are far below contaminant concentrations deemed significant for regulatory actions.

Asbestos Testing

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Four surface grab samples were bulk tested for the presence of asbestos using polarized light microscopy. Only sample A-3, from the southern half of the DuSable Park fill pile, detected asbestos at a level of 2% of the sample. Retesting of this sample confirmed this result. Based on this finding, an asbestos consultant was retained to collect six additional grab samples from DuSable Park in the vicinity of A-3 and test them for asbestos. The results of supplemental testing did not detect any asbestos in the six samples tested. It appears that the asbestos detection in sample A-3 was isolated and is not typical of the materials in the fill pile. The results of the initial and supplemental asbestos testing are included in Appendices 15 and 16.

ANALYSIS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The results of the environmental reconnaissance on the Chicago Park District Dedication parcels did not document or visually observe significant environmental degradation on site. While trace levels of several organic pollutants were detected in the fill materials and river sediments tested, the presence of these compounds should not significantly impact future development or proposed use of the site. Several potential historical sources of chemical impairment of the subsurface were noted.

The phased exploration approach utilized for the site reconnaissance consisted of successive study steps exploring and analyzing suspected areas and potential compounds which may have resulted in environmental degradation. In general, for the samples analyzed from the property, trace or non-detectable levels of contamination were measured. While the levels of contaminants detected should not present an exposure hazard, several precautionary, remedial measures are recommended given the intended public usage of the site. Current Esplanade and DuSable Park plans should be reviewed to document that the potentially impacted fill materials are sufficiently covered to adequately isolate the existing soil conditions from future public exposure. Additionally, the excavation spoil from any construction activities should be managed as appropriate, considering the potential for environmental impairment,

A comprehensive review of available information did not identify any incidents of actual or alleged contamination on site. The results of the background search and exploration results did identify several potential sources of environmental contamination. It should be remembered that the potential sources of environmental degradation, such as the presence of underground storage tanks and hazardous waste

storage on site, are speculative as they were based on a review of available site information and observations of present conditions; no known subsurface explorations, including those completed for this project, have documented these threats.

Among the potential sources of contamination on site are: the cinder fill material, improper handling and disposal of hazardous chemicals on site by former industries on adjacent sites, abandoned and leaking underground storage tanks on adjacent sites, subsurface contamination from adjacent properties migrating on-site, and contaminated Chicago River sediments migrating on-site. The last potential threat is considered less likely since groundwater movement on site is probably towards the surrounding waterways, whereby any on-site contamination may actually be discharging off site and into the Chicago River. Deep building foundations, and shallow, highly porous fill, sand, and gravel on and in the vicinity of the site may be conduits for contaminant migration into groundwater. It is unlikely that groundwater is used for drinking in this area.

The records received from the IEPA and USFPA did not indicate that this site was a permitted hazardous waste generator, transfer station, or CERCLA Superund site. Several companies within a one-mile radius were listed as RCRA generators. No underground storage tanks were registered at this location.

Adjacent site usage which mainly consisted of paper recycling, candy manufacture, and warehousing could potentially contribute to subsurface contamination. However, this potential is too tentative to assess based on available information. Finally, recent project experience in the downtown Chicago area has found that coal and cinder fill, both common fill materials in the site vicinity and near the old rail

lines can be a source of VOC and PNA hydrocarbons. The levels of these pollutanats are typically in the same range as observed in analyses of the samples for this project.

A review of the analytical testing results for the 16 samples tested on site and in the Chicago River showed low levels of two categories of organic pollutants. VOCs and PNA hydrocarbons were observed consistently in the soil samples. No VOCs or PNAs were detected in the groundwater samples. All of the measured contaminant levels are less than OSHA recommended exposure standards. While none of the levels of the pollutants detected in the samples tested would qualify the fill material on site as hazardous waste, the presence of these contaminants may indicate that this fill material (except possibly B-2) would be classified by IEPA as a "special waste", based on current interpretation of regulatory agency guidelines. The IEPA as of yet has not developed a specific standard for low level contaminated fills in urban areas other than for specifically fuel contaminated soil and water. In lieu of a specific standard, the IEPA has employed their Generic Fuel Clean-Up Objectives (GFCO) as their standard for categorizing such material as special waste when a specific source of the contaminant is present. A copy of the GFCO is included in Appendix 13 of this report. Additionally, any material excavated from a closed "dump" site would also be classified a special waste. enacted law (January, 1989) is still being interpreted and is discussed further in Appendix 14.

Several heavy metals were detected in the samples tested, but at levels below those which would designate the material as hazardous waste. The hazardous waste classification standard for lead and silver is 5 ppm and that for barium is 100 ppm. The levels of these metals detected in the samples were one to three orders of magnitude below this standard. The low levels of these metals and their even distribution may be a natural condition of the fill materials throughout the

downtown Chicago riverfront area. No PCBs, pesticides, or acid extractable compounds were observed above the laboratory detection level. Asbestos may be present in the fill materials on site in apparently localized low concentrations.

The low level PNA, VOC, and heavy metal detections suggest that these compounds may be present across the site. Concentrations of PNAs between 1 and 50 ppm and VOCs between 0.01 and 5 ppm in fill materials in the downtown Chicago area is not uncommon. There was no observable pattern in contaminant detections across the boring locations or sample depths. While all of the PNA, VOC, and metal compounds detected are considered regulated pollutants, there do not currently exist regulatory clean-up standards for these compounds in soil, such clean-up criteria are specified by the Illinois EPA on a case-by-case basis. It is likely that no remedial measures would be required since: 1) the observed contaminant concentrations are relatively low and not atypical for the area; 2) it would be very difficult to establish background criteria (uncontaminated soil chemistry) for comparison purposes at a site in downtown Chicago; and 3) it may be impossible to identify a specific source of contamination. The latter two conditions are required in most relean-ups. The implications of the presence of these contaminants is discussed further in Appendix 14 of this report.

Based on the available information collected and reviewed for this report, there does not appear to be any significant environmental conditions on site which would impair the proposed property development as public park and riverfront greenbelt space, given the current construction plans.

Recommendations

STS understands that the Chicago Park District Dedications will be developed into a riverfront esplanade and landscaped park. It is of some concern that public visitors to the completed park facility could possibly be exposed to the materials present in the fill on site. It should be noted that the trace levels of pollutants observed on site were all below regulatory agency (OSHA) exposure standards. Additionally, the Esplanade and DuSable park design plans will tend to further minimize the public's potential exposure to contaminants through the application of pavement or a topsoil cover across the site. The Esplanade design plans call for a paved walkway with above grade planters. Similarly, the perimeter of DuSable Park will have a paved walkway. The paved areas, with sufficiently thick subbase material, should provide adequate cover for these heavily trafficked areas isolating the public from any of the current fill material on site.

The greatest potential for exposure to fill materials would come in the landscaped central areas of DuSable Park. Currently, plans call for 2 feet or more of topsoil cover over the design grade. This cover should be adequate to limit public exposure to the fill below. If there are areas on site where the pavement subbase thickness or the topsoil fill thickness may be close to or below the design thickness, it may be desired to overexcavate and backfill with clean soil to allow for the placement of adequate minimum cover.

Based on the analytical testing results and detected levels of PNAs, some of the on-site soil and fill materials could qualify as special waste according to our understanding of current regulatory agency advisories, and could require the proper handling and disposal of these materials. The handling of special wastes involves properly manifesting the waste materials, and transporting and disposing of them at a licensed special waste landfill. In the past, site derived waste fill from this

general area has been handled as excavation spoil and construction debris and disposed in a regular landfill or other appropriate locations. Special handling and disposal of these materials has not been common construction practice. However, in the absence of explicit written guidance on this issue, our discussions with the IEPA appear to indicate that interpretation of the relevant regulations is still evolving and may eventually encompass how such construction wastes are treated. Further guidance regarding the handling and disposal of contaminated urban fills is contained in Appendix 14.

If excavations are to be performed on site, the removal and proper disposal of the excavation spoils is recommended to insure unequivocal compliance with current environmental regulations. If fill materials are to be excavated from selected areas on site, such as from the perimeter of DuSable Park, it is recommended these materials not be placed back in the excavation or regraded elsewhere on site; rather, the excavation spoils should be removed off site under manifest and disposed in a permitted special waste landfill.

The potential presence of contaminated vapors, soil, fill, and water, especially in locations where excavations, trenching or caissons are planned, is an important consideration when planning the appropriate worker health and safety protocol. If such development activities below ground are planned, STS recommends that periodic monitoring for the presence of hazardous compounds be performed. Persons or contractors involved in the subsurface construction activities should be made aware of the detected compound's potential presence so as to take appropriate monitoring and/or safety actions, if any.

General Qualifications

This report has been prepared to review the environmental conditions in order to assess the risks incumbent on the future development at this property. The studies performed are customarily recommended to commercial property owners as appropriate for this type of property. The assumptions, conclusions, and recommendations presented in this report are time dependent and are based on the available information reviewed, site observations, and location specific soil samples. Site conditions may vary between soil samples. The analyses by the analytical laboratories are assumed to be representative of the samples submitted for the testing parameters requested. Environmental conditions and available site information are subject to change and cannot be assumed to remain as reported herein at some time in the future. Environmental regulations and their interpretation are also subject to change and may be revised in the future.

This report represents our engineering judgments and opinions based on available data, and no warranty, either expressed or implied, is contained in this report.

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- 1987 Subsurface Explorations on site performed by STS on site ν
- 1988 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA): CERCLA, TSDS and RCRA generator computer records
- 1989 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA): CERCLA, TSDS and RCRA generator computer records
- 1988 United States Environmental Protection Agency, National Priorities List, Final and Proposed Sites, June 1988
- 1988 Illinois State Fire Marshal's Office, phone conversation
- 1988 Environmental Reconnaissance of site performed by STS on site

APPENDIX

- 1. Figure 1 Site, Boring, and Sample Location Diagram
- Figure 2 EM Conductivity Contour Diagram of DuSable Park from Environmental Reconnaissance of May, 1988
- Figure 3 Hazardous Waste Facilities Located in U.S. Postal Zip Code Area 60611
- Listings of CERCLIS, TSDS and RCRA Hazardous Waste Facilities in Postal Zip Code Area 60611 for 1988 and 1989
- 5. Boring Logs

Environmental Reconnaissance, March, 1989 Environmental Reconnaissance, May, 1988

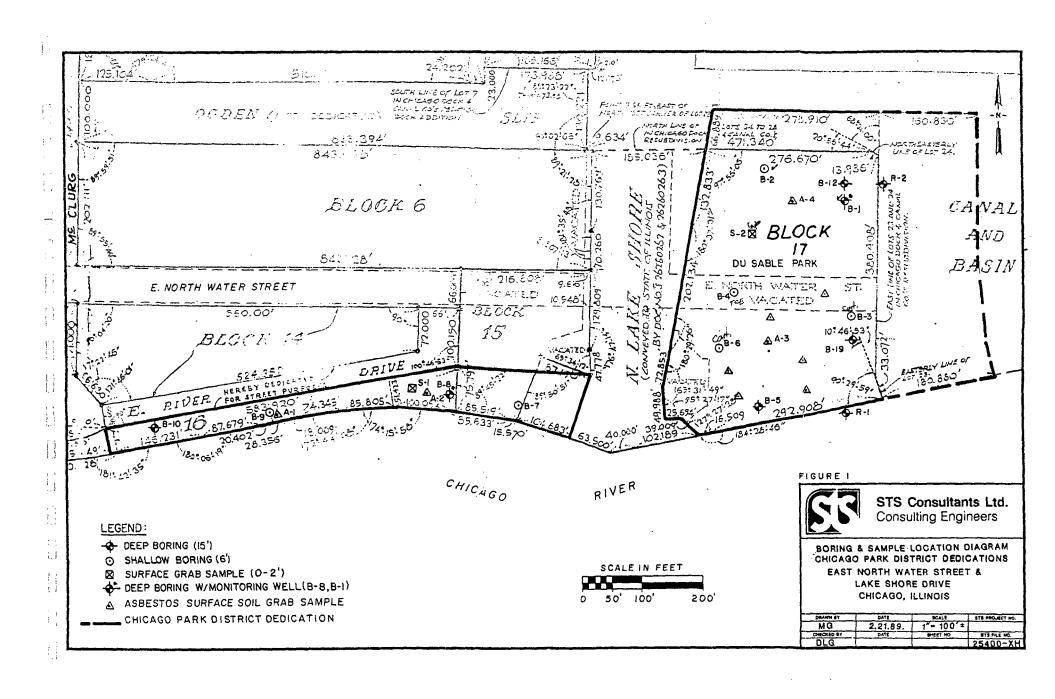
- 6. Monitoring Well Installation Diagrams
- 7. General Notes
- 8. Unified Soil Classification System
- 9. Field and Laboratory Procedures
- 10. Standard Boring Log Procedures
- 11. Sampling Procedures

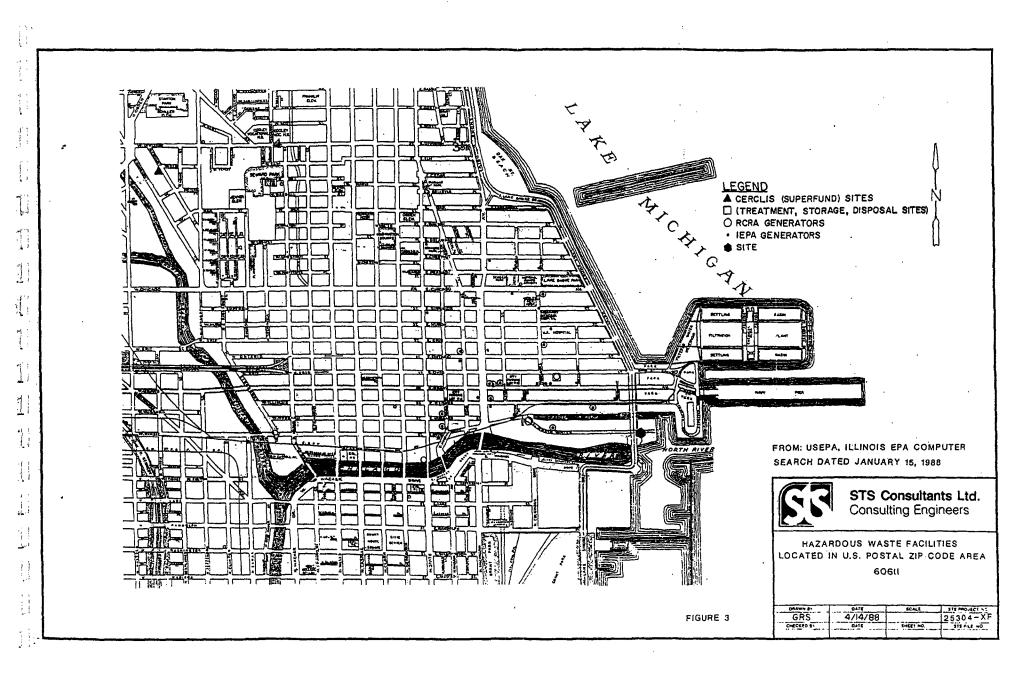
ASTM D-1586-84

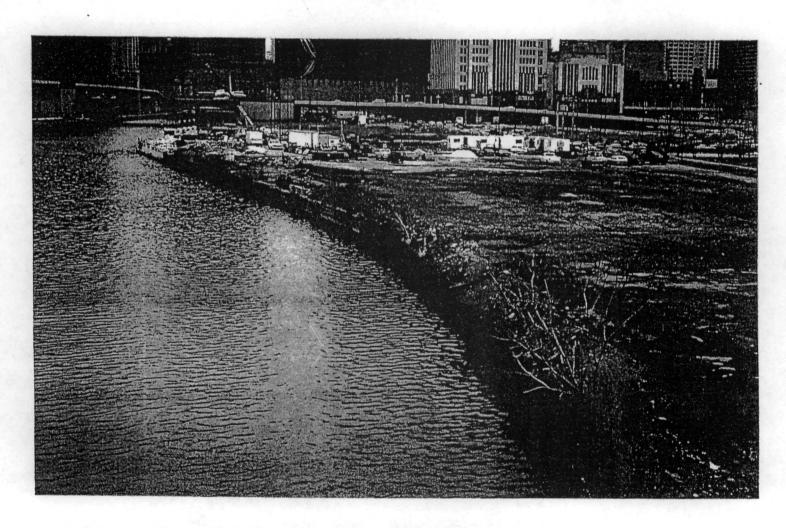
12. Analytical Chemical Testing Results

Environmental Reconnaissance, March, 1989 Environmental Reconnaissance, May, 1988

- 13. Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Generic Fuel Cleanup Objectives
- Guidance Regarding the Classification and Handling of Low-Level Contaminated Urban Fill Materials
- 15. Asbestos Testing Results
- 16. Report of Supplemental Asbestos Survey of DuSable Park
- 17. Site Photography Documentation





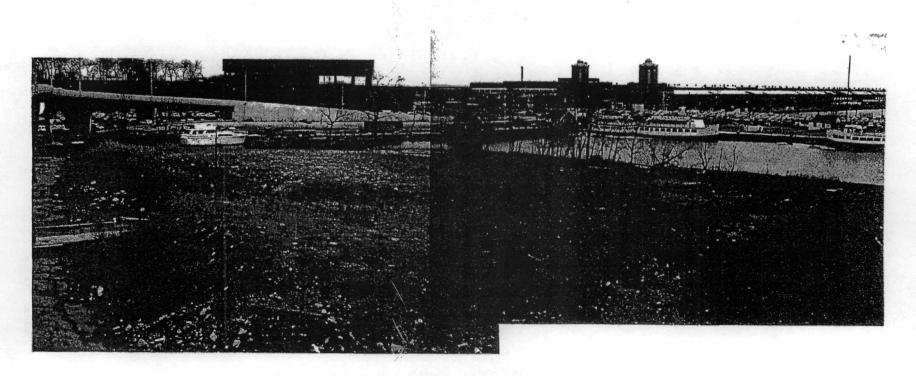


1. Chicago Park District Dedication, Chicago River frontage, looking west from Lake Shore Drive.

Photography by D. Grumman, March 15, 1989

STS Project No. 25400-XH

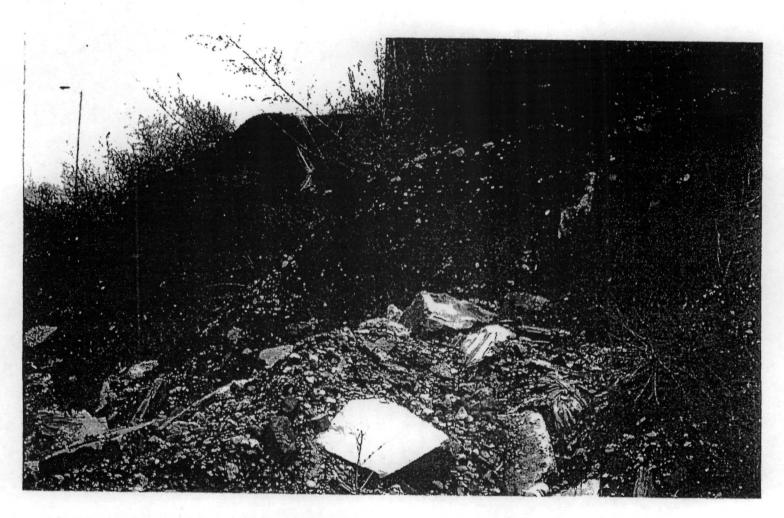




 Chicago Park District Dedication, Point Park, looking northeast to east from Lake Shore Drive.

Photography by D. Grumman, March 15, 1989

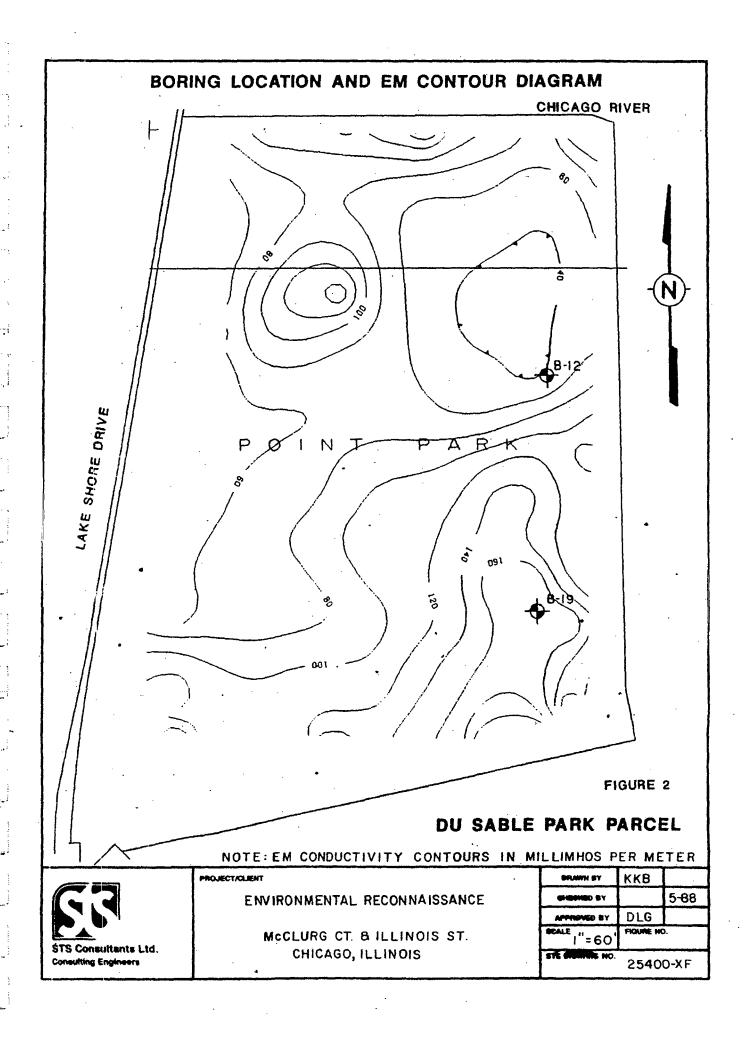
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3. Rubble fill exposure on west face of Point Park fill pile near E. North Water Street, looking northeast.

Photography by D. Grumman, March 15, 1989

STS Project No. 25400-XH



GENERATORS RUN FILE-FOIA-LINEITEM (GENZP) 88/01/15

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# OFTIMUS INC	COCK			IL0062478516			
- SLOMINSKI GEORGE	161 E GRAND AVE	•.	40411	161 E GRAND AVE	71	40411	2
# 31.5442764 # OFTINUS INC - SECHIUS INC - SECHIUSKI GEORGE = 3123210980 # REVERY SUGAR COPP - CHARLES VRIA LAB MGR = 3125273594	CHICAGO	11	60611	CHICAGO	1 -	60611	4
* REVERT SUGAR COPP	. COOK			IL0096799846			
- CHARLES VEDA LAB MGR	330 E. NORTH WATER ST			330 E NORTH WATER ST	**	40411	2
= 3125273574	CHICAGO	ΙL	60611	CHICAGO	1.	60611	2
* SANCUZ CROP PROTECTION	COUK			IL0700502314		•	
- FETURSON DERIN H DIR RES ADMIN	341 LAST CHIO STREET			341 EAST UHIO STREET		40411	•
* 11267C450C	CHICAGO	ΙL	60611	CHICAGD	1.	50611	1

RUN FILE-FOIA.LINEITEM(TSDIP) TSDS 88/01/19

W PECILITY NAME

- CUNTACT

PHILNE 食の食

CAMOUZ CROP PROTECTION

- PATERSON DREIN M DIR RES ADMIN

= 3126794500

COUNTY

FACILITY STREET HAIL STREET CITY ST ZIP CITY

ST ZIP COCE

101

COUK ILD980502314

341 EAST OHIO STREET 341 EAST OHIO STREET

IL 60611 CHICAGO CHICAGO 11 66611 1 CERCLIS SITES. 01/29/1988

4° ID NUMBER x:◆◆ NAME SITE LOCATION # ILD980606321 COMMONHEALTH EDISON NORTH 1122 N CROSBY ST CHICAGO IL 60611 COOK

.0	ILD980606305	DUPAGE COUNTY LOFT BLACKY	RTE 56	MARRENVILLE	IL	60555	DUPAGE
		ELL FOREST	•			0.,000	DUTAGE
13	110060854155	#ELSONS LDFL	GALENA & BEECHER RD	TORXVILLE	tL	60560	RENDALL
:>	TLD780820847	CLASSIC CHES	1914 SO KILBOURN AVE	CHICAGO	ĪL	60602	COOK
13	ILDOR1035867	STIFFEL CO THE	ADDRESS LENTHY SEE FILE	CHICAGO	ĨĹ	60603	COOK
17	IL0981536063	HEATH C MILLIGAN	170 RANDOLPH ST	CHICAGO	iL	60609	COOK
17	IL0981536071	HEATH & MILLIGAN	96 SEWARD ST	CHICAGO	İL	60604	COOK
0	ILD982074726	NATIONAL LEAD CO PCTY 113	1516 SO STATE	CHICAGO	ĨĹ	60605	COOK
¢ı	ILD980607147	SHIPMAN D B WHITE LEAD CO	CORNER ST & 15TH ST	CHICAGO	ĨĹ	60605	COOK
	ILD046170577	FREEMAN UNITED COAL MININ	300 W WASHINGTON	CHICAGO	IL	60606	
		G (SIA)	ove - wabiization	CHICKOO	1.6	00000	COOK
₹ t	ILD072344542	CHERISPHERE INC STORAGE	17 N MAY ST	CHICAGO	IL	60607	COOK
		1		CHICAGG	10	00007	LUUK
0	ILD005163993	COMMERCIAL POLISHING & PL	1223 W LAKE ST	CHICAGO	. IL	60607	COOK
		ATING CO	2	4		0000,	COOK
ø:	ILD980704472	HEATH & BILLIGAN CO	787 S CANAL	CHICAGO	ΙL	60607	COOR
1 01	110984766360	MAGNUS COMPANT INCORPORAT	4041 EMERALD AVE.	CHICAGO	ĨĹ	60607	COOK
	*	ED			~ ~	50001	COOK
4:	110005428651	VEST PULLMAN IRON & HETAL	11954 SO PEORIA	CHICAGO	IL	60607	COOK
	110025022997	ACRE BARREL CO	2300 W 13TH ST	CHICAGO	ÎL	60608	COOK
	ILT180014839	ACHE REFINING	829 W 22ND PL	CHICAGO	ÎĹ	60608	COOK
	110044231850	AUGUST BATTAGLIA DISTRIBU	2545 S ASHLAND AVE	CHICAGO	ÎL	60608	
-	220011231030	TING CO	2575 S RSHARRD RED	CHICAGO	14	90909	COOK
•	ILT180014722	BARKER CHEN CO	2500 S SENOUR AVE	CHICAGO	••	60608	
	110901759216	CHICAGO CITY OF CYANIDE I	the state of the s		IL		COOK
_	100401434510	* *	2642 SOUTH CALIFORNIA	CHICAGO	IL	60608	COOK
_	*********	HCIDENT	4866 44 1500011 40				
	1LD982074668	CHICAGO WHITE LEAD	1900 SO WESTERN ST	CHICAGO	IL	60608	COOK
v	110980900880	GREAT LAKES LIMITED PARTN		CHICAGO	IL	60608	COOK
_		ERSHIP (SIA)	606				
		HARRISON PARK	18TH G DAMEN	CHICAGO	IL	60608	COOK
*	1LD047907555	INSILCO CORP ENTERPRISE C	2841 S ASHLAND AVE	CHICAGO	IL	60608	COOK
_		OBIY					
	160982074767	PEOPLES GAS LIGHT 6 CORE	SO RACTHE & CERHAX	CHICAGO	IL	60608	COOR
•	ILD980606297	REILLY TAR & CHEM CORP	2513 S DANEN AVE	CHICAGO	IL	60608	COOK
	ILD030901169	SOUTHERN WRITE LEAD CO	900 W 18TH ST	CHICAGO	IL	60608	COOK
	ILD984767780	STEARNS QUARRY	S HALSTED AND W 29TH ST	CHICAGO	IL	60608	COOK
	110005450697	CUSTOM ORGANICS INC	1445 Y 42KD ST	CHICAGO	I L	60609	COOK
	110025022930	FISHER CALO CHEN CO	600 W 41ST ST	CHICAGO	I L	60609	COOK
	1LD005119995	HTSAN CORP	919 W 38TH ST	CHICAGO	I L	60609	COOK
	1LD980606339	J P REFUSE DSPL	GOTH G S ASHLAND	CHICAGO	I L	60609	COOK
	ILD980606313	HAGNUS CO INC	2234 W 43RD ST	CHICAGO	IL	60609	COOK
4	ILD981952906	STEVART ST ACID DRUG SITE	3720 SO STEWART	CHICAGO	IL	60609	COOK
	ILD005120498	WRIGLEY WA JR CO	3535 S ASHLAND AVE	CHICAGO	11	60609	COOK
٠	ILD005192646	A-1 HULTIPLATE SERV INC	411 N MILWAUREE AVE	CHICAGO	ťL	60610	COOK
*	ILD981536089	BEATH & MILLIGAN	1833 SEWARD ST	CHICAGO	IL	60610	COOK
•	ILD942074775	PEOPLES GAS LIGHT & COKE	CROSBY & DIVISION	CHICAGO	IL	60610	COOK
	# 	HORTH STA					
	110980606321	COMMONWEALTH EDISON NORTH	1122 N CROSBY ST	CHICAGO	IL	60611	COOK
		STA					
•	TLD066204181	APCO IND INC	2855 W LAKE ST	CHICAGO	IL	60612	COOK
	110076875285	LAKE SALVAGE CO	2527 W LAKE ST	CHICAGO	IL	60612	COOK
	TLD096799269	ACCURATE DIE & STAMPING C	1947 N MAUD AVE	CHICAGO	ĨĹ	60614	COOK
-	120070779207	O DIV OF ALLIED			~ =		
÷	ILD005187602		1644 W WRIGHTWOOD AVE	CHICAGO	IL	60614	COOK
-	15000010101002	O THC	20				20011
•	ILD902074604	DIAKOND RED PAINT CO	2750 N LINCOLN	CHICAGO	IL	60614	COOK
	ILD005058037	GRIFFIN PLATING CO	2020 H HOLLY ST	CHICAGO	IL	60614	COOK
	110987074759	PROPLES GAS LIGHT & CORE	1701-1763 KINGSAURY	CHICAGO	ti	60614	COOK
-	700301014133	WILLOW ST STA	Tion Vian Viboniaus	CHICAGO		44074	400h
•	ILD961795545	PRAIRIE DEVELOPMENT LTD	2200 N LAKENOOD	CHICAGO	IL	60614	COOK
	ILD049288764	WASHBURF T P DIV	2258 ELSTON	CHICAGO	I L	60614	COOK
-	770041720104	MADDOUNT 1 T VLT	SERV HORION	C11 # C K G G	T ==	0.70 L 4	COOR

RCRA and TSDS Sites

January, 1989

¢	ILD005161898	SPANJER BROS INC	1160 M HOWE ST	CHICAGO	IL	60610
¢	ILD049288814	SPRINT PRINT	116 W ILLINOIS	CRICAGO	IL	606 LO
4	ILD005065818	SUPERIOR PREMIER GRAPHICS	225 # SUPERIOR	CHICAGO	IL	60610
	ILD025329756	TOWER OLDSHOBILE	1233 H WELLS	CRICAGO	11	60610
	TLD005104690	UNION SPECIAL CORP	400 H FRANKLIN ST	CHICAGO	IL	60610
	ILD005105713	UNITY HEG CO	1260 # CLYBOURS AVE	CHICAGO	ĪĹ	60610
	ILD960991095	ZIEBART	211 W WALTON ST	CHICAGO	IL	60610
	1LD083084848		913 N STATE		IL	60611
		ALPINE CLEANERS		CHICAGO	_	60611
	ILD074425216	AMERICAN DENTAL ASSOC	211 E CHICAGO STE 412	CHICAGO	IL	
4		BREGY CLEANERS	542 # ST CLAIR	CHICIGO	IL	60611
	ILD981957459	BRITISH CONSULATE GENERAL		CRICAGO	IL	60611
*	ILD980791693	CRICAGO CITY OF STATE STR	300 N STATE ST.	CHICAGO	IL	60611
		EET DRAWBRIDGE				
*	ILD980620124	CHICAGO SUN-TIMES	401 W WARASH	CHICAGO	IL	60611
*	ILD001754937	COLUMBIA LABEL CORP	431 Z ILLIWOIS ST	CHICAGO	IL	60611
#	IL0112551627	DANSON BANLEY CADILLAC CO	630 R BOZH ZI	CHICAGO	IL	60611
		RP		•		
*	ILD06947884C	EDIT CHICAGO VIDEO INC	160 E GRAND AVE	CHICAGO	YL	60611
	ILD062484936	EDITEL CHICAGO	301 E ERIE ST	CHICAGO	IL	60611
	ILD045687308	KIEFFER-HOLDE INC	160 E ILLINOIS ST	CHICAGO	IL	60611
	ILD984766741	LAKESHOBE ONTARIO ASSOCIA		CHICAGO	IL	60611
•	100744100141	TES	TOT L CHIRETO	0.10,400	*	00011
	ILD005450754		444 W WADASH	CHICAGO.	71	60611
		MIDWEST LAW PRINTING CO				60611
*	ILD059457150	NORTHWESTERN MERORIAL HOS	250 E SUPERIOR	CHICAGO	16	00011
_		PITAL	***	## # #####		60611
	ILT180011546	NORTHWESTERN UNITERSITY	303 E CHICAGO AVE	CHICAGO	IL	
	ILD980903108	OPTIFEX INC	444 N WABASH AVE	CHICAGO	IL	60611
	ILD062478516	OPTIMUS INC	161 E GRAND AYE	CHICAGO	IL	60611
	ILD096799846	REVERE SUGAR CORP	330 E MORTH WATER ST	CHICAGO	IL	60611
	110980502314	SANDOZ CROP PROTECTION	341 EAST OHIO STREET	CHICAGO	IL	60611
•	ILD113895510	247 E CHESTRUT CONDOBINIO	247 E CHESTRUT	CHICAGO	IL	60611
	-	5 ,		,		
•	ILD000810333	ACTION BUNDER	3010 W ONIO ST	CHICAGO	r L	60612
•	TLD005066741	ADAMS REG CO	2034 W FULTON ST	CRICAGO	IL	60612
#	TLD005140512	ARTHA PLATING WORKS INC	245 N WOLCOTT AVE	CHICAGO	IL	60612
	ILD072351349	ALUMETCO LTD	2537 W TAYLOR ST	CHICAGO	1.5	60612
	TL0070693445	APCO HETAL FINISHING INC	3657 W CARROLL AVE	CHICAGO	IL	60612
4		ASSOCIATED FINISHERS INC	337 # BELL ST	CHICAGO	IL	60612
	ILD005137948	BERQUIST PLATING CO	1857-63 W CARROLL	CHICAGO	IL	60612
	%LD005140033	BERTHOLD GUS ELECTRIC CO	1900 W CARROLL AVE	CHICAGO	īī	60612
	%LD005140833		737 H ALBANY AVE	CHICAGO	īL	60612
		BOBCO ENTERPRISES INC			IL	60612
	ELD005201280	BOND CHEMICAL CO	2100 W FULTON	CHICAGO	IL	60612
	1LD005069158	CAPITOL HARDVARE CO	400 N LEAVITT ST	CRICAGO		60612
. *		CHICAGO TAG AND LABEL CO	3049 W BARBISON ST	CHICAGO	IL	
	110005116959	CONTINENTAL CHEMISTE CORP	2252 W OGDEN AVE	CHICAGO	IL	60612
\$	ILD103332367	OPFICE COOK CO REDICAL EXAMINEES	2121 W BARRISON	CHICAGO	IL	60612
	ILD021295738	COOK COUNTY HOSPITAL	1835 W HARRISON	CHICAGO	IL	60612
	ILD113560932	DECORATIVE PRODUCTS	2101 W CARROL	CHICAGO	IL	60612
	ILD005163843	EAGLE GRINDING WHEEL CORP		CHICAGO	IL	60612
	ILD990787186	FILLIP METAL CABINET CO		CHICAGO	IL	60612
	ILD005116595	FILLIP METAL CABINET CO I		CHICAGO	IL	60612
•	750007170333	NC	IVA A ROBERT RIC	*******		
	ILD113727325	FOUR STAR CLEANERS	3115 # ROOSEVELT RD	CHICAGO	IL	60612
	1LD113/2/325	GAV OHIRA ENVELOPE CO	500 M SACRAMENTO BLVD	CRICAGO	IL	60612
					IL	60612
Ţ.	ILD081031379	GENERAL SURFACE HARDENING INC	TING # LAFION	CHICAGO		
*	ILD079762506	GRAND AUTO BODY INC	2666 W GRIND AVE	CHICAGO	IL	60612
	TLD093173490	ILLINOIS DEPT OF MENTAL H	_	CHICAGO	IL	60612
		EALTH				
•	ILD005202049	JANEEN ART STUDIO INC	2114 W CRAND AVE	CHICAGO	IL	60612

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	1	ss	Ш	limestone, con	avel, sand, bricks, wood, crete - black - gray - de	crusnec nse -	· [l	
	-			moist - (Fill)	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		- 1						
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		Fill, trace to	little clay, gravel,	coal,			_		
	1 55	organic materi	fragments, crushed l al - medium dense - n	limestone and moist (Fill)	1		Ø 17		
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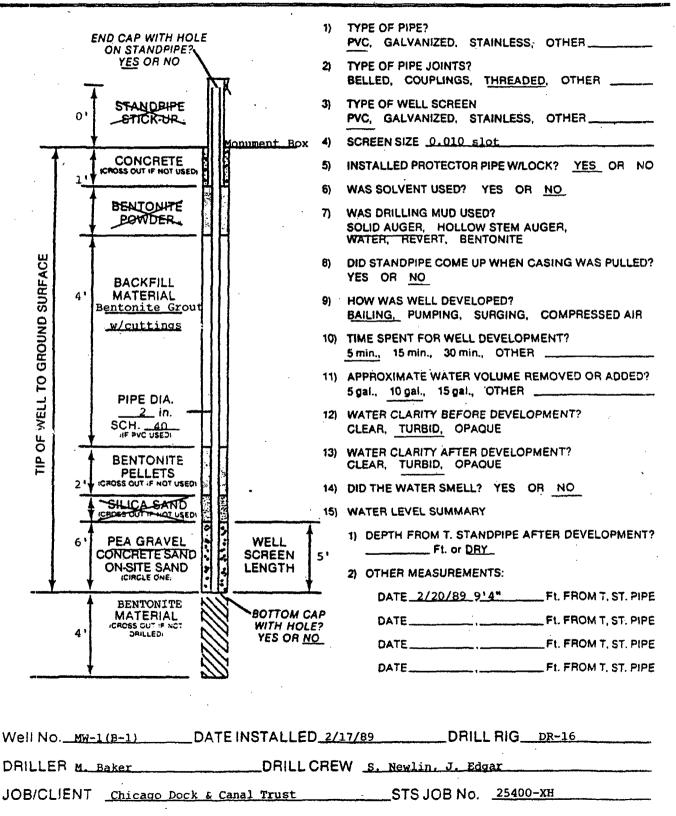
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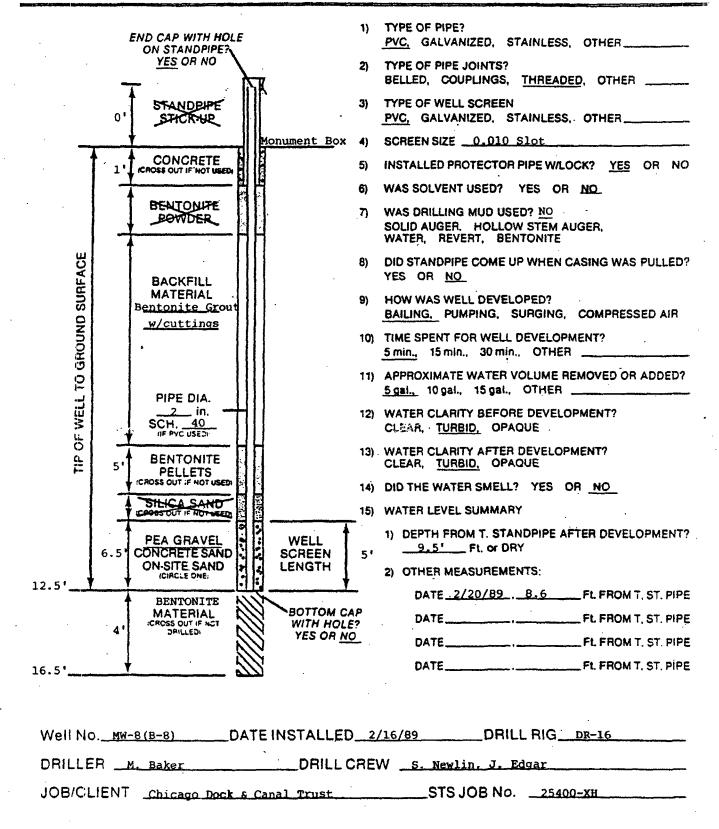


FIELD WELL INSTALLATION DIAGRAM





FIELD WELL INSTALLATION DIAGRAM





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DRILLING & SAMPLING SYMBOLS:

88 : Split Spoon-1 3/8" I.D., 2" O.D. Unless otherwise noted ST Shelby Tube-2" O.D., Unless otherwise noted PA : Power Auger

BB : Bulk Sample DB: Diamond Bit-NX, BX, AX : Auger Sample PM: Pressuremeter Test, In-Situ

J8 : Jar Sample V8 : Vane Shear

Standard "N" Penetration:

Blows per foot of a 140 pound hammer falling 30 inches on a 2 inch 0.D. split spoon

FT : Fish Tail

RB: Rock Bit

H8:

OS : Osterberg Sampler-3" Shelby Tube

Hollow Stem Auger

Wash Sample

G8: Giddings Sampler

sampler, except where otherwise noted.

WATER LEVEL MEASUREMENT SYMBOLS:

WL: Water Level WCI: Wet Cave In W8: While Sampling DCI : Dry Cave In WD: While Drilling BOR: Before Casing Removal ACR: After Casing Removal AB : After Boring

Water levels indicated on the boring logs are the levels measured in the boring at the times indicated. In pervious soils, the indicated elevations are considered reliable groundwater levels. In impervious soils, the accurate determination of groundwater elevations may not be possible, even after several days of observations; additional evidence of groundwater elevations must be sought.

GRADATION DESCRIPTION & TERMINOLOGY:

Coarse Grained or Granular Softs have more than 50% of their dry weight retained on a \$200 sieve; they are described as: boulders, cobbles, gravel or sand. Fine Gramed soils have less than 60% of their dry weight retained on a #200 sieve; they are described as: clays or clayey silts if they are cohesive and silts if they are non-cohesive. In addition to gradation, granular soils are defined on the basis of their relative in-place density and fine grained soils on the basis of their strength or consistency and their plasticity.

Major Component Of Sample	Size Range	Description Of Components Aiso Present in Sample	Percent Of Dry Weight
Boulders	Over 8 in. (200 mm)	Trace	1-9
Cobbles	8 inches to 3 inches (200 mm to 75 mm)	Little	10-19
Gravel	3 inches to #4 sieve (76 mm to 4.76 mm)	8ome	20-34
Sand	#4 to #200 sieve (4.76 mm to 0.074 mm)	And	36-60
Bilt	Passing #200 sieve (0.074 mm to 0.005 mm)		
Пау	Smaller than 0.005 mm	·	

CONSISTENCY OF COMESIVE SOILS:

>8.00

RELATIVE DENSITY OF GRANULAR SOILS:

Oncomined Combiessiae	•		
Strength, Qu, tsf	Consistency	m-Blows per ft.	Belative Density
0.25	Very Soft	0-3	Very Loose
0.25-0.49	Boft	4-9	Loose
0.50-0.99	Medium (Firm)	10-29	Medium Dense
1.00-1.99	Suff	3 0- 4 9	Dense
2.00-3.99	Very Stiff	80-80	Very Dense
4.00-8.00	Hard	>80	Extremely Dense

Very Hard



	UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION								
I Maior Districtor		Group symbols	Typical names		Laboratory classification criteria				
Coarse-grained soils (More than half of material is larger than No. 200 sieve size)	Gravels (More than half of coarse fraction larger than No. 4 sieve size) Gravels with fines	ravels no fines)	GW	Well-grades gravels, gravel-sand mixtures, little or no fines	rained	$C_{ij} = \frac{D_{i,0}}{D_{i,0}}$ greater than 6; $C_{C} = \frac{(D_{i,0})^{i}}{D_{i,0} \times D_{i,0}}$ between 1 and 3			
		Clean gravels (Little of no fines)	ĞР	Poorly graded gravels, gravel- sand mixtures, little or no fines	re), coarse-g	Not meeting all gradation requirements for GW			
		Gravels with fines (Appreciable amount of fines)	GM d	Silty gravels, gravel-sand-silt mixtures	-size curve. ian No. 200 sieve size), coarse-gra GW, GP, SW, SP GM, GC, SM, SC Borderline cases requiring dual symbols	Atterberg limits below "A" line or P.I. less than 4	Above "A" line with P.I. between 4 and 7 are borderline cases requiring use of dual symbols		
			GC	Clayey gravels, gravel-sand-clay mixtures	grain-size cu ler than No. CW,	Atterberg limits above "A" line with P.I. greater than 7			
	Sands (More than half of coarse fraction is smaller than No. 4 sieve size)	Clean sands (Little or no fines)	sw	Well-graded sands, gravelly sands, little or no fines	Determine percentages of sand and gravel from grain-size curve. Depending on percentage of fines (fraction smaller than No. 200 sieve size), coarse-grained soils are classified as follows: Less than 5 per cent More than 12 per cent 5 to 12 per cent Symbols	$C_{y} = \frac{D_{os}}{D_{os}}$ greater than 4; C	$c = \frac{(D_{10})^{2}}{D_{10} \times D_{00}}$ between 1 and 3		
			SP	Poorty graded sands, gravelly sands, little or no lines	of sand and and age of fines (ollows:	Not meeting all gradation requirements for SW			
		Sands with fines (Appreciable amount of fines)	SM d	Silty sands, sand-silt mixtures	termine percentages of pending on percentage is are classified as folio Less than 5 per cent More than 12 per cent 5 to 12 per cent	Atterberg limits below "A" line or P.I. less than 4	Limits plotting in hatched zone with P.I. between 4 and are borderline cases requiring use of dual symbols		
			sc	Clayey sands, sand-clay mix- tures	Determine Dependin soils are c Less th More t 5 to 12	Atterberg limits above "A" line with P.I. greater than 7			
ve)	Siks and clays (Liquid Jimit less than 50)	ML	Inorganic silts and very fine sands, rock flour, silty or clayey fine sands or clayey silts with slight plasticity		ssification of fine-grained —				
		nir Icss than St	CL	Inorganic clays of low to me- dium plasticity, gravelly clays, sandy clays, silty clays, lean clays	50 grained to	scils. erg Limits plotting in area are borderline class- s requiring use of dual			
ın No. 200 sie		(Liquid lin	OL	Organic silts and organic silty clays of low plasticity	Equation	1 of A-line: D.73 (LL - 20)			
Fine-grained soils (More than ho. 200 sieve)	Sits and clays (Liquid limit greater than 50)	мн	Inorganic silts, micaceous or diatomaceous fine sandy or silty soils, elastic silts	j. j. j. j. j. j. j. j. j. j. j. j. j. j	CL CL	CH and MH			
		nit greater th	СН	Inorganic clays of high plas- ticity, fat clays	10 7 CL-MI	MI and OL			
		ОН	Organic clays of medium to high plasticity, organic silts	0 10	20 30 40 50 (50 70 80 90 100			
(Mo	Highly	soils	Pt	Peat and other highly organic soils		Liquid Lin Plasticity Cl			



SUBSURFACE EXPLORATION PROCEDURES

Hand-Auger Drilling (HA)

In this procedure, a sampling device is driven into the soil by repeated blows of a sledge hammer. When the sampler is driven to the desired sample depth, the soil sample is retrieved. The hole is then advanced by manually turning the hand auger until the next sampling depth increment is reached. The hand auger drilling between sampling intervals also helps to clean and enlarge the bore hole in preparation for obtaining the next sample.

Power Auger Drilling (PA)

In this type of drilling procedure, continuous flight augers are used to advance the bore holes. They are turned and hydraulically advanced by a truck or track-mounted unit as site accessibility dictates. In auger drilling, casing and drilling mud are not required to maintain open bore holes.

Hollow Stem Auger Drilling (HS)

In this drilling procedure, continuous flight augers having open stems are used to advance the bore holes. The open stem allows the sampling tool to be used without removing the augers from the bore hole. Hollow stem augers thus provide support to the sides of the bore hole during the sampling operations.

Rotary Drilling (RB)

In employing rotary drilling methods, various cutting bits are used to advance the bore holes. In this process, surface casing and/or drilling fluids are used to maintain open bore holes.

Diamond Core Drilling (DB)

Diamond core drilling is used to sample cemented formations. In this procedure, a double tube (triple tube) core barrel with a diamond bit cuts an annular space around a cylindrical prism of the material sampled. The sample is retrieved by a catcher just above the bit. Samples recovered by this procedure are placed in sturdy containers in sequential order.



SAMPLING PROCEDURES

Auger Sampling (AS)

In this procedure, soil samples are collected from cuttings off of the auger flights as they are removed from the ground. Such samples provide a general indication of subsurface conditions; however, they do not provide undisturbed samples, nor do they provide samples from discrete depths.

Split-Harrel Sampling (SS) — (ASTM Standard D-1586-84)

In the split-barrel sampling procedure, a 2 inch O.D., split barrel sampler is driven into the soil a distance of 18 inches by means of a 140 pound hammer falling 30 inches. The value of the Standard Penetration Resistance is obtained by counting the number of blows of the hammer over the final 12 inches of driving. This value provides a qualitative indication of the in-place relative density of cohesionless soils. The indication is qualitative only, however, since many factors can significantly affect the Standard Penetration Resistance Value, and direct correlation of results obtained by drill crews using different rigs, drilling procedures, and hammer-rod-spoon assemblies should not be made. A portion of the recovered sample is placed in a sample jar and returned to the laboratory for further analysis and testing.

Shelby Tube Sampling Procedure (ST) — (ASTM Standard D-1587-83)

In the shelby tube sampling procedure, a thin-walled steel seamless tube with a sharp cutting edge is pushed hydraulically into the soil and a relatively undisturbed sample is obtained. This procedure is generally employed in cohesive soils. The tubes are carefully handled in the field to avoid excessive disturbance and are returned to the laboratory for extrusion and further analysis and testing.

Giddings Sampler (GS)

This type of sampling device consists of 5-ft. sections of thin-wall tubing which are capable of retrieving continuous columns of soil in 5-ft. maximum increments. Because of a continuous slot in the sampling tubes, the sampler allows field determination of stratification boundaries and containerization of soil samples from any sampling depth within the 5-ft. interval.



LABORATORY PROCEDURES

Water Content (Wc)

The water content of a soil is the ratio of the weight of water in a given soil mass to the weight of the dry soil. Water content is generally expressed as a percentage.

Hand Penetrometer (Qp)

In the hand penetrometer test, the unconfined compressive strength of a soil is determined, to a maximum value of 4.5 tons per square foot (tsf), by measuring the resistance of the soil sample to penetration by a small, spring-calibrated cylinder. The hand penetrometer test has been carefully correlated with unconfined compressive strength tests, and thereby provides a useful and a relatively simple testing procedure in which soil strength can be quickly and easily estimated.

Unconfined Compression Tests (Qu)

In the unconfined compression strength test, an undisturbed prism of soil is loaded axially until failure or until 20% strain has been reached, whichever occurs first.

Dry Density (8D)

The dry density is the quantity used as a measure of the amount of solids in a unit volume of soil aggregate. Use of this value is often made when measuring the degree of compaction of a soil.

Classification of Samples

In conjunction with the sample testing program, all soil samples are examined in our laboratory and classified on the basis of their texture and plasticity in accordance with United Soil Classification System (USCS). The soil descriptions on the boring logs are in conformance with this system and the estimated group symbols according to this system are included in parentheses following the soil descriptions on the boring logs. Included on a separate sheet entitled "General Notes" is a brief explanation of this system of soil classification.

STS Standard Boring Log Procedures



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In the process of obtaining and testing samples and preparing this report, standard procedures are followed regarding field logs, laboratory data sheets and samples.

Field logs are prepared during performance of the drilling and sampling operations and are intended to essentially portray field occurrences, sampling locations and procedures.

Samples obtained in the field are frequently subjected to additional testing and reclassification in the laboratory by more experienced soil engineers, and differences between the field logs and the final logs may exist.

The engineer preparing the report reviews the field and laboratory logs, classifications and test data, and using judgment and experience in interpreting this data, may make further changes.

Samples taken in the field, some of which are later subjected to laboratory tests, are retained in our laboratory for sixty days and are then destroyed unless special disposition is requested by our client. Samples retained over a long period of time, even in sealed jars, are subject to moisture loss which changes the apparent strength of cohesive soil, generally increasing the strength from what was originally encountered in the field. Since they are then no longer representative of the moisture conditions initially encountered, observers of these samples should recognize this factor.

It is common practice in the geotechnical engineering profession that field logs and laboratory data sheets not included in engineering reports, because they do not represent the engineer's final opinions as to appropriate descriptions for conditions encountered in the exploration and testing work. On the other hand, we are aware that perhaps certain contractors and subcontractors submitting bids or proposals on work might have an interest in studying these documents before submitting a bid or proposal. For this reason, the field logs are retained in our office for review by all contractors submitting a bid or proposal. We would welcome the opportunity to explain any changes that have been and typically are made in the preparation of our final reports, to the contractor or subcontractors, before the firm submits its bid or proposal, and to describe how the information was obtained to the extent the contractor or subcontractor wishes. Results of laboratory tests are generally shown on the boring logs or are described in the text of the report, as appropriate.

The descriptive terms and symbols used on the logs are described on the attached sheet, entitled: "General Notes".



AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR TESTING AND MATERIALS

Standard Method for

PENETRATION TEST AND SPLIT-BARREL SAMPLING OF SOILS 1

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D 1888; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of the last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript spellon (€) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This method has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense and for listing in the DOD Index of Specifications and Stanziards.

1. Scope

- 1.1 This method describes the procedure, generally known as the Standard Penetration Test (SPT), for driving a split-barrel sampler to obtain a representative soil sample and a measure of the resistance of the soil to penetration of the sampler.
- 1.2 This standard may involve hazardous materials, operations, and equipment. This standard does not purport to address all of the safety problems associated with its use. It is the responsibility of whoever uses this standard to consult and establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use. For a specific precautionary statement, see
- 1.3 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as the standard.

2. Applicable Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:

- D24:87 Test Method for Classification of Soils for Engineering Purposes²
- D2488 Practice for Description and Identification of Soils (Visual-Manual Procedure)²
- D4220 Practice for Preserving and Transporting Soil Samples²

5. Descriptions of Terms Specific to This Standard

3.1 anvil—that portion of the driveweight assembly which the hammer

- strikes and through which the hammer energy passes into the drill rods.
- 3.2 cathead—the rotating drum or windlass in the rope-cathead lift system around which the operator wraps a rope to lift and drop the hammer by successively tightening and loosening the rope turns around the drum.
- 3.3 drill rods—rods used to transmit downward force and torque to the drill bit while drilling a borehole.
- 3.4 drive-weight assembly—a device consisting of the hammer, hammer fall guide, the anvil, and any hammer drop system.
- 3.5 hammer—that portion of the drive-weight assembly consisting of the 140 ± 2 lb (63.5 ± 1 kg) impact weight which is successively lifted and dropped to provide the energy that accomplishes the sampling and penetration
- 3.6 hammer drop system—that portion of the drive-weight assembly by which the operator accomplishes the lifting and dropping of the hammer to produce the blow.
- 3.7 hammer fall guide—that part of the drive-weight assembly used to guide the fall of the hammer.
- 3.8 N-value—the blowcount representation of the penetration resistance of the soil. The N-value, reported in blows per foot, equals the sum of the number of blows required to drive the sampler over the depth interval of 8 to 18 in. (160 to 450 mm) (see 7.3).
- 3.9 an—the number of blows obtained from each of the 6-in. (150-mm)

- intervals of sampler penetration (see 7.5).
- 3.10 number of rope turns—the total contact angle between the rope and the cathead at the beginning of the operator's rope slackening to drop the hammer, divided by 380° (see Fig. 1).
- 5.11 sampling rods—rods that connect the drive-weight assembly to the sampler. Drill rods are often used for this purpose.
- 3.12 SPT—abbreviation for Standard Penetration Test, a term by which engineers commonly refer to this method.

4. Significance and Use

- 4.1 This method provides a soil sample for identification purposes and for laboratory tests appropriate for soil obtained from a sampler that may produce large shear strain disturbance in the sample.
- 4.2 This method is used extensively in a great variety of geotechnical exploration projects. Many local correlations and widely published correlations which relate SPT blowcount, or M-value, and the engineering behavior of earthworks and foundation are available.

Phis method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D-16 on Soil and Rock and is the direct responsibility of subcommittee D18.02 on Sampling and Related Field Testing for Soil Investigations.

Current edition approved Sept. 11, 1984. Published Movember 1984. Originally published as DISSS-SST. Last previous edition DISSS-S7 (1974).

2Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 04.08.

B. Apparatus

- 6.1 Drilling Equipment—Any drilling equipment that provides at the time of sampling a suitably clean open hole before insertion of the sampler and ensures that the penetration test is performed on undisturbed soil shall be acceptable. The following pieces of equipment have proven to be suitable for advancing a borehole in some subsurface conditions.
- 5.1.1 Drag, Chopping, and Fishtail Bits, less than 6.5 in. (162 mm) and greater than 2.2 in. (56 mm) in diameter may be used in conjunction with open-hole rotary drilling or casing-advancement drilling methods. To avoid disturbance of the underlying soil, bottom discharge bits are not permitted; only side discharging bits are permitted.
- 5.1.2 Roller-Cone Bits, less than 6.5 in. (162 mm) and greater than 2.2 in. (86 mm) in diameter may be used in conjunction with open-hole rotary drilling or casing-advancement drilling methods if the drilling fluid discharge is deflected.
- 5.1.3 Hollow-Stem Continuous Flight Augers, with or without a center bit assembly, may be used to drill the boring. The inside diameter of the hollow-stem augers shall be less than 6.5 in. (162 mm) and greater than 2.2 in. (56 mm).
- 5.1.4 Solid, Continuous Flight, Bucket and Hand Augers, less than 6.5 in. (162 mm) and greater than 2.2 in. (56 mm) in diameter may be used if the soil on the side of the boring does not cave onto the sampler or sampling rods during sampling.
- 5.2 Sampling Rods—Flush-joint steel drill rods shall be used to connect the split-barrel sampler to the drive-weight assembly. The sampling rod shall have a stiffness (moment of inertia) equal to or greater than that of parallel wall "A" rod (a steel rod which has an outside diameter of 1% in. (41.2 mm) and an inside diameter of 1% in. (28.8 mm).

NOTE 1—Recent research and comparative testing indicates the type rod used, with stiffness ranging from "A" size rod to "H" size rod, will usually have a negligible effect on the N-values to depths of at least 100 ft (50 m).

5.3 Split-Barrel Sampler—The sampler shall be constructed with the dimensions indicated in Fig. 2. The driving shoe shall be of hardened steel and shall be replaced or repaired when it

ASTM Designation: D 1586

becomes dented or distorted. The use of liners to produce a constant inside diameter of 1% in. (35 mm) is permitted, but shall be noted on the penetration record if used. The use of a sample retainer basket is permitted, and should also be noted on the penetration record if used.

NOTE 2—Both theory and available test data suggest that E-values may increase between 10 to 30% when liners are used.

5.4 Drive-Weight Assembly:

6.4.1 Hammer and Anvil—The hammer shall weigh 140 ± 2 lb (63.5 ± 1) kg) and shall be a solid rigid metallic mass. The hammer shall strike the anvil and make steel on steel contact when it is dropped. A hammer fall guide permitting a free fall shall be used. Hammers used with the cathead and rope method shall have an unimpeded overlift capacity of at least 4 in. (100 mm). For safety reasons, the use of a hammer assembly with an internal anvil is encouraged.

NOTE 5—it is suggested that the hammer fall guide be permanently marked to enable the operator or inspector to judge the hammer drop height.

- 6.4.2 Hammer Drop System—Ropecathead, trip, semi-automatic, or automatic hammer drop systems may be used, providing the lifting apparatus will not cause penetration of the sampler while re-engaging and lifting the hammer.
- 5.5 Accessory Equipment—Accessories such as labels, sample containers, data sheets, and groundwater level measuring devices shall be provided in accordance with the requirements of the project and other ASTM standards.

6. Drilling Procedure

- 6.1 The boring shall be advanced incrementally to permit intermittent or continuous sampling. Test intervals and locations are normally stipulated by the project engineer or geologist. Typically, the intervals selected are 5 ft (1.5 m) or less in homogeneous strata with test and sampling locations at every change of strata.
- 6.2 Any drilling procedure that provides a suitably clean and stable hole before insertion of the sampler and assures that the penetration test is performed on essentially undisturbed soil shall be acceptable. Each of the follow-

ing procedures have proven to be acceptable for some subsurface conditions. The subsurface conditions anticipated should be considered when selecting the drilling method to be used.

- 6.2.1 Open-hole rotary drilling method.
- 6.2.2 Continuous flight hollow-stem auger method.
 - 6.2.3 Wash boring method.
- 6.2.4 Continuous flight solid auger method.
- 6.3 Several drilling methods produce unacceptable borings. The process of jetting through an open tube sampler and then sampling when the desired depth is reached shall not be permitted. The continuous flight solid auger method shall not be used for advancing the boring below a water table or below the upper confining bed of a confined non-cohesive stratum that is under artesian pressure. Casing may not be advanced below the sampling elevation prior to sampling. Advancing a boring with bottom discharge bits is not permissible. It is not permissible to advance the boring for subsequent insertion of the sampler solely by means of previous sampling with the SPT sampler.

6.4 The drilling fluid level within the boring or hollow-stem augers shall be maintained at or above the in situ groundwater level at all times during drilling, removal of drill rods, and sampling.

7. Sampling and Testing Procedure

- 7.1 After the boring has been advanced to the desired sampling elevation and excessive cuttings have been removed, prepare for the test with the following sequence of operations.
- 7.1.1 Attach the split-barrel sampler to the sampling rods and lower into borehole. Do not allow the sampler to drop onto the soil to be sampled.
- 7.1.2 Position the hammer above and attach the anvil to the top of the sampling rods. This may be done before the sampling rods and sampler are lowered into the borehole.
- 7.1.3 Rest the dead weight of the sampler, rods, anvil, and drive weight on the bottom of the boring and apply a seating blow. If excessive cuttings are encountered at the bottom of the boring, remove the sampler and sampling rods from the boring and remove the cuttings.
- 7.1.4 Mark the drill rods in three successive 6-in. (0.15-m) increments

so that the advance of the sampler under the impact of the hammer can be easily observed for each 6-in. (0.15-m) increment.

7.2 Drive the sampler with blows from the 140-lb (63.6-kg) hammer and count the number of blows applied in each 6-in. (0.15-m) increment until one of the following occurs:

7.2.1 A total of 50 blows have been applied during any one of the three 6-in. (0.15-m) increments described in 7.1.4.

7.2.2 A total of 100 blows have been applied.

7.2.3 There is no observed advance of the sampler during the application of 10 successive blows of the hammer.

7.2.4 The sampler is advanced the complete 18 in. (0.45 m) without the limiting blow counts occurring as described in 7.2.1, 7.2.2, or 7.2.3.

7.3 Record the number of blows required to effect each 6 in. (0.15m) of penetration or fraction thereof. The first 6 in. is considered to be a seating drive. The sum of the number of blows required for the second and third 6 in. of penetration is termed the "standard penetration resistance", or the "N-value". If the sampler is driven less than 18 in. (0.45 m), as permitted in 7.2.1, 7.2.2, or 7.2.3, the number of blows per each complete 6-3%. (0.16-m) increment and per each partial increment shall be recorded on the boring log. For partial increments, the depth of penetration shall be reported to the nearest 1 in. (25 mm), in addition to the number of blows. If the sampler advances below the bottom of the boring under the static weight of the drill rods or the weight of the drill rods plus the static weight of the hammer, this information should be noted on the boring log.

7.4 The raising and dropping of the 140-lb (62.5-kg) hammer shall be accomplished using either of the following two methods:

7.4.1 By using a trip, automatic, or semi-automatic hammer drop system which lifts the 140-lb (63.5-kg) hammer and allows it to drop 30 ± 1.0 in. (0.76 m \pm 25 mm) unimpeded.

7.4.2 By using a cathead to pull a rope attached to the hammer. When the cathead and rope method is used the system and operation shall conform to the following:

7.4.2.1 The cathead shall be essentially free of rust, oil, or grease and have a diameter in the range of 6 to 10 in. (150 to 250 mm).

ASTM Designation: D 1586

7.4.2.2 The cathead should be operated at a minimum speed of rotation of 100 RPM, or the approximate speed of rotation shall be reported on the boring log.

7.4.2.3 No more than 2% rope turns on the cathead may be used during the performance of the penetration test, as shown in Fig. 1.

NOTE 4—The operator should generally use either 1% of 2% rope turns, depending upon whether or not the rope comes off the top (1% turns) or the bottom (2% turns) of the cathead. It is generally known and accepted that 2% or more rope turns considerably impedes the fall of the hammer and should not be used to perform the test. The cathead rope should be maintained in a relatively dry, clean, and unfrayed condition.

7.4.2.4 For each hammer blow, a 30-in. (0.76-m) lift and drop shall be employed by the operator. The operation of pulling and throwing the rope shall be performed rhythmically without holding the rope at the top of the stroke.

7.5 Bring the sampler to the surface and open. Record the percent recovery or length of sample recovered. Describe the soil samples recovered as to composition, color, stratification, and condition, then place one or more representative portions of the sample into sealable moisture-proof containers (jars) without ramming or distorting any apparent stratification. Seal each container to prevent evaporation of soil moisture. Affix labels to the containers bearing job designation, boring number, sample depth, and the blow count per 6-in. (0.15-m) increment. Protect the samples against extreme temperature changes. If there is a soil change within the sampler, make a jar for each stratum and note its location in the sampler barrel.

8. Report

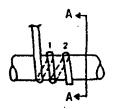
- 8.1 Drilling information shall be recorded in the field and shall include the following:
 - 8.1.1 Name and location of job,
 - 8.1.2 Names of crew,
- 8.1.3 Type and make of drilling machine,
 - 8.1.4 Weather conditions,
- 8.1.8 Date and time of start and finish of boring,
- 8.1.6 Boring number and location (station and coordinates, if available and applicable).
 - 8.1.7 Surface elevation, if available,
- 8.1.8 Method of advancing and cleaning the boring,

- 8.1.9 Method of keeping boring open,
- 8.1.10 Depth of water surface and drilling depth at the time of a noted loss of drilling fluid, and time and date when reading or notation was made,
 - 8.1.11 Location of strata changes,
- 8.1.12 Size of casing, depth of cased portion of boring,
- 8.1.13 Equipment and method of driving sampler,
- 8.1.14 Type of sampler and length and inside diameter of barrel (note use of liners),
- 8.1.15 Size, type, and section length of the sampling rods, and
 - 8.1.16 Remarks.
- 8.2 Data obtained for each sample shall be recorded in the field and shall include the following:
- 8.2.1 Sample depth and, if utilized, the sample number,
 - 8.2.2 Description of soil,
 - 8.2.3 Strata changes within sample,
- 8.2.4 Sampler penetration and recovery lengths, and
- 8.2.6 Number of blows per 6-in. (0.16-m) or partial increment.

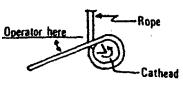
9. Precision and Bias

- 9.1 Variations in N-values of 100% or more have been observed when using different standard penetration test apparatus and drillers for adjacent borings in the same soil formation. Current opinion, based on field experience, indicates that when using the same apparatus and driller, N-values in the same soil can be reproduced with a coefficient of variation of about 10%.
- 9.2 The use of faulty equipment, such as an extremely massive or damaged anvil, a rusty cathead, a low speed cathead, an old, oily rope, or massive or poorly lubricated rope sheaves can significantly contribute to differences in N-values obtained between operator-drill rig systems.
- 9.3 The variability in N-values produced by different drill rigs and operators may be reduced by measuring that part of the hammer energy delivered into the drill rods from the sampler and adjusting N on the basis of comparative energies. A method for energy measurement and N-value adjustment is currently under development.

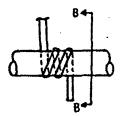
ASTM Designation: D 1586



(a) counterclockwise rotation approximately 1% turns



Section A-A

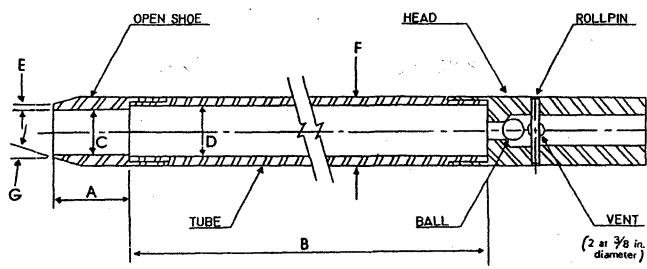


(b) clockwise rotation approximately 2% turns



Section B-B

719. 1 Definitions of the Number of Rope Turns and the Angle for (a) Counterclockwise Retation and (b) Clockwise Retation of the Cathead



- (mm 08 ot 350 ... tt 0.5 ot 0.1 = A
- B = 18.0 to \$0.0 tn. (0.457 to 0.762 m)
- $C = 1.878 \pm 0.006$ in. (34.95 ± 0.18 mm)
- $D = 1.80 \pm 0.08 0.00 \text{ m.}$ (58.1 $\pm 1.5 0.0 \text{ mm}$)
- $E = 0.10 \pm 0.02$ in. (8.54 ± 0.26 mm)
- $F = 2.00 \pm 0.06 0.00 \text{ in. } (60.8 \pm 1.8 0.0 \text{ mm})$
- G = 16.0° to 25.0° .

The 1% in. (36 mm) inside diameter split barrel may be used with a 16-gage wall thinkness split liner. The penetrating end of the drive shoe may be slightly rounded. Metal or plastic retainers may be used to retain soil samples.

FIG. 8 Split-Barrel Sampler

The American Society for Testing and Materials takes no position respecting the validity of any patent rights asserted in connection with any item mentioned in this standard. Users of this standard are expressly advised that determination of the validity of any such patent rights, and the risk of infringement of such rights, are entirely their own responsibility.

This standard is subject to revision at any time by the responsible technical committee and must be reviewed every five years and if not revised, either responsed or withdrawn. Your comments are invited either for revision of this standard or for additional standards and should be addressed to ASTM Headquarters. Your comments will receive careful consideration at a meeting of the responsible technical committee, which you may attend. If you feel that your comments have not received a fair hearing you should make your views known to the ASTM Committee on Standards, 1916 Race St., Philadelphia, Pa. 19103.



AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR TESTING AND MATERIALS

Standard Practice for

THIN-WALLED TUBE SAMPLING OF SOILS1

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D 1887; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of the last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (5) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This practice has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense and for listing in the DOD Index os Specifications and Standards.

1. Scope

1.1 This practice covers a procedure for using a thin-walled metal tube to recover relatively undisturbed soil samples suitable for laboratory tests of structural properties. Thin-walled tubes used in piston, plug, or rotary-type samplers, such as the Denison or Pitcher, must comply with the portions of this practice which describe the thin-walled tubes (5.3).

NOTE 1.—This practice does not apply to liners used within the above samplers.

2. Applicable Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:

D2483 Practice for Description and Identification of Soils (Visual-Manual Procedure)²

D3550) Practice for Ring-Lined Barrel Sampling of Boils²

D4220 Practice for Preserving and Transporting Soil Samples²

5. Summary of Practice

3.1 A relatively undisturbed sample is obtained by pressing a thin-walled metal tube into the in-situ soil, removing the soil-filled tube, and scaling the ends to prevent the soil from being disturbed or losing moisture.

4. Significance and Use

4.1 This practice, or Practice D3550, is used when it is necessary to obtain a relatively undisturbed specimen suitable for laboratory tests of structural properties or other tests that might be influenced by soil disturbance.

5. Apparatus

5.1 Erilling Equipment—Any drilling equipment may be used that provides a reasonably clean hole; that does not disturb the soil to be sampled; and that does not hinder the penetration of the thin-walled sampler. Open

borehole diameter and the inside diameter of driven casing or hollow stem auger shall not exceed 3.5 times the outside diameter of the thin-walled tube.

- 5.2 Sampler Insertion Equipment, shall be adequate to provide a relatively rapid continuous penetration force. For hard formations it may be necessary, although not recommended, to drive the thin-walled tube sampler.
- 5.3 Thin-Walled Tubes, should be manufactured as shown in Fig. 1. They should have an outside diameter of 2 to 5 in. and be made of metal having adequate strength for use in the soil and formation intended. Tubes shall be clean and free of all surface irregularities including projecting weld seams.
- 5.3.1 Length of Tubes—See Table 1 and 6.4.
- 5.5.2 Tolerances, shall be within the limits shown in Table 2.
- 6.5.3 Inside Clearance Ratio, should be 1% or as specified by the engineer or geologist for the soil and formation to be sampled. Generally, the inside clearance ratio used should increase with the increase in plasticity of the soil being sampled. See Fig. 1 for definition of inside clearance ratio.
- 8.3.4 Corrosion Protection-Corrosion, whether from galvanic or chemical reaction, can damage or destroy both the thin-walled tube and the sample. Severity of damage is a function of time as well as interaction between the sample and the tube. Thin-walled tubes should have some form of protective costing. Tubes which will contain samples for more than 72 h shall be coated. The type of coating to be used may vary depending upon the material to be sampled. Coatings may include a light coat of lubricating oil, lacquer, epoxy, Tefion, and others. Type of coating must be specified by the en-

gineer or geologist if storage will exceed 72 h. Plating of the tubes or alternate base metals may be specified by the engineer or geologist.

5.4 Sampler Head, serves to couple the thin-walled tube to the insertion equipment and, together with the thin-walled tube, comprises the thin-walled tube sampler. The sampler head shall contain a suitable check valve and a venting area to the outside equal to or greater than the area through the check valve. Attachment of the head to the tube shall be concentric and coaxial to assure uniform application of force to the tube by the sampler insertion equipment.

6. Procedure

- 6.1 Clean out the borehole to sampling elevation using whatever method is preferred that will ensure the material to be sampled is not disturbed. If groundwater is encountered, maintain the liquid level in the borehole at or above ground water level during the sampling operation.
- 6.2 Bottom discharge bits are not permitted. Side discharge bits may be used, with caution. Jetting through an open-tube sampler to clean out the borehole to sampling elevation is not permitted. Remove loose material from the center of a casing or hollow stem auger as carefully as possible to avoid disturbance of the material to be sampled.

¹This practice is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D-18 on Soil and Rook and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D18.02 on Sampling and Related Field Testing for Soil Investigation.

Current edition approved Aug. 17, 1985. Published October 1985. Originally published as D 1887-58T. Lest previous edition D 1887-74.

**Annual Rook of ASTM Standards, Vol 04.08.

NOTE 2-Roller bits are available in downward-jetting and diffused-jet configurations. Downward-jetting configuration rock bas are not acceptable. Diffuse-jet configurations are generally acceptable.

6.3 Place the sample tube so that its bottom rests on the bottom of the hole. Advance the sampler without rotation by a continuous relatively rapid mo-

6.4 Determine the length of advance by the resistance and condition of the formation, but the length shall never exceed 5 to 10 diameters of the tube in sands and 10 to 15 diameters of the tube in clays.

NOTE 3-Weight of sample, laboratory handling capabilities, transportation problems, and commercial availability of tubes will generally limit maximum practical lengths to those shown

6.5 When the formation is too hard for push-type insertion, the tube may be driven or Practice D3650 may be used. Other methods, as directed by the engineer or geologist, may be used. If driving methods are used, the data regarding weight and fall of the hammer and penetration achieved must be shown in the report. Additionally, that tube must be prominently labeled a "driven sample."

6.6 In no case shall a length of advance be greater than the sample-tube length minus an allowance for the sampler head and a minimum of 3 in. for sludge-end cuttings.

NOTE 4-The tube may be rotated to shear bottom of the sample after pressing is complete.

6.7 Withdraw the sampler from the fermation as carefully as possible in order to minimize disturbance of the

7. Preparation for Shipment

7.1 Upon removal of the tube, measure the length of sample in the tube. Remove the disturbed material in the upper end of the tube and measure the length again. Seal the upper end of the tube. Remove at least 1 in. of material from the lower end of the tube. Use this material for soil description in accordance with Practice D2488. Measure the overall sample length. Seal the lower end of the tube. Alternatively, after measurement, the tube may be sealed without removal of soil from the ends of the tube if so directed by the engineer or geologist.

NOTE 8-Field extrusion and packaging of extruded samples under the specific direction of a geotechnical angineer or geologist is permitted.

NCTE 6-Tubes sealed over the ends as opposed to those sealed with expanding packers should contain end padding in end voids in order to prevent drainage or movement of the sample within

7.2 Prepare and immediately affix labels or apply markings as necessary to identify the sample. Assure that the markings or labels are adequate to survive transportation and storage.

ASTM Designation: D 1587

8. Report

- 8.1 The appropriate information is required as follows:
- 8.1.1 Name and location of the pro-
- 8.1.2 Boring number and precise location on project,
- 6.1.8 Surface elevation or reference to a datum,
- 8.1.4 Date and time of boring-start and finish.
- 8.1.5 Depth to top of sample and number of samples,
- 8.1.6 Description of sampler: size, type of metal, type of coating.
- 8.1.7 Method of sampler insertion: push or drive.

- 8.1.8 Method of drilling, size of hole. casing, and drilling fluid used.
- 8.1.9 Depth to groundwater level: date and time measured.
- 8.1.10 Any possible current or tidal effect on water level.
- 8.1.11 Soil description in accordance with Practice D2488.
- 8.1.12 Length of sampler advance, and
- 8.1.13 Recovery: length of sample obtained.

9. Precision and Bias

9.1 This practice does not produce numerical data; therefore, a precision and bias statement is not applicable.

TABLE 1 Suitable Tislo-Walled Steel Sample Tubes

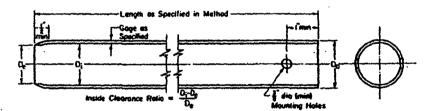
Outside diameter:			
tn.	2	8	6
m,m	8.00	TO.2	127
Wall thickness:			
Bwg	18	16	11
Jo.	0.049	0.065	0,120
10.TD	1.24	1.66	5.06
Tube length:			
in.	86	36	64
<u>m</u>	0.91	0.91	1.45
Gearance ratio, %	1	1.	1

AThe three diameters recommended in Table 1 are indicated for purposes of standardination, and are not intended to indicate that sampling takes of intermediate or isrger diameters are not acceptable. Lengths of subset shown are fituetrative. Proper langths to be determined as uited to field conditions.

ciousi Telerances for Thin-Walled Tubes

Mominal Tube Diameters from Table I ^A Tolerances, in.							
Size Outside Diameter	2	8	5				
Outside diameter	+ 0.007	+0.010	+0.016				
	~0.000 .	~0.000	~0.000				
Inside diameter	+0.000	+0.000	+0.000				
	-0.007	-0.010	Q.Q15				
Wall thickness	±0.007	±0.010	\$10.0±				
Oveltty	0.016	0.020	0.030				
Straightness	0.080/6	0.630/1	0:030/1				

^AIntermediate or larger diameters should be propos tional. Tolerances shown are essentially standard com-mercial manufacturing tolerances for seamless steel mechanical tubing specify only two of the first three tolreness; that is, O.D. and I.D., or O.D. or O.D. and Wall, or



NOTE 1—Minimum of two mounting holes on oppo

NOTE 2.—Minimum of four mounting holes spaced at 90° for samplers 4 in. and larger.
NOTE 3.—Tube held with hardened soreur.
NOTE 4.—Two-inch outside-diameter tubes are specified with an IS-gage wall thickness to comply with area ratio criteria. eccepted for "undisturbed emples." Beers are advised that such teiting is difficult to in sive in small quantities, directingly tubes are generally readily available.

in.	mm
/	6.97
%	18.7
1	84.4
	8,08
Ē%	60.0
•	101.6

YEG. 1 Thin-Walled Tube for Sampling

The American Society for Testing and Materials takes no position respecting the validity of any patent rights asserted in connection with any seem mentioned in this standard. Users of this standard are expressly edvised that determination of the validity of any such patent rights, and the risk of infringement of such rights, are entirely their own responsibility. This standard is subject to revision at any time by the responsible technical committee and smust be reviewed every five

years and if not revised, either reapproved or withdrawn. Tour comments are invited either for revision of this standard or for additional standards and abould be addressed to ASTM Headquarters. Your comments will receive careful considerssed to ASTM Headquarters. Your comments will receive careful considerstion at a meeting of the responsible technical committee, which you may attend. If you feel that your comments have not received a fair hearing you should make your views known to the ASTM Committee on Standards, 1916 Race St., Philadelphia, Pa. 19105.



03/17/89

LABORATORY REPORT

PAGE 1

S080 8432158 W61

STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO
111 PFINGSTEN ROAD
NORTHBROOK ,IL 60062

ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89052-S14145 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/B-1
DATE COLLECTED 02/16/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS	EP TOXICITY		EP LIMIT	HAZ.CODE
CONFIRMATION ?	N/A	PPM				
BARIUM - EP			0.07	MG/L	100.0	
CADMIUM - EP			<0.05	MG/L	1.0	
CHROMIUM - EP			<0.05	MG/L	5.0	
LEAD - EP			<0.5	MG/L	5.0	
SILVER - EP			<0.02	MG/L	5.0	
ARSENIC - EP			<0.010	MG/L	5.0	
SELENIUM - EP			<0.020	MG/L	1.0	
MERCURY - EP	•	•	<0.0004	MG/L	0.2	
ACENAPHTHENE	<0.010	PPM				
ACENAPHTYLENE	<0.010	PPM			•	
ANTHRACENE	<0.010	PPM				
BENZIDINE	<0.010	PPM				
BENZO (A) ANTHRACENE	<0.010	PPM				
BENZO (A) PYRENE	<0.010	PPM				
BENZO(B) FLUORANTHENE	<0.010	PPM				
BENZO(G,H,I)PERYLENE	<0.010	PPM				
BENZO(K) FLUORANTHENE	<0.010	PPM				
BIS (2-CHLOROETHOXY) METHA	<0.010	PPM				
BIS (2-CHLOROETHYL) ETHER	<0.010	PPM				
BIS (2-CHLOROISOPROPYL) ET	<0.010	PPM			•	
BIS (2-ETHYLHEXYL) PHTHALA	<0.010	PPM				
4-BROMOPHENYL PHENYL ETHER	<0.010	PPM				
BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM				
2-CHLORONAPHTHALENE	<0.010	PPN				
4-CHLOROPHENYL PHENYL ETHE	<0.010	PPN				
CHRYSENE	<0.010	PPK				
DIBENZO(A, H) ANTHRACENE	<0.010	PPM				
1.2-DICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM				
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM				
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM				

METHODS FOR CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF WATER AND WASTES, 1979, EPA-600/4-79-020.
TEST METHODS FOR EVALUATING SOLID WASTE, PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL METHODS, 1982, EPA SW846.
METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233.

PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30 DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED

N/T = NOT TESTED

N/A = NOT APPLICABLE

APPROVAL \\\

FAX: #414-764-0486

WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020



03/17/89

LABORATORY REPORT

PAGE 2

S080 8432158 W61

STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO

111 PFINGSTEN ROAD

NORTHBROOK

,IL 60062

ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89052-S14145 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/B-1 DATE COLLECTED 02/16/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS	EP TOXICITY	EP LIMIT	HAZ.CODE
3,3'-DICHLOROBENZIDINE	<0.010	PPM			
DIETHYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM			
DIMETHYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM			
DI-N-BUTYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM			
2,4-DINITROTOLUENE	<0.010	PPM			
2,6-DINITROTOLUENE	<0.010	PPM			
DI-N-OCTYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM			
1,2-DIPHENYLHYDRAZINE	<0.010	PPM			
FLUORANTHENE	<0.010	PPM			
FLUORENE	<0.010	PPM			
HEXACHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM			
HEXACHLOROBUTADIANE	<0.010	PPM			
HEXACHLOROCYCLOPENTADIENE	<0.010	PPM	•		J.F
HEXACHLOROETHANE	<0.010	PPM			
INDENO(1,2,3,C,D)PYRENE	<0.010	PPM			•
ISOPHORONE	<0.010	PPM			
NAPHTHALENE	<0.010	PPM			
NITROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM	,		
N-NITROSODIMETHYLAMINE	<0.010	PPM			•
N-NITROSO-DI-N-PROPYLAMINE	<0.010	PPM			
N-NITROSODIPHENYLAMINE	<0.010	PPM			
PHENANTHRENE	<0.010	PPM			
PYRENE	<0.010	PPM			
1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM			
2-CHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
2,4-DICHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM	* 4		
2,4-DIMETHYLPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
4,6-DINITRO-2-METHYLPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
2,4-DINITROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
2-NITROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
4-NITROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
4-CHLORO-3-METHYLPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
PENTACHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			

METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233.

PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30 DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED N/T = NOT TESTED N/A = NOT APPLICABLE APPROVAL

FAX #414-764-0486

WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020



03/17/89

LABORATORY REPORT

PAGE 3

S080 8432158 W61

STS CONSULTANTS LTD. - CHGO

111 PFINGSTEN ROAD NORTHBROOK

,IL 60062

ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89052-S14145 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/B-1 DATE COLLECTED 02/16/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS	EP TOXICITY	EP LIMIT HAZ.CODE
PHENOL	<0.025	PPM		
2,4,6-TRICHLOROPHENOL .	<0.025	PPM		
BENZENE	0.014	PPM		
BROMOFORM	<0.001	PPM		
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	<0.001	PPM		
CHLOROBENZENE	<0.001	PPM		
CHLORODIBROMOMETHANE	<0.001	PPM		
CHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM		
2-CHLOROETHYLVINYL ETHER	<0.001	PPM	-	
CHLOROFORM	<0.001	PPM	•	
DICHLOROBROMOMETHANE	<0.001	PPM	,	
DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE	<0.001	PPM		
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM		•
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM		
1,1-DICHLOROETHYLENE	<0.001	PPM		•
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	<0.001	PPM		•
DICHLOROPROPYLENE (MIXED)	<0.001	PPM		
ETHYLBENZENE	<0.002	PPM		
METHYL BROMIDE	<0.001	PPM		
METHYL CHLORIDE	<0.001	PPM		
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	<0.001	PPM		
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM		•
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	<0.001	PPM		•
TOLUENE	0.011	PPM	•	
1,2-TRANSDICHLOROETHYLENE	<0.001	PPM	•	
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM		
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM .		
TRICHLOROETHYLENE	<0.001	PPM		
TRICELOROFLUOROMETHANE	<0.001	PPM		
VINYL CHLORIDE	<0.001	PPM		
ALDRIN	<2.0	PPB		
	HIGH DETE	CTION LIM	ITS DUE TO MATRIX	i nt er f erence
ALPHA-BHC	<2.0	PPB		•

METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233. PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30 DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED

N/T = NOT TESTED

N/A = NOT APPLICABLE

APPROVAL .

FAX #414-764-0486

WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020



03/17/89

LABORATORY REPORT

PAGE

8080 8432158 W61

STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO 111 PFINGSTEN ROAD ,IL 60062 · NORTHBROOK

ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89052-S14145 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/B-1 DATE COLLECTED 02/16/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	Units	EP	TOXIC	ITY		EP LIMIT	HAZ.CODE
BETA-BHC	<2.0	PPB						
GAMMA-BHC (LINDANE)	<2.0	PPB						
DELTA-BHC	⟨2.0	PPB						
CHLORDANE	<2.0	PPB						
4,4'DDT	<0,2	PPB						
4,4'DDE	<0.2	PPB						
4,4'DDD	<0.2	PPB						
DIELDRIN	<0.2	PPB						
ENDOSULFAN I	<0.2	PPB		•				
ENDOSULFAN II	<0.2	PPB						
ENDOSULFAN SULFATE	<0.2	PPB						
ENDRIN	<0.2	PPB						
ENDRIN ALDEHYDE	<0.2	PPB					*	
HEPTACHLOR	₹2.0	PPB			. •			
	HIGH DETEC	TION LIMI	TS I	OUE TO	MATE	XIS	INTERFERENCE	
HEPTACHLOR EPOXIDE	<2.0	PPB						
TOXAPHENE	<2.0	PPB						
PCB'S - SOLIDS, OIL, WASTE	<1.0	PPM						
PCB'S IN WATER	N/T	PPB	,					
CALCIUM - TOTAL	37000	PPM						
POTASSIUM - TOTAL	240	PPM						
CHLORIDE	<10	PPM						
PH (UNITS)	8.3						2.0-12.5	
	PH DONE ON	10% SOLU	TION	ī.				
SULFATE	130	PPM						
TOTAL CYANIDE	<10	PPM						
TOTAL SOLIDS	80	•						
TOTAL KJELDAHL NITROGEN	76	PPM						
TOTAL PHOSPHORUS	26	PPM						

METHODS FOR CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF WATER AND WASTES, 1979, EPA-600/4-79-020. TEST METHODS FOR EVALUATING SOLID WASTE, PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL METHODS, 1982, EPA SW846. METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233.

PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30 DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED

N/A = NOT APPLICABLE APPROVAL

M.T.

1-800-365-3840

FAX #414-764-0486

WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020



ENVIRONMENTAL

140 EAST RYAN ROAD OAK CREEK, WI 53154-4599 (414) 764-7005

03/17/89

LABORATORY REPORT

STS CONSULTANTS LTD. NORTHBROOK, ILLINGIS ANDE? MAR 20 1989

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STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO 111 PFINGSTEN ROAD NORTHBROOK ,IL 60062 ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

89052-S14105 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/B-2 SAMPLE DATE COLLECTED 02/16/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS	EP TOXICITY		EP LIMIT	HAZ.CODE
CONFERMATION ?	N/A	PPM				
BARIUM - EP			0.12	MG/L	100.0	
CADMIUM - EP			<0.05	MG/L	1.0	
CHROMIUM - EP			<0.05	MG/L	5.0	•
LEAD - EP			<0.5	MG/L	5.0	
SILVER - EP			<0.02	MG/L	5.0	
ARSENIC - EP			<0.010	MG/L	5.0	
SELENIUM - EP			<0.020	MG/L	1.0	
MERCURY - EP	•		<0.0004	MG/L	0.2	
ACENAPHTHENE	<0.010	PPM				
ACENAPHTYLENE	<0.010	PPM				
ANTHRACENE	<0.010	PPM				
BENZIDINE	<0.019	PPM				
BENZO (A) ANTHRACENE	<0.010	PPM				
BENZO (A) PYRENE	<0.010	PPM	•			
BENZO(B) FLUORANTHENE	<0.010	PPM				
BENZO(G,H,I)PERYLENE	<0.010	, PPM				
Benzo (k) fluoranthene	<0.010	PPM				
BIS (2-CHLOROETHOXY) METHA	<0.010	PPM				
BIS (2-CHLOROETHYL) ETHER	<0.010	PPM				
BIS (2-CHLOROISOPROPYL) ET	<0.010	PPM				
BIS (2-ETHYLHEXYL) PHTHALA	<0.010	PPM				
4-BROMOPHENYL PHENYL ETHER	<0.010	PPM				
BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM				
2-CHLORONAPHTHALENE	<0.010	PPM				
4-CHLOROPHENYL PHENYL ETHE	<0.010	PPM				
CHRYSENE	<0.010	PPM				
DIBENZO(A,H)ANTHRACENE	<0.010	PPM				
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM				
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM			,	
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM			·	

METHODS FOR CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF WATER AND WASTES, 1979, EPA-600/4-79-020. TEST METHODS FOR EVALUATING SOLID WASTE, PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL METHODS, 1982, BPA SW846. METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233.

PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30 DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED. APPROVAL

N/T = NOT TESTED N/A = NOT APPLICABLE



03/17/89

LABORATORY REPORT

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STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO 111 PFINGSTEN ROAD ,IL 60062 NORTHBROOK ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89052-S14105 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/B-2 DATE COLLECTED 02/16/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS	EP TOXICITY	EP LIMIT	HAZ. CODE
3,3'-DICHLOROBENZIDINE	<0.010	PPM			
DIETHYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM			
DIMETHYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM			
DI-N-BUTYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM			
2,4-DINITROTOLUENE	<0.010	PPM			
2,6-DINITROTOLUENE	<0.010	PPM			
DI-N-OCTYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM			
1,2-DIPHENYLHYDRAZINE	<0.010	PPM			ė
FLUORANTHENE	<0.010	PPM	•	•	
FLUOBENE	<0.010	PPM			
HEXACHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM			
HEXACHLOROBUTADIANE	<0.010	PPM			
HEXACHLOROCYCLOPENTADIENE	<0.010	PPM			
REMACHLOROETHANE	<0.910	. PM		•	
INDENO(1,2,3,C,D)PYRENE	¿0.010	PPM			
ISOPHORONE	<0.010	PPM			
NAPHTHALENE	<0.010	PPM			·
NITROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM			
N-NITROSODIMETHYLAMINE	<0.010	PPM			
n-nitroso-di-n-propylamine	<0.010	PPM			
N-NITROSODIPHENYLAMINE	<0.010	PPM			
PHENANTHRENE	<0.010	PPM			•
PYRENE:	<0.010	PPM			
1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM			
2-CHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM		•	
2,4-DICHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
2,4-DIMETHYLPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			·
4,6-DINITRO-2-METHYLPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
2,4-DINITROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
2-NITROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
4-NITROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
4-CHLORO-3-METHYLPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
PENTACHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			

METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233. PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30 DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED.

N/T = NOT TESTED N/A = NOT APPLICABLE APPROVAL MT.



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STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO 111 PFINGSTEN ROAD NORTHBROOK ,IL 60062 ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89052-S14105 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/B-2 DATE COLLECTED 02/16/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS	EP TOXICITY	EP LIMIT HAZ.CODE
PHENOL	<0.025	PPM		•
2,4,6-TRICHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM		
BENZENE	<0.002	PPM		
BROMOFORM	<0.001	MAA	•	•
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	<0.001	PPM		
CHLOROBENZENE	<0.001	PPM		
CHLORODIBROMOMETHANE	<0.001	PPM		
CHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM		
2-CHLOROETHYLVINYL ETHER	<0.001	PPM		
CHLOROFORM	<0.001	PPM		
DICHLOROBROMOMETHANE	<0.001	PPM		
DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE	<0.001	PPM		
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM *		
1,2-Dichloroethane	<0.001	PPM		
1.1-DICHLOROETHYLENE	<0.001	PPM		
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	<0.001	PPM		
DICHLOROPROPYLENE (MIXED)	<0.001	PPM		
ethylbenzene	<0.002	PPM		
METHYL BROMIDE	<0.001	PPM		
METHYL CHLORIDE	<0.001	PPN		•
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	0.019	PPM		·
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM		•
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	0.001	PPM		
TOLUENE	. 0.003	PPM		
1,2-TRANSDICHLOROETHYLENE	<0.001	PPM		
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM		•
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM		
TRICHLOROETHYLENE	0.006	PPM .		
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	<0.001	PPM		
VINYL CHLORIDE	0.006	PPM		
ALDRIN	<2.0	PPB		
АГРНА-ВНС	<2.0	PPB		
BETA-BHC	<2.0	PPB		

METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233.

PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL, BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30 DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED.

N/T = NOT TESTED N/A = NOT APPLICABLE

APPROVAL 247/2



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STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO
111 PFINGSTEN ROAD
NORTHBROOK ,IL 60062
ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89052-S14105 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/B-2
DATE COLLECTED 02/16/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS	EP TOXICITY	EP LIMIT	HAZ.CODE
GAMMA-BHC (LINDANE)	<2.0	PPB			
DELTA-BHC	<2.0	PPB			
	ELEVATED	DETECTION	LIMIT - DUE TO	SAMPLE MATRIX	
CHLORDANE	<0.2	PPB			
4,4'DDT	<0.2	PPB			
4,4'DDE	<0.2	PPB			
4,4'DDD	<0.2	PPB			
DIELDRIN	<0.2	PPB		•	
ENDOSULFAN I	<0.2	PPB			
ENDOSULFAN II	<0.2	PPB			
ENDOSULFAN SULFATE	<0.2	PPB			•
ENDRIN	<0.2	PPB			4 A.
ENDRIN ALDEHYDE	<0.2	PPB	№ 3%		A Section of the Contract of t
HEPTACHLOR	<2.0	PPB			
HEPTACHLOR EPOXIDE	<2.0	PPB			
TOXAPHENE	<2.0	PPB			
	ELEVATED 1	DETECTION	LIMIT - DUE TO	SAMPLE MATRIX	
PCB'S - SOLIDS, OIL, WASTE	<1.0	PPM		•	
PCB'S IN WATER	n/T	PPB	•		
CALCIUM - TOTAL	34000	PPM	•		
POTASSIUM - TOTAL	1300	PPM		•	
CHLORIDE	190	PPM			
PH (UNITS)	7.3			2.0-12.5	
	PH DONE O	n 10% soli	UTION.		
SULFAITE	3100	PPM			
TOTAL CYANIDE	<10	PPM			
TOTAL SOLIDS	82	•		•	
TOTAL KJELDAHL NITROGEN	63	PPM ·			
TOTAL PHOSPHORUS	22	PPM			

METHODS FOR CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF WATER AND WASTES, 1979, EPA-600/4-79-020.

TEST METHODS FOR EVALUATING SOLID WASTE, PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL METHODS, 1982, EPA SW846.

METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233.

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N/T = NOT TESTED

N/A = NOT APPLICABLE

APPROVAL ON MITTE

FAX #414-764-0486

WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020



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STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO 111 PFINGSTEN ROAD ,IL 60062 NORTHBROOK

ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89052-S14185 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/B-3 DATE COLLECTED 02/16/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS	EP TOXICITY	:	EP LIMIT	HAZ.CODE
CONFIRMATION ?	NO DO NOT	PPM CONFIRM PER	DAVE GRUMMAN	3/14/89	- JS	
BARIUM - EP				MG/L	100.0	
CADMHUM - EP			<0.05	MG/L	1.0	
CHROMIUM - EP			<0.05	MG/L	5.0	
LEAD - EP			<0.5	MG/L	5.0	
SILVER - EP			<0.02	MG/L	5.0	
ARSENIC - EP	•		<0.010	MG/L	5.0	
SELENIUM - EP			<0.020	MG/L	1.0	
MERCURY - EP			<0.0004	NG/L	0.2	
ACENAPHTHENE	<0.010	PPM				•
ACENAPHTYLENE	2.2	PPM				
ANTHRACENE	4.7	PPM	2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			
BENZIDINE	<0.010	PPM				
BENZO (A) ANTHRACENE	4.2	PPM				
BENZO (A) PYRENE	<0.010	PPM				
BENZO (B) FLUORANTHENE	<0.010	PPM				
BENZO(G,H,I)PERYLENE	<0.010	PPM				
Benzo (K) fluoranthene	<0.010	PPM				
BIS (2-CHLOROETHOXY) METHA	<0.010	PPM.				
BIS (2-CHLOROETHYL) ETHER	<0.010	PPM				
BIS (2-CHLOROISOPROPYL) ET	<0.010	PPM				
BIS (2-ETHYLHEXYL) PHTHALA	5.0	PPM			•	
4-BROMOPHENYL PHENYL ETHER	4.5	PPM				
BUTYL BENZYL PHIHALATE	35	PPM				
2-CHLORONAPHTHALENE	<0.010	PPM				
4-CHLOROPHENYL PHENYL ETHE	<0.010	PPM				
CHRYSENE	<0.010	PPM				•
DIBENZO(A, H) ANTHRACENE	<0.010	PPM				
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM				
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM				

METHODS FOR CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF WATER AND WASTES, 1979, EPA-600/4-79-020. TEST METHODS FOR EVALUATING SOLID WASTE, PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL METHODS, 1982, EPA SW846. METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233. PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL

BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30 DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED Y

N/T = NOT TESTED

N/A = NOT APPLICABLE

APPROVAL C



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STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO 111 PFINGSTEN ROAD NORTHBROOK ,IL 60062 ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

89052-S14185 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/B-3 DATE COLLECTED 02/16/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS	EP TOXICITY	EP LIMIT	HAZ.CODE
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM	•		
3,3 -DICHLOROBENZIDINE	<0.010	PPM			
DIETHYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM			
DIMETHYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM			
DI-N-BUTYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM			
2,4-DINITROTOLUENE	<0.010	PPM			
2,6-DINITROTOLUENE	3.4	PPM			
DI-N-OCTYL PHTHALATE	0.11	PPM			
1,2-DIPHENYLHYDRAZINE	0.76	PPM	•		
FLUORANTHENE	<0.010	PPM			
FLUORENE	0.34	PPM			
HEXACHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM	jet s		
HEXACHLOROBUTADIANE	<0.010	PPM	•'		
HEXACHLOROCYCLOPENTADIENE	<0.010	PPM			•
HEXACHLOROETHANE	<0.010	PPM			
INDENO(1,2,3,C,D)PYRENE	<0.010	PPM	•		
ISOPHORONE	3.7	PPM			
NAPHTHALENE	<0.010	PPM			
NITROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM	,		
N-NITROSODIMETHYLAMINE	<0.010	PPM		·	
N-NITROSO-DI-N-PROPYLAMINE	<0.010	PPM			•
N-NITROSODIPHENYLAMINE	<0.010	PPM			
PHENANTHRENE	0.43	PPM		•	
PYRENE	3.5	PPM			•
1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM			
2-CHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
2,4-DICHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
2,4-DIMETHYLPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
4,6-Dinitro-2-Methylphenol	<0.025	PPM	•		
2,4-DINITROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
2-NITROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
4-NITROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
4-CHLORO-3-METHYLPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			

METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233. PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED TO APPROVAL APPROVAL BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30

N/T = NOT TESTED

N/A = NOT APPLICABLE

APPROVAL _



03/17/89

LABORATORY REPORT

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STS CONSULTANTS LTD. - CHGO 111 PFINGSTEN ROAD NORTHBROOK ,IL 60062

ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89052-S14185 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/B-3 DATE COLLECTED 02/16/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS	EP TOXI	CITY	EP LIMIT	HAZ.CODE
PENTACHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM				
PHENOL	<0.025	PPM				
2,4,6-TRICHLOROPHENOL	. <0.025	PPM				
BENZENE	0.22	PPM				•
BROMOFORM	<0.001	PPM		-	•	
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	<0.001	PPM				
CHLOROBENZENE	<0.001	PPM				
CHLORODIBROMOMETHANE	<0.001	PPM				
CHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM				
2-CHLOROETHYLVINYL ETHER	<0.001	PPM				
CHLOROFORM	0.006	PPM			•	
DICHLOROBROMOMETHANE	<0.001	PPM				
DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE	<0.001	PPM				
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	₹0.001	PPM		V =		
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	0.001	PPM				
1,1-DICHLOROETHYLENE	<0.001	PPM				
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	<0.001	PPM			-	
DICHLOROPROPYLENE (MIXED)	<0.001	PPM				
ETHYLBENZENE .	<0.002	PPM				
METHYL BROMIDE	<0.001	PPM				
METHYL CHLORIDE	<0.001	PPM				
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	0.086	PPM				
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM			·	
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	0.002	PPM				_
TOLUENE	0.071	PPM				
1,2-TRANSDICHLOROETHYLENE	<0.001	PPM				
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	0.002	PPM				
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM				
TRICHLOROETHYLENE	<0.001	PPM				
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	<0.001	PPM				
VINYL CHLORIDE	0.009	PPM				
ALDRIN	<20	PPB				

METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233.

PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30 BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMEDE.

DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED.

N/M - NOT TESTED N/A = NOT APPLICABLE APPROVAL

HIGH DETECTION LIMITS DUE TO MATRIX INTERFERENCE

FAX #414-764-0486

WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020



03/17/89

LABORATORY REPORT

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STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO
111 PFINGSTEN ROAD
NORTHBROOK ,IL 60062

ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89052-S14185 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/B-3
DATE COLLECTED 02/16/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS	EP TOXICITY	EP LIMIT HAZ, CODE
ALPEA-BHC	<20	PPB		
BETA-BHC	<20	PPB		
GAMMA-BHC (LINDANE)	<20	PPB		
DELTA-BHC	<20	PPB		
CHLORDANE	<20	PPB		
4,4'-DDT	<20	PPB		
4,4'-DDE	<20	PPB		
4,4'-DDD	<20	PPB		
DIELDRIN	<20	PPB		
	HIGH DETEC	TION LIM	TS DUE TO MATRIX	INTERFERENCE
endosulfan i	<20	PPB		
ENDOSULFAN II	<20	PPB		·
ENDOSULFAN SULFATE	<20	PPB		
SNDRIN	<20	PPB		•
ENDRIN ALDEHYDE	<20	PPB		
HEPTACHLOR	<20	PPB		
HEPTACHLOR EPOXIDE	<20	PPB	•	-
TOXAPHENE	<20	PPB		
PCB'S - SOLIDS, OIL, WASTE	<2.0	PPM		
	HIGH DETEC	TION LIMI	TS DUE TO MATRIX	INTERFERENCE
PCB'S IN WATER	N/T	PPB		
CALCIUM - TOTAL	5900	PPM		
POTASSIUM - TOTAL	49	PPM		
CHLORIDE	940	PPM		
PH (UNITS)	7.2			2.0-12.5
	PH DONE ON	10% SOLU	TION.	
SULFATE	170	PPM		
TOTAL CYANIDE	<10	PPM		
TOTAL SOLIDS	31	•		
TOTAL KJELDAHL NITROGEN	150	PPM		
TOTAL PHOSPHORUS	13	PPM		

METHODS FOR CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF WATER AND WASTES, 1979, EPA-600/4-79-020.

TEST METHODS FOR EVALUATING SOLID WASTE, PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL METHODS, 1982, EPA SW846.

METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233.

PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30 DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED

N/T = NOT TESTED

N/A = NOT APPLICABLE

APPROVAL CILLIANA

FAX #414-764-0486

WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020



03/17/89

LABORATORY REPORT

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STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO 111 PFINGSTEN ROAD ,IL 60062 NORTHBROOK

ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89052-S14147 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/B-4 DATE COLLECTED 02/16/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS	EP TOXICITY		BP LIMIT	HAZ.CODE
CONFIRMATION ?	NO	PPM				
	DO NOT	CONFIRM PER	DAVE GRUMMAN	3/14/89	- JS	
BARIUM - EP			0.08	MG/L	100.0	
CADMIUM - EP			<0.05	MG/L	1.0	
CHROMIUM - EP		÷	<0.05	MG/L	5.0	
LEAD - EP			<0.5	MG/L	5.0	
SILVER - EP			<0.02	MG/L	5.0	
ARSENIC - EP			<0.010	MG/L	5.0	
SELENIUM - EP			<0.020	MG/L	1.0	
MERCURY - EP			<0.0004	MG/L	0.2	
ACENAPHTHENE	<0.010	PPM				
ACENAPHTYLENE	<0.010	PPM				
ANTHRACENE	<0.010	PPM				
BENZIDINE	<0.010	PPM -				·
BENZO (A) ANTHRACENE	<0.010	PPM			•	
BENZO (A) PYRENE	<0.010	PPM .				
BENZO(B) FLUORANTHENE	<0.010	PPM				
BENZO(G,H,I)PERYLENE	<0.010	PPN				
BENZO(K) FLUORANTHENE	<0.010	PPM	•			
BIS (2-CHLOROETHOXY) METHA	<0.010	PPM			-	
BIS (2-CHLOROETHYL) ETHER	<0.010	PPM.				
BIS (2-CHLOROISOPROPYL) ET	<0.010	PPM				
BIS (2-ETHYLHEXYL) PHTHALA	<0.010	PPM				
4-BRCMOPHENYL PHENYL ETHER	<0.010	PPM				
BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM				
2-CHLORONAPHTHALENE	<0.010	PPM				
4-CHLOROPHENYL PHENYL ETHE	<0.010	PPM				•
CHRYSENE	<0.010	PPM				
DIBENZO(A, H) ANTHRACENE	<0.010	PPM				
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM				
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM				

METHODS FOR CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF WATER AND WASTES, 1979, EPA-600/4-79-020. TEST METHODS FOR EVALUATING SOLID WASTE, PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL METHODS, 1982, EPA SW846. METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233.

PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. REMAINING HASTE SAMPLES WILL BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30 DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED N/A = NOT APPLICABLE APPROVAL

N/T = NOT TESTED

N/A = NOT APPLICABLE



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LABORATORY REPORT

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STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO 111 PFINGSTEN ROAD ,IL 60062 NORTHBROOK

ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

89052-S14147 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/B-4 DATE COLLECTED 02/16/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE
DIETHYL PHTHALATE (0.010 PPM DIMETHYL PHTHALATE (0.010 PPM DI-N-BUTYL PHTHALATE (0.010 PPM 2,4-DINITROTOLUENE (0.010 PPM 2,6-DINITROTOLUENE (0.010 PPM DI-N-OCTYL PHTHALATE (0.010 PPM 1,2-DIPHENYLHYDRAZINE (0.010 PPM FLUGRANTHENE (0.010 PPM FLUGRANTHENE (0.010 PPM HEXACHLOROBENZENE (0.010 PPM HEXACHLOROBUTADIANE (0.010 PPM HEXACHLOROETTADIENE (0.010 PPM HEXACHLOROETTANE (0.010 PPM INDENO(1,2,3,C,D)PYRENE (0.010 PPM ISOPHORONE (0.010 PPM NAPHTHALENE (0.010 PPM NAPHTHALENE (0.010 PPM NAPHTHALENE (0.010 PPM N-NITROSODIMETHYLAMINE (0.010 PPM N-NITROSODIPHENYLAMINE (0.010 PPM N-NITROSODIPHENYLAMINE (0.010 PPM N-NITROSODIPHENYLAMINE (0.010 PPM N-NITROSODIPHENYLAMINE (0.010 PPM N-NITROSODIPHENYLAMINE (0.010 PPM
DIMETHYL PHTHALATE (0.010 PPM DI-N-BUTYL PHTHALATE (0.010 PPM 2,4-DINITROTOLUENE (0.010 PPM 2,6-DINITROTOLUENE (0.010 PPM DI-N-OCTYL PHTHALATE (0.010 PPM 1,2-DIPHENYLHYDRAZINE (0.010 PPM FLUORANTHENE (0.010 PPM FLUORANTHENE (0.010 PPM HEXACHLOROBENZENE (0.010 PPM HEXACHLOROGUTADIANE (0.010 PPM HEXACHLOROGUTADIENE (0.010 PPM HEXACHLOROGUTADIENE (0.010 PPM HEXACHLOROGUTADIENE (0.010 PPM INDENO(1,2,3,C,D)PYRENE (0.010 PPM ISOPHORONE (0.010 PPM NAPHTHALENE (0.010 PPM NITROSODIMETHYLAMINE (0.010 PPM N-NITROSODIMETHYLAMINE (0.010 PPM N-NITROSODIPHENYLAMINE (0.010 PPM N-NITROSODIPHENYLAMINE (0.010 PPM N-NITROSODIPHENYLAMINE (0.010 PPM N-NITROSODIPHENYLAMINE (0.010 PPM
DI-N-BUTYL PHTHALATE
2,4-DINITROTOLUENE
2,6-DINITROTOLUENE <0.010
DI-N-OCTYL PHTHALATE
1,2-DIPHENYLHYDRAZINE
FLUORANTHENE <0.010
FLUORENE
HEXACHLOROBENZENE <0.010 PPM HEXACHLOROBUTADIANE <0.010 PPM HEXACHLOROCYCLOPENTADIENE <0.010 PPM HEXACHLOROCTHANE <0.010 PPM INDEMO(1,2,3,C,D)PYRENE <0.010 PPM ISOPHORONE <0.010 PPM NAPHTHALENE <0.010 PPM NITROBENZENE <0.010 PPM N-NITROSODIMETHYLAMINE <0.010 PPM N-NITROSODIPHENYLAMINE <0.010 PPM N-NITROSODIPHENYLAMINE <0.010 PPM N-NITROSODIPHENYLAMINE <0.010 PPM
HEXACHLOROGYCLOPENTADIENE (0.010 PPM HEXACHLOROGYCLOPENTADIENE (0.010 PPM HEXACHLOROGYCLOPENTADIENE (0.010 PPM INDENO(1,2,3,C,D)PYRENE (0.010 PPM ISOPHORONE (0.010 PPM NAPHTHALENE (0.010 PPM NITROBENZENE (0.010 PPM N-NITROSODIMETHYLAMINE (0.010 PPM N-NITROSO-DI-N-PROPYLAMINE (0.010 PPM N-NITROSODIPHENYLAMINE (0.010 PPM N-NITROSODIPHENYLAMINE (0.010 PPM
HEXACHLOROCYCLOPENTADIENE (0.010 PPM HEXACHLOROETHANE (0.010 PPM INDENO(1,2,3,C,D)PYRENE (0.010 PPM ISOPHORONE (0.010 PPM NAPHTHALENE (0.010 PPM NITROBENZENE (0.010 PPM N-NITROSODIMETHYLAMINE (0.010 PPM N-NITROSO-DI-N-PROPYLAMINE (0.010 PPM N-NITROSODIPHENYLAMINE (0.010 PPM N-NITROSODIPHENYLAMINE (0.010 PPM
HEXACHLOROETHANE <0.010
INDENO(1,2,3,C,D)PYRENE <0.010
ISOPHORONE <0.010 PPM NAPHTHALENE <0.010 PPM NITROBENZENE <0.010 PPM N-NITROSODIMETHYLAMINE <0.010 PPM N-NITROSO-DI-N-PROPYLAMINE <0.010 PPM N-NITROSODIPHENYLAMINE <0.010 PPM
NAPHTHALENE <0.010 PPM NITROBENZENE <0.010 PPM N-NITROSODIMETHYLAMINE <0.010 PPM N-NITROSO-DI-N-PROPYLAMINE <0.010 PPM N-NITROSODIPHENYLAMINE <0.010 PPM
NITROBENZENE <0.010 PPM N-NITROSODIMETHYLAMINE <0.010 PPM N-NITROSO-DI-N-PROPYLAMINE <0.010 PPM N-NITROSODIPHENYLAMINE <0.010 PPM
N-NITROSODIMETHYLAMINE <0.010 PPM N-NITROSO-DI-N-PROPYLAMINE <0.010 PPM N-NITROSODIPHENYLAMINE <0.010 PPM
N-NITROSO-DI-N-PROPYLAMINE <0.010 PPM N-NITROSODI PHENYLAMINE <0.010 PPM
N-NITROSODI PHENYLAMINE (0.010 PPM
PHENANTHRENE (0.010 PPM
PYRENE <0.010 PPM
1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE (0.010 PPM
2-CHLOROPHENOL (0.025 PPM
2,4-DICHLOROPHENOL (0.025 PPM
2,4-DIMETHYLPHENOL <0.025 PPM
4,6-DINITRO-2-METHYLPHENOL (0.025 PPM
2,4-DINITROPHENOL <0.025 PPM
2-NITROPHENOL <0.025 PPM
4-NITROPHENOL <0.025 PPM
4-CHLORO-3-METHYLPHENOL (0.025 PPM

METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233,

PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30 DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED MILE APPROVAL MILE APPROVAL APPROVAL

N/T = NOT TESTED

N/A = NOT APPLICABLE

FAX #414-764-0486

WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020



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STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO 111 PFINGSTEN ROAD NORTHBROOK ,IL 60062 ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89052-S14147 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/B-4 DATE COLLECTED 02/16/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS	EP To	OXICITY	EP LIMIT	HAZ. CODE
PENTACHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM				
PHENOL	<0.025	PPM				
2,4,6-TRICHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM				
BENZENE	<0.002	PPM				
BROMOFORM	<0.001	PPM				
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	0.16	PPM				
CHLOROBENZENE	<0.001	PPM				
CHLORODIBROMOMETHANE	<0.001	PPM				
CHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM		•		
2-CHLOROETHYLVINYL ETHER	<0.001	PPM		•		
CHLOROFORM	0.12	PPM				
DICHLOROBROMOMETHANE	<0.001	PPM		•		
DICHLORODIFLUOROMETEANE	<0.001	PPM		100 C 1		
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM				
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	0.27	PPM				
1,1-DICHLOROETHYLENE	<0.001	PPM				
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	<0.001	PPM				
DICHLOROPROPYLENE (MIXED)	<0.001	PPM ·				•
ETHYLBENZENE	<0.002	PPM				
METHYL BROMIDE	<0.001	PPM				
METHYL CHLORIDE	<0.001	PPM				
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	0.15	PPM			•	
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM				
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	0.076	PPM				
TOLUENE	0.037	PPM				
1,2-TRANSDICHLOROETHYLENE	<0.001	PPM				
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM	•			
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM				•
TRICHLOROETHYLENE	0.046	PPM				
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	<0.001	PPM				
VINYL CHLORIDE	0.018	PPM				
ALDRIN	<20	PPB				
	HIGH DETE	CTION LIM	ITS DUE	E TO MATRIX	Interference	

METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233. PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30 DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED.

N/T = NOT TESTED N/A = NOT APPLICABLE APPROVAL MATERIAL APPROVAL

FAX #414-764-0486

WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020



03/17/89

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STS CONSULTANTS LTD. - CHGO 111 PFINGSTEN ROAD NORTHBROOK ,IL 60062 ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

89052-S14100 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/B-5 DATE COLLECTED 02/16/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS	EP TOXICITY		EP LIMIT	HAZ.CODE
CONFIRMATION ?	N/A	PPM				
BARIUM - EP	•		0.25	MG/L	100.0	
CADMIUM - EP			<0.05	MG/L	1.0	
CHROMIUM - EP			<0.05	MG/L	5.0	
LEAD - EP			<0.5	MG/L	5.0	
SILVER - EP			<0.02	MG/L	5.0	
ARSENIC - EP			<0.010	MG/L	5.0	
SELENIUM - EP			<0.020	MG/L	1.0	
MERCURY - EP			<0.0004	MG/L	0.2	
ACENAPHTHENE	<0.010	PPM				
ACENAPHTYLENE	<0.010	PPM				
ANTHRACENE	<0.010	PPM				
BENZIDINE	<0.010	PPM				
BENZO (A) ANTHRACENE	<0.010	PPM		(* 1. °K*)		
BENZO (A) PYRENE	<0.010	PPM				
BENZO(B) FLUORANTHENE	<0.010	PPM				
BENZO(G,H,I)PERYLENE	<0.010	PPM				
BENZO(K) FLUORANTHENE	<0.010	PPM				•
BIS (2-CHLOROETHOXY) METHA	<0.010	PPM		-	•	
BIS (2-CHLOROETHYL) ETHER	<0.010	PPM				
BIS (2-CHLOROISOPROPYL) ET	<0.010	PPM				
BIS (2-ETHYLHEXYL) PHTHALA	<0.010	PPM				
4-BROKOPHENYL PHENYL ETHER	<0.010	PPM				•
BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM				
2-CHLORONAPHTHALENE	<0.010	PPM				
4-CHLOROPHENYL PHENYL ETHE	<0.010	PPM				
CHRYSENE	<0.010	PPM				
DIBENZO(A, H) ANTHRACENE	<0.010	PPM				
1,2-DECHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM				
1,3-DECHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM				
1,4-DECHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM				

METHODS FOR CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF WATER AND WASTES, 1979, EPA-600/4-79-020. TEST METHODS FOR EVALUATING SOLID WASTE, PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL METHODS, 1982, EPA SW846. METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233.

PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30 DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED. MIZ

N/T = NOT TESTED

N/A = NOT APPLICABLE

APPROVAL

FAX #414-764-0486

WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #24[283020



03/17/89

LABORATORY REPORT

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S080 8432158 W61

STS CONSULTANTS LTD. - CHGO 111 PFINGSTEN ROAD ,IL 60062 NORTHBROOK

ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89052-S14100 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/B-5 DATE COLLECTED 02/16/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS	EP TOXICITY	EP LIMIT	HAZ.CODE
3.3'-DICHLOROBENZIDINE	<0.010	PPM			
DIETHYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM			
DIMETHYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM			
DI-N-BUTYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM			
2,4-DINITROTOLUENE	<0.010	PPM			
2.6-DINITROTOLUENE	<0.010	PPM			
DI-N-OCTYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM			
1,2-DIPHENYLHYDRAZINE	<0.010	PPM			•
FLUORANTHENE	<0.010	PPM	•		
FLUORENE	<0.010	PPM			
HEXACHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM	•		
HEXACHLOROBUTADIANE	<0.010	PPM			
HEXACHLOROCYCLOPENTADIENE	<0.010	PPM		· · · · · · · ·	
HEXACHLOROETHANE	<0.010	PPM	-		
INDENO(1,2,3,C,D)PYRENE	<0.010	PPM			
ISOPHORONE	<0.010	PPM		•	
NAPHTHALENE	<0.010	PPM			
NITROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM			
N-NITROSODIMETHYLAMINE	<0.010	PPM			
N-NITROSO-DI-N-PROPYLAMINE	<0.010	PPM			
n-nitrosodiphenylamine	<0.010	PPM			
PHENANTHRENE	<0.010	PPM			
PYRENE	<0.010	PPM			
1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM			
2-CHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
2,4-DICHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
2,4-DIMETHYLPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
4.6-DINITRO-2-METHYLPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
2,4-DHNITROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
2-NITROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
4-NITROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
4-CHLORO-3-METHYLPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
PENTACHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			

METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233.

PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30 DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED

N/T - NOT TESTED N/A = NOT APPLICABLE APPROVAL

M/T- NOT TESTED N/A = NOT APPLICABLE APPROVAL



03/17/89

LABORATORY REPORT

PAGE 3

S080 8432158 W61

STS CONSULTANTS LTD, -CHGO 111 PFINGSTEN ROAD NORTHBROOK ,IL 60062 ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89052-S14100 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/B-5 DATE COLLECTED 02/16/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS	EP TOXICITY	EP LIMIT	HAZ.CODE
PHENCL	<0.025	PPM			
2,4,6-TRICHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
BENZENE	<0.002	PPM			
BROMOFORM	<0.001	PPM			
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	<0.001	PPM		•	
CHLOROBENZENE	<0.001	PPM			
CHLORODIBROMOMETHANE	<0.001	PPM			
CHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM			
2-CHLOROETHYLVINYL ETHER	<0.001	PPM			
CHLOROFORM	<0.001	PPM			
DICHLOROBROMOMETHANE	<0.001	PPM			
DICHLORODIFLUOROMÈTHANE	<0.001	PPM			
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM	¥		
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	0.003	PPM			
1,1-DICHLOROETHYLENE	<0.001	PPM			
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	<0.001	PPM			
DICHLOROPROPYLENE (MIXED)	<0.001	PPM			
ETHYLBENZENE	<0.002	PPM			
METHYL BROMIDE	<0.001	PPM			
METHYL CHLORIDE	<0.001	PPM			
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	0.087	PPM			
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM			
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	0.008	PPM			
TOLUENE	0.037	PPM			
1,2-TEANSDICHLOROETHYLENE	<0.001	PPM			
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM			
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM			
TRICHLOROETHYLENE	<0.001	PPM			
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	<0.001	PPM			-
VINYL CHLORIDE	0.009	PPM			
ALDRIN	<2.0	PPB			
ALPHA-BHC	<2.0	PPB	•		
BETA-BHC	<2.0	PPB			

METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233. PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. BEMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DAID OF BRIEFE.

DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED.

APPROVAL MARKET APPROVAL BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30



03/17/89

LABORATORY REPORT

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STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO
111 PFINGSTEN ROAD
NORTHBROOK ,IL 60062
ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89052-S14100 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/B-5
DATE COLLECTED 02/16/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS	BP TOXICITY	EP LIMIT	HAZ.CODE
GAMMU-BHC (LINDANE)	<2.0	PPB			
DELTA-BHC	<2.0	PPB			
•	ELEVATED	DETECTION	LIMIT - DUE TO SA	MPLE MATRIX	
CHLORDANE	(0.2	PPB			
4,4'DDT	<0.2	PPB			
4,4'-DDE	<0.2	PPB			
4,4'-DDD	<0.2	PPB			
DIELDRIN	(0.2	PPB			
ENDOSULFAN I	<0.2	PPB			
ENDOSULFAN II	<0.2	PPB			
ENDOSULFAN SULFATE	<0.2	PPB			
ENDRIN	<0.2	PPB			
ENDRIN ALDEHYDE	<0.2	22:3			
HEPTACHLOR	(2.0	PPB			
HEPTACHLOR EPOXIDE	<2.0	PPB			
TOXAPHENE	<2.0	PPB			
		DETECTION	LIMIT - DUE TO SA	MPLE MATRIX	
PCB'S - SOLIDS, OIL, WASTE	(1.0	PPM			
PCB'S IN WATER	N/T	PPB			
CALCIUM - TOTAL	26000	PPM			
POTASSIUM - TOTAL	1500	PPM			
CHLORIDE	170	PPM			
PH (UNITS)	8.1			2.0-12.5	
	PH DONE	ON 10% SOL	UTION.		
SULFATE	950	PPM			
TOTAL CYANIDE	(10	PPM			
TOTAL SOLIDS	81	•	•		
TOTAL KJELDAHL NITROGEN	<50	PPM			
TOTAL PHOSPHORUS	. 14	PPM			

METHODS FOR CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF WATER AND WASTES, 1979, EPA-600/4-79-020.

TEST METHODS FOR EVALUATING SOLID WASTE, PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL METHODS, 1982, EPA SW846.

METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233.

PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30 DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED.

N/T = NOT TESTED

N/A = NOT APPLICABLE

APPROVAL JANA



03/17/89

LABORATORY REPORT

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STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO 111 PFINGSTEN ROAD NORTHBROOK ,IL 60062

ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89052-S14106 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/B-6 DATE COLLECTED 02/16/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS.	EP TOXICI	TY .	EP LIMIT	HAZ.CODE
CONFIRMATION ?	YES	PPM				
	PER D. GRU	MMAN 3/6				
BARIUM - EP			0.10	MG/L	100.0	
CADMIUM - EP		• ,	<0.05	MG/L	1.0	
CHROMIUM - EP			<0.05	MG/L	5.0	
LEAD - EP	•		<0.5	MG/L	5.0	
SILVER - EP			<0.02	MG/L	5.0	
ARSENIC - EP			<0.010	MG/L	5.0	
SELENIUM - EP			<0.020	MG/L	1.0	
MERCURY - EP		•	<0.0004	MG/L	0.2	
ACENAPHTHENE	<0.010	PPM		•		
ACENAPHTYLENE	<0.010	PPM				
ANTHRACENE	<0.010	PPM				
BENZIDINE	<0.010	PPM 📌 🦠				
BENZO (A) ANTHRACENE	3.9	PPK				
BENZO (A) PYRENE	3.5	PPM				
BENZO(B) FLUORANTHENE	<0.010	PPM				
BENZO(G,H,I)PERYLENE	<0.010	PPM				
BENZO(K) FLUORANTHENE	<0.010	PPM			•	
BIS (2-CHLOROETHOXY) METHA	<0.010	PPM				
BIS (2-CHLOROETHYL) ETHER	<0.010	PPM				
BIS (2-CHLOROISOPROPYL) ET	<0.010	PPM				
BIS (2-ETHYLHEXYL) PHTHALA	<0.010	PPM				
4-BRCMOPHENYL PHENYL ETHER	<0.010	PPM			,	
BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM				
2-CHLORONAPHTHALENE	<0.010	PPM				•
4-CHLOROPHENYL PHENYL ETHE	<0.010	PPM				
CHRYSENE	4.1	PPM				
DIBENZO(A, H) ANTHRACENE	2.4	PPM				
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM				
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM				

METHODS FOR CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF WATER AND WASTES, 1979, EPA-600/4-79-020. TEST METHODS FOR EVALUATING SOLID WASTE, PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL METHODS, 1982, EPA SW846. METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233.

PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30 DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED APPROVAL

N/T = NOT TESTED

N/A = NOT APPLICABLE

1-800-365-3840

FAX W414-764-0486

WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020



03/17/89

LABORATORY REPORT

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STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO

111 PFINGSTEN ROAD

NORTHBROOK

,IL 60062

ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89052-S14106 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/B-6
DATE COLLECTED 02/16/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS	EP TOXICITY	EP LIMIT	HAZ.CODE
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM			
3,3'-DICHLOROBENZIDINE	<0.010	PPM			
DIETEYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM			
DIMETHYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM			
DI-N-BUTYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM			
2,4-DINITROTOLUENE	<0.010	PPM	<i>;</i>		
2,6-DINITROTOLUENE	<0.010	PPM	•		
DI-N-OCTYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM			
1,2-DIPHENYLHYDRAZINE	<0.010	PPM		•	
FLUORANTHENE	7.1	PPM	•		
FLUORENE	<0.010	PPM "			
HEXACHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM			
HEXACHLOROBUTADIANE	<0.010	PPM	. +	-	*
HEXACHLOROCYCLOPENTADIENE	<0.010	PPM	•		
HEXACHLOROETHANE	<0.010	PPM			
INDENO(1,2,3,C,D)PYRENE	<0.010	PPM			
Isophorone	<0.010	PPM	•		
NAPHTHALENE	<0.010	PPM			
NITROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM	,		
n-nitrosodimethylamine	<0.010	PPM	•		
n-nitroso-di-n-propylamine	<0.010	PPM			
n-niteosodiphenylamine	<0.010	PPM			
PHENANTHRENE	8.8	PPM			
PYRENE	6.7	PPM			
1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM			
2-CHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPK			
2,4-DICHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
2,4-DIMETHYLPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
4,6-DINITRO-2-METHYLPHENOL	<0.025	PPM"			
2,4-DINITROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
2-NITROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
4-NITROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
4-CHLORO-3-METHYLPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			

METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233.

PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30 DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED.

N/T = NOT TESTED

N/A = NOT APPLICABLE

APPROVAL _

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LABORATORY REPORT

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STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO
111 PFINGSTEN ROAD
NORTHBROOK ,IL 60062

ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89052-S14106 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/B-6
DATE COLLECTED 02/16/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS	EP TOXICITY	EP LIMIT	HAZ.CODE
PENTACHLOROPHENOL	(0.025	PPM			
PHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
2,4,5-TRICHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
BENZENE	0.19	PPM -			
BROMOFORM	<0.001	PPM			
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	<0.001	PPM			
CHLOROBENZENE	<0.001	PPM			
CHLORODIBROMOMETHANE	<0.001	PPM			•
CHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM			
2-CHLOROETHYLVINYL ETHER	<0.001	PPM			
CHLOROFORM	0.003	PPM			
DICHLOROBROMOMETHANE	<0.001	PPM			
DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE	<0.001	PPM	,		
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM			
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	0.005	PPM			•
1,1-DICHLOROETHYLENE	<0.001	PPM			
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	<0.001	PPM			
DICHLOROPROPYLENE (MIKED)	<0.001	PPM			·
ethyl benzene	0.009	· PPM			
METHYL BROMIDE	<0.001	PPM			
METHYL CHLORIDE	<0.001	PPM			
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	0.008	PPM			
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM	•		
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	0.004	PPM			
TOLUENE	0.038	PPM			
1,2-TRANSDICHLOROETHYLENE	<0.001	PPM			
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	0.001	PPM			
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM			•
TRICHLOROETHYLENE	0.002	PPM			
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	0.055	PPM			
VINYL CHLORIDE	<0.001	PPM			
ALDRIN	<20	PPB			
ALPHA-BHC	<20	PPB			

METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233.

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N/T = NOT TESTED

N/A = NOT APPLICABLE

APPROVAL CHE

FAX #414.764.0486

WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020



03/17/89

LABORATORY REPORT

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STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO

111 PFINGSTEN ROAD

NORTHBROOK

,IL 60062

ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMFLE 89052-S14106 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/B-6
DATE COLLECTED 02/16/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS	EP TOX	CITY	EP LIMIT	HAZ, CODE
BETA-BHC	<20	PPB				
GAMMA-BHC (LINDANE)	<20	PPB				
DELTA-BHC	<20	PPB				
CHLORDANE	<20	PPB				
4,4'-DDT	<20	PPB			•	
4,4'-DDE	<20	PPB			ē	
4,4'-DDD	<20	PPB				
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			T.TMTT _	DUE TO SAME	T.F. WATERTY	
DIELDRIN	<20	PPB	DIMIT -	DOD TO DAME	DD MATETY	•
ENDOSULFAN I	<20	PPB		•		
ENDOSULFAN II	₹20	PPB				
ENDOSULFAN SULFATE	<20	PPB				
ENDRIN	<20	PPB				
	<20	PPB		. 4.	• .	
HEPTACHLOR	<20	PPB				
HEPTACHLOR EPOXIDE	<20	PPB				
TOXAPHENE	<20	PPB				
	-		LIMIT -	DUE TO SAME	LE MATRIX	
PCB'S - SOLIDS, OIL, WASTE	<10	PPM				
14- 0 04-155, 025, 100-2	-		LIMIT -	DUE TO SAME	LE MATRIX	
PCB'S IN WATER	N/T	PPB				
CALCIUM - TOTAL	45000	PPM				
POTASSIUM - TOTAL	800	PPM				
CHLORIDE	110	PPM		•		
PH (UNITS)	8.8				2.0-12.5	
	PH DONE OF	n 10% sola	TION.			
SULFATE	530	PPM				
TOTAL CYANIDE	<10	PPM				
TOTAL SOLIDS	90	•				
TOTAL KJELDAHL NITROGEN	100	PPM				
TOTAL PHOSPHORUS	420	PPM				

METHODS FOR CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF WATER AND WASTES, 1979, EPA-600/4-79-020.

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WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020

1-800-365-3840

FAX #414-764-0486



03/17/89

LABORATORY REPORT

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S080 8432158 W61

STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO 111 PFINGSTEN ROAD ,IL 60062 NORTHBROOK ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89052-S14186 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/B-7 DATE COLLECTED 02/16/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS	EP TOXICITY	ſ	EP LIMIT	HAZ.CODE
CONFIRMATION ?	NO DO NOT CON	PPM	DAVE GRUMMAI	7 7/14/RQ	TS	
BARIUM - EP				MG/L	100.0	
CADMIUM - EP				MG/L	1.0	
CHROMIUM - EP			<0.05	MG/L	5.0	
LEAD - EP			0.6	MG/L	5.0	
SILVER - EP			<0.02	MG/L	5.0	
ARSENIC - EP			<0.010	MG/L	5.0	
SELENIUM - EP			<0.020	MG/L	1.0	
MERCURY - EP			0.0006	MG/L	0.2	
ACENAPHTHENE	<0.010	PPM				
ACENAPHTYLENE	<0.010	PPM				
ANTHRACENE	<0.010	PPM				
BENZIDINE	<0.010	PPM			~	
BENZO (A) ANTHRACENE	2.9	PPM				
BENZO (A) PYRENE	1.8	PPM				
BENZO(B)FLUORANTHENE	1.8	PPM		•		
BENZO(G, H, I) PERYLENE	<0.010	PPM				
BENZO(K)FLUORANTHENE	<0.010	PPM				
BIS (2-CHLOROETHOXY) METHA	<0.010	PPM				
BIS (2-CHLOROETHYL) ETHER	<0.010	PPM	•		•	
BIS (2-CHLOROISOPROPYL) ET	<0.010	PPM				
BIS (2-ETHYLHEXYL) PHTHALA	<0.010	PPM				
4-BROMOPHENYL PHENYL ETHER	<0.010	PPM		-		
BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM				
2-CHLORONAPHTHALENE	<0.010	PPM				
4-CHLOROPHENYL PHENYL ETHE	<0.010	PPM				
CHRYSENE	<0.010	PPM				
DIBENZO(A, H) ANTHRACENE	<0.010	PPM				
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM				
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM				

METHODS FOR CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF WATER AND WASTES, 1979, EPA-600/4-79-020. TEST METHODS FOR EVALUATING SOLID WASTE, PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL METHODS, 1982, EPA SW846. METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233.

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N/T = NOT TESTED

N/A = NOT APPLICABLE

MIN APPROVAL '

FAX #414-764-0486

WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020



03/17/89

LABORATORY REPORT

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S080 8432158 W61

STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO 111 PFINGSTEN ROAD NORTHBROOK ,IL 60062

ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89052-S14186 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/B-7
DATE COLLECTED 02/16/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

madm 1731 m					
TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS	EP TOXICITY	EP LIMIT	HAZ.CODE
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM			
3,3'-DICHLOROBENZIDINE	<0.010	PPM			٠
DIETHYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM			
DIMETHYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM		_	
DI-N-BUTYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM			
2,4-DINITROTOLUENE	<0.010	PPM			
2,6-DINITROTOLUENE	<0.010	PPM			
DI-N-OCTYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM			
1,2-DMPHENYLHYDRAZINE	<0.010	PPM			
FLUORANTHENE	<0.010	PPM	•		
FLUORENE	<0.010	PPM			
HEXACHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM			
HEXACHLOROBUTADIANE	<0.010	PPM			
HEXACEL*) ROCYCLOPENTADIENE	<0.010	PPM	,	,	
HEXACHLOROETHANE	<0.010	PPM			
INDENO(1,2,3,C,D)PYRENE	<0.010	PPM			
ISOPHORONE	<0.010	PPM			
naphthalene	<0.010	PPM			
NITROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM			
N-NITROSODIMETHYLAMINE	<0.010	PPM		-	
N-NITROSO-DI-N-PROPYLAMINE	<0.010	PPM			
N-NITROSODIPHENYLAMINE	<0.010	PPM			
PHENANTHRENE	<0.010	PPM			
PYRENE	<0.010	PPM	•		
1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM	•		
2-CHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
2,4-DICHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
2,4-DIMETHYLPHENOL	<0.025	PPM	,		
4,6-DINITRO-2-METHYLPHENOL	<0.025	PPM [*]			
2,4-DINITROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM		•	
2-NITROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM	•	•	
4-NITROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM		•	
4-CHLORO-3-METHYLPHENOL	₹0.025	PPM			

METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233.

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BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30

DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED.

N/T = NOT TESTED

N/A = NOT APPLICABLE

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FAX #414-764-0486

WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020



03/17/89

LABORATORY REPORT

PAGE 3

S080 8432158 W61

STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO
111 PFINGSTEN ROAD
NORTHBROOK ,IL 60062
ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89052-S14186 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/B-7
DATE COLLECTED 02/16/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT.	UNITS	EP TOXICITY	EP LIMIT	HAZ.CODE
PENTACHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
PHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
2,4,6-TRICHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM		_	
BENZENE	<0.002	PPM			
BRONOFORM	<0.001	PPM			
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	<0.001	PPM			
CHLOROBENZENE	<0.001	PPM			
CHLORODIBROMOMETHANE	<0.001	PPM			
CHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM			
2-CHLOROETHYLVINYL BTHER	<0.001	PPM			
CHLOROFORM	0.008	PPM	•		
DICHLOROBROMOMETHANE	<0.001	PPM			
DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE	<0.001	PPM			
1,1-DICHLOROFTHANE	<0.001	PPM	· ·		
1,2-DICHLORGETHANE	0.006	PPM		•	
1,1-DICHLOROETHYLENE	<0.001	PPM			
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	<0.001	PPM			
DICHLOROPROPYLENE (MIXED)	<0.001	PPN			
ETHYLBENZENE	0.070	PPM			
METHYL BROMIDE	<0.001	PPM			
METHYL CHLORIDE	<0.001	PPM			
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	0.18	PPM			
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM			
TETRAC:HLOROETHYLENE	0.003	PPM			
TOLUENE	0.22	PPM			
1,2-TEANSDICHLOROETHYLENE	<0.001	PPM			
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	0.001	PPM			
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM			
TRICHLOROETHYLENE	0.002	PPM			•
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	<0.001	PPM			
VINYL CHLORIDE	0.005	PPM			
ALDRIN	<2.0	PPB			
	DITCH DEFE	CTTON TTO	THE DITE ON MARKE	TIME DEPOSITE	

HIGH DETECTION LIMITS DUE TO MATRIX INTERFERENCE

METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233.

PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL

BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30

DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED.

N/T - NOT TESTED N/A = NOT APPLICABLE APPROVAL MICH.

FAX #414-764-0486

WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020



03/17/89

LABORATORY REPORT

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STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO 111 PFINGSTEN ROAD

NORTHBROOK

,IL 60062

ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89052-S14101 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/B-8 DATE COLLECTED 02/16/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS	EP TOXICITY	EP LIMIT HAZ.CODE
CONFIRMATION 7	N/A	PPM		
BARIUM - EP			0.11 MG/L	100.0
CADMIUM - EP			<0.05 MG/L	1.0
CHROMIUM - EP			<0.05 MG/L	5.0
LEAD - EP			<0.5 MG/L	5.0
SILVER - EP			<0.02 MG/L	5.0
ARSENIC - EP	•		<0.010 MG/L	5.0
SELENIUM - RP			<0.020 MG/L	1.0
MERCURY - EP			<0.0004 MG/L	0.2
ACENAPHTHENE	<0.010	PPM	•	
ACENAPHTYLENE	<0.010	PPM		
ANTHRACENE	<0.010	PPM		
BENZIDINE	<0.010	PPM		
BENZO (A) ANTHRACENE	<0.010	PPM	. 104.	
BENZO (A) PYRENE	<0.010	PPM	•	
BENZO(B) FLUORANTHENE	<0.010	PPM		
BENZO(G, H, I)PERYLENE	<0.010	PPM		•
BENZO(K) FLUORANTHENE	<0.010	PPM		
BIS (2-CHLOROETHOXY) METHA	<0.010	PPM		
BIS (2-CHLOROETHYL) ETHER	<0.010	PPM	•	
BIS (2-CHLOROISOPROPYL) ET	<0.010	PPM		
BIS (2-ETHYLHEXYL) PHTHALA	<0.010	PPM		
4-BRCMOPHENYL PHENYL ETHER	<0.010	PPM		
BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM		
2-CHLORONAPHTHALENE	<0.010	PPM	•	
4-CHLOROPHENYL PHENYL ETHE	<0.010	PPM		
CHRYSENE	<0.010	PPM		
DIBENZO(A, H) ANTHRACENE	<0.010	PPM		
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM		
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM		
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM		

METHODS FOR CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF WATER AND WASTES, 1979, EPA-600/4-79-020. TEST METHODS FOR EVALUATING SOLID WASTE, PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL METHODS, 1982, EPA SW846. METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233.

PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. MALER SAMPLE DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED. BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30

N/A = NOT APPLICABLE



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STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO 111 PFINGSTEN ROAD NORTHBROOK ,IL 60062 ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89052-S14101 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/B-8 DATE COLLECTED 02/16/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS	BP TOXICITY	EP LIMIT	HAZ. CODE
3,3'-DICHLOROBENZIDINE	<0.010	PPM			
DIETHYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM	•		
DIMETHYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM			
DI-N-BUTYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM			
2,4-DINITROTOLUENE	<0.010	PPM			
2,6-DINITROTOLUENE	<0.010	PPM			
DI-N-OCTYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM			
1,2-DIPHENYLHYDRAZINE	<0.010	PPM			•
FLUORANTHENE	<0.010	PPM	•		
FLUORENE	<0.010	PPM			
HEXACHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM			
HEXACHLOROBUTADIANE	<0.010	PPM			
HEXACHLOROCYCLOPENTADIENE	<0.010	PPM			
HEXACHLOROETHANE	<0.010	PPM	•		
INDENO(1,2,3,C,D)PYRENE	<0.010	PPM		•	•
ISOPHORONE	<0.010	PPM	-		
NAPHTEIALENE	<0.010	PPM			
NITROEENZENE	<0.010	PPM			
n-niteosodimethylamine	.<0.010	PPM			
N-NITEOSO-DI-N-PROPYLAMINE	<0.010	PPM			
N-NITROSODIPHENYLAMINE	<0.010	PPM			
PHENANTHRENE	<0.010	PPM			
PYRENE	<0.010	PPM			
1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM			
2-CHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
2,4-DICHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
2,4-DIMETHYLPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
4,6-Dinitro-2-Methylphenol	<0.025	PPM			
2,4-DINITROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM	•		
2-NITROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
4-NITROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
4-CHLORO-3-METHYLPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
PENTACHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			

METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233. PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30 DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED. NITC.

N/T = NOT TESTED

N/A = NOT APPLICABLE



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STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO 111 PFINGSTEN ROAD NORTHBROOK ,IL 60062 ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89052-S14101 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/B-8

DATE COLLECTED 02/16/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS	EP. TOXICITY	EP LIMIT	HAZ.CODE
PHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
2,4,6-TRICHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM		•	
BENZENE	0.056	PPM			
BROMOFORM -	<0.001	PPM	•		
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	<0.001	PPM			
CHLOROBENZENE	<0.001	PPM		_	
CHLORODIBROMOMETHANE	<0.001	PPM		•	
CHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM			
2-CHLOROETHYLVINYL ETHER	<0.001	PPM			
CHLOROFORM	<0.001	PPM			
DICHLOROBROMOMETHANE	<0.001	PPM			
DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE	<0.001	PPM			
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM			
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	0.002	PPM			
1,1-DICHLOROETHYLENE	<0.001	PPM	•		•
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	<0.001	PPM			
DICHLOROPROPYLENE (MIXED)	<0.001	PPM			
ETHYL BENZENE	<0.002	PPM			
METHYL BROMIDE	<0.001	PPM			
METHYL CHLORIDE.	<0.001	PPM			
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	0.006	PPM		•	
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM			
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	0.002	PPM			
TOLUENE	0.029	PPM			
1,2-TRANSDICHLOROETHYLENE	<0.001	PPM			
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM			
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM			
TRICHLOROETHYLENE	<0.001	PPM			
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	<0.001	PPM			
VINYL CHLORIDE	0.004	PPM			•
ALDRIN	<2.0	PPB			
ALPHA-BHC	<2.0	PPB			
BETA-BHC	<2.0	PPB			

METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233.

PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30 DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED

N/T = NOT TESTED B/A = NOT APPLICABLE APPROVAL

FAX #414-764-0486

WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020



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STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO 111 PFINGSTEN ROAD

NORTHBROOK

,IL 60062

ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89052-S14101 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/B-8 DATE COLLECTED 02/16/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS	EP TOXICITY	EP LIMIT HAZ.CODE
GAMMA-BHC (LINDANE)	(2.0	- PPB	,	•
DELTA-BHC	(2.0	PPB		
			LIMIT - DUE TO	SAMPLE MATRIY
CHLORDANE	<0.2	PPB	22.122 - 202 10	pre-m an interest
4,4'DDT	(0.2	PPB		
4,4'-DDE	(0.2	PPB		
4,4'DDD	(0.2	PPB		
DIELDRIN	<0.2	PPB		
ENDOSULFAN I	<0.2	PPB		
ENDOSULFAN II	<0.2	PPB		
ENDOSULFAN SULFATE	<0.2	PPB	•	
ENDRIN	<0.2	PPB		·
ENDRIN ALDEHYDE	<0.2	PPB		
HEPTACHLOR	<2.0	PPB		
HEPTACHLOR EPOXIDE	<2.0	PPB		
TOXAPHENE	(2.0	PPB		
•	ELEVATED D	ETECTION	LIMIT - DUE TO	SAMPLE MATRIX
PCB'S - SOLIDS, OIL, WASTE	<1.0	PPM		
PCB'S IN WATER	N/T	PPB		
CALCIUM - TOTAL	24000	PPM		·
POTASSIUM - TOTAL	200	PPM		
CHLORIDE	380	PPM		
PH (UNITS)	9.2			2.0-12.5
	PH DOME ON	10% SOLU	TION.	
SULFATE	100	PPM		
TOTAL CYANIDE	<10	PPM		
TOTAL SOLIDS	84	⋄		•
TOTAL KJELDAHL NITROGEN	< 50	PPM		
TOTAL PHOSPHORUS	8.6	PPM		

METHODS FOR CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF WATER AND WASTES, 1979, EPA-600/4-79-020. TEST METHODS FOR EVALUATING SOLID WASTE, PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL METHODS, 1982, EPA SW846. METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233. PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30

N/T = NOT TESTED

N/A = NOT APPLICABLE APPROVAL

DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED. m.T.V.

FAX #414-764-0486

WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020



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STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO
111 PFINGSTEN ROAD
NORTHBROOK ,IL 60062
ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89052-S14103 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/B-9
DATE COLLECTED 02/16/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS	EP TOXIC	ITY	EP LIMIT	HAZ.CODE
CONFIRMATION ?	N/A	PPM				
BARIUM - EP			0.14	MG/L	100.0	
CADMIUM - EP			<0.05	MG/L	1.0	
CHROMIUM - EP			<0.05	MG/L	5.0	
LEAD - EP			<0.5	MG/L	5.0	
SILVER - EP			<0.02	MG/L	5.0	
ARSENIC - EP			<0.010	MG/L	5.0	
SELENIUM - EP			<0.020	MG/L	1.0	
MERCURY - EP			0.0009	MG/L	0.2	
ACENAPHTHENE	<0.010	PPM				
ACENAPHTYLENE	<0.010	PPM				
ANTHRACENE	<0.010	PPM				
BENZIDINE	<0.010	PPM				
BENZO (A) ANTHRACENE	<0.010	PPM				·:
BENZO (A) PYRENE	<0.010	PPM				
BENZO (B) FLUORANTHENE	<0.010	PPM				
BENZO(G, H, I) PERYLENE	<0.010	PPM				
BENZO(K) FLUORANTHENE	<0.010	PPM	•			
BIS (2-CHLOROETHOXY) METHA	<0.010	PPM				
BIS (2-CHLOROETHYL) ETHER	<0.010	PPM				
BIS (2-CHLOROISOPROPYL) ET	<0.010	PPM			•	
BIS (2-ETHYLHEXYL) PHTHALA	<0.010	PPM				
4-BROMOPHENYL PHENYL ETHER	0.85	PPM				
BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM				•
2-CHLORONAPHTHALENE	<0.010	PPM				
4-CHLCROPHENYL PHENYL ETHE	<0.010	PPM				
CHRYSENE	<0.010	PPM				
DIBEN2O(A, H) ANTHRACENE	<0.010	PPM				
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM			•	•
1,3-dichlorobenzene	<0.010	PPM				
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM				

METHODS FOR CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF WATER AND WASTES, 1979, EPA-600/4-79-020.

TEST METHODS FOR EVALUATING SOLID WASTE, PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL METHODS, 1982, EPA SW846.

METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233.

PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL

BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30

DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED

N/T = NOT TESTED N/A = NOT APPLICABLE APPROVAL

FAX #414-764-0486

WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020



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STS CONSULTANTS LTD. - CHGO 111 PFINGSTEN ROAD NORTHBROOK ,IL 60062 ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

89052-S14103 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/B-9 DATE COLLECTED 02/16/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS	EP TOXICITY	BP LIMIT	HAZ.CODE
3,3'-DICHLOROBENZIDINE	<0.010	PPM			
DIETHYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM			
DIMETHYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM			
DI-N-BUTYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM			
2,4-DINITROTOLUENE	<0.010	PPM			
2,6-DINITROTOLUENE	<0.010	PPM			
DI-N-OCTYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM		•	
1,2-DIPHENYLHYDRAZINE	<0.010	PPM			
FLUORANTHENE	<0.010	PPM			
FLUORENE	<0.010	PPM			
HEXACHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM			
HEXACHLOROBUTADIANE	<0.010	PPM			
HEXACHLOROCYCLOPENTADIENE	<0.010	PPM	_		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
HEXACHLOROSTSANE	<0.010	PPŃ			
INDENO(1,2,3,C,D)PYRENE	<0.010	PPM			
ISOPHORONE	<0.010	PPM		•	
NAPHTHALENE	<0.010	PPM			
NITROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM			
n-nitrosodimethylamine	<0.010	PPN			
n-nitroso-di-n-propylamine	<0.010	PPM	·		
n-nitrosodiphenylamine	<0.010	PPM	•		
PHENANTHRENE	<0.010	PPM		•	
Pyrene	0.82	PPM			
1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM			
2-CHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
2,4-DICHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
2,4-DIMETHYLPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
4.6-DINITRO-2-METHYLPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
2,4-DINITROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
2-NITEOPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
4-NITEOPHENOL	<0.025	PPN			
4-CHLCRO-3-METHYLPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
PENTACHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			•

METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233. PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30 DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED

N/T - NOT TESTED H/A = NOT APPLICABLE APPROVAL



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STS CONSULTANTS LTD. - CHGO 111 PFINGSTEN ROAD NORTHBROOK ,IL 60062

ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89052-S14103 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/B-9 DATE COLLECTED 02/16/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS'	BP TOXICITY	EP LIMIT	HAZ.CODE
PHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
2,4,6-TRICHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
BENZENE	0.006	PPM			
BROMOFORM	<0.001	PPM			
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	<0.001	PPM			
CHLOROBENZENE	<0.001	PPM			
CHLORODIBROMOMETHANE	<0.001	PPM			
CHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM	·		
2-CHLOROETHYLVINYL ETHER	<0.001	PPM			
CHLOROFORM	<0.001	PPM			
DICHLOROBROMOMETHANE	<0.001	PPM			
DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE	<0.001	PPM	•		
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM			
1,2-DICHLOROETHARS	<0.001	PPM			
1,1-DICHLOROETHYLENE	<0.001	PPM			
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	<0.001	PPM			
DICHLOROPROPYLENE (MIXED)	<0.001	PPM			
ETHYLBENZENE	<0.002	PPM			
METHYL BROMIDE	<0.001	PPM ·			
METHEL CHLORIDE	<0.001	PPM			
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	<0.001	PPM		•	
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM			
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	<0.001	PPM			•
TOLUENE	0.006	PPM			
1,2-TRANSDICHLOROETHYLENE	<0.001	PPM			
1,1,1TRICHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM			
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM			-
TRICHLOROETHYLENE	<0.001	PPM			
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	<0.001	PPM			
VINYL CHLORIDE	<0.001	PPM			
ALDRIN	<2.0	PPB			
ALPHA-BHC	<2.0	PPB			
BETA-BHC	⟨2.0	PPB			

METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233.

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N/T = NOT TESTED N/A = NOT APPLICABLE APPROVAL

N/T = NOT TESTED

N/A = NOT APPLICABLE

FAX #414-764-0486

WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020



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STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO 111 PFINGSTEN ROAD NORTHBROOK ,IL 60062 ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89052-S14146 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/B-10 DATE COLLECTED 02/16/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS	EP TOXICITY		EP LIMIT	HAZ. CODE
CONFIRMATION ?	N/A	PPM				•
BARIUM - EP	•		0.16	MG/L	100.0	
CADMIUM - EP	•		<0.05	MG/L	1.0	
CHROMIUM - EP			<0.05	MG/L	5.0	
LEAD - EP		-	. 0.5	MG/L	5.0	• .
SILVER - EP			<0.02	MG/L	5.0	
ARSENIC - EP		·	<0.010	MG/L	5.0	
SELENIUM - EP			<0.020	MG/L	1.0	
MERCURY - EP			<0.0004	MG/L	0.2	
ACENAPHTHENE	<0.010	PPM				
ACENAPHTYLENE .	<0.010	PPM				
ANTHRACENE	<0.010	PPM				
BENZIDINE	<0.010	PPM		. 4.5	•	
BENZO (A) ANTHRACENE	<0.010	PPM	•	•		
BENZO (A) PYRENE	<0.010	PPM				
BENZC (B) FLUORANTHENE	<0.010	PPM				
BENZO(G,H,I)PERYLENE	<0.010	PPM				
BENZO(K) FLUORANTHENE	<0.010	PPM			<i>:</i>	
BIS (2-CHLOROETHOXY) METHA	<0.010	PPM				
BIS (2-CHLOROETHYL) ETHER	<0.010	PPM				
BIS (2-CHLOROISOPROPYL) ET	<0.010	PPM"			•	
BIS (2-ETHYLHEXYL) PHTHALA	<0.010	PPM				
4-BROMOPHENYL PHENYL ETHER	<0.010	PPM ·				
BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM				
2-CHLORONAPHTHALENE	<0.010	PPM				
4-CHLOROPHENYL PHENYL ETHE	<0.010	PPM				
CHRYSENE	<0.010	PPM				
DIBENZO(A, H) ANTHRACENE	<0.010	PPM				•
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM				
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM				
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM				

METHODS FOR CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF WATER AND WASTES, 1979, EPA-600/4-79-020. TEST METHODS FOR EVALUATING SOLID WASTE, PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL METHODS, 1982, EPA SW846. METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233.

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N/T = NOT TESTED

N/A = NOT APPLICABLE

APPROVAL



03/17/89

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STS CONSULTANTS LTD. - CHGO 111 PFINGSTEN ROAD ,IL 60062 NORTHBROOK ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89052-S14146 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/B-10 DATE COLLECTED 02/16/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS	EP TOXICITY	EP LIMIT	HAZ.CODE
3,3'-DICHLOROBENZIDINE	<0.010	PPM			
DIETHYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM	•		
DIMETHYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM			
DI-N-BUTYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM			
2,4-DINITROTOLUENE	<0.010	PPM			
2,6-DINITROTOLUENE	<0.010	PPM			
DI-N-OCTYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM			
1,2-DIPHENYLHYDRAZINE	<0.010	PPM			
FLUORANTHENE	<0.010	PPM	·	•	
fluorene _.	<0.010	PPM		•	
HEXACHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM			
HEXACHLOROBUTADIANE	<0.010	PPM			
HEXACHLOROCYCLOPENTADIENE	<0.010	PPM	. .	Jane 1	
HEXACHLOROETHANE	<0.010	PPM	41		
INDENO(1,2,3,C,D)PYRENE	<0.010	PPM			
ISOPHORONE	<0.010	PPM			
naphthalene	<0.010	PPM			
NITROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM		•	
n-nitrosodimethylamine	<0.010	PPM			
n-niteoso-di-n-propylamine	<0.010	PPM			•
N-NITEOSODIPHENYLAMINE	<0.010	PPM			
PHENANTHRENE	<0.010	PPM			
PYRENE	<0.010	PPM			
1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM			
2-CHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
2,4-DICHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
2,4-DIMETHYLPHENOL	<0.025	PPM	•		
4,6-DINITRO-2-METHYLPHENOL	<0.025	PPM		•	
2,4-DINITROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM	·		
2-NITROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
4-NITROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
4-CHLORO-3-METHYLPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
PENTACHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			

METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233.

PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30 DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED.

N/T - NOT TESTED N/A = NOT APPLICABLE APPROVAL 77-TX.



03/17/89

LABORATORY REPORT

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STS CONSULTANTS LTD. - CHGO 111 PFINGSTEN ROAD ,IL 60062 NORTHBROOK

ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89052-S14146 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/B-10 DATE COLLECTED 02/16/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS	EP TOXICITY	EP LIMIT	HAZ.CODE
PHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
2,4,6-TRICHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			-
BENZENE	<0.002	PPM			
BROMOFORM	<0.001	PPM			
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	<0.001	PPM			
CHLOROBENZENE	<0.001	PPM			
CHLORODIBROMOMETHANE	<0.001	PPM		•	
CHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM			
2-CHLOROETHYLVINYL ETHER	<0.001	PPM			
CHLOROFORM	<0.001	PPM			
DICHLOROBROMOMETHANE	<0.001	PPM			•
DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE	<0.001	PPM		•	•
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM			
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM		· · · ·	·
1,1-DICHLOROETHYLENE	<0.001	PPM			
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	<0.001	PPM			
DICHLOROPROPYLENE (MIXED)	<0.001	PPM			
ETHYI.BENZENE	<0.002	PPM			
METHYL BROMIDE	<0.001	PPM			
METHYL CHLORIDE	<0.001	PPM			
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	0.004	PPM		\	
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM			
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	0.001	PPM	+		
TOLUENE	0.036	PPM			
1,2-TRANSDICHLOROETHYLENE	0.23	PPM			
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM			
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM			
TRICHLOROETHYLENE	<0.001	PPM		•	•
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	<0.001	PPM			
VINYL CHLORIDE	<0.001	PPM			
ALDRIN	<2.0	PPB			
			its due to ma	TRIX INTERFERENCE	
ALPHA-BHC	<2.0	PPB			-

METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233. PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30 DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED.

N/T = NOT TESTED

N/A = NOT APPLICABLE

APPROVAL M. The



03/17/89

LABORATORY REPORT

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S080 8432158 W61

STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO 111 PFINGSTEN ROAD NORTHBROOK ,IL 60062 ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89052-S14146 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/B-10 DATE COLLECTED 02/16/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS	EP	TOXIC	TY	E	P LIMIT	HAZ.CODE
BETA-BHC	<2.0	PPB						
GAMMA-BHC (LINDANE)	<2.0	PPB						
DELTA-BHC	<2.0	PPB						
CHLORDANE	<2.0	PPB						
4,4'-DDT	<0.2	PPB						
4,4'-DDE	<0.2	PPB						
4,4'-DDD	<0.2	PPB						
DIELDRIN	<0.2	PPB						
ENDOSULFAN I	<2.0	PPB	•					
ENDOSULFAN II	<0.2	PPB						
ENDOSULFAN SULFATE	<0.2	PPB						
ENDRIN	<0.2	PPB						
ENDRIN ALDEHYDE	<0.2	yp?						•
HEPTACHLOR	<2.0	PPB						
•	BIGH DETEC	TION LIMI	TS D	UE TO	MATRIX	INTER	FERENCE	
HEPTACHLOR EPOXIDE	<2.0	PPB						
TOXAPHENE	<2.0	PPB					-	
PCB'S - SOLIDS, OIL, WASTE	<1.0	PPM						
	HIGH DETECT	TION LIMI	TS 'D	UE TO	MATRIX	INTER	FERENCE	
PCB'S IN WATER	N/T	PPB						
CALCIUM - TOTAL	99000	PPM						
POTASSIUM - TOTAL	320	PPM						
CHLORIDE	110	PPM						
PH (UNITS)	8.8					2	.0-12.5	
	PH DONE ON	10% SOLU	TION	Ι.				
SULFATE	190	PPM						
TOTAL CYANIDE	<10	PPM						
TOTAL SOLIDS	93	•						
TOTAL KJELDAHL NITROGEN	<50	PPM						•
TOTAL PHOSPHORUS	11	PPM						

METHODS FOR CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF WATER AND WASTES, 1979, EPA-600/4-79-020. TEST METHODS FOR EVALUATING SOLID WASTE, PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL METHODS, 1982, EPA SW846. METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233.

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N/T = NOT TESTED N/A = NOT APPLICABLE

APPROVAL 1-800-365-3840



03/17/89

LABORATORY REPORT

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STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO
111 PFINGSTEN ROAD
NORTHBROOK ,IL 60062
ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89052-S14107 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/S-1
DATE COLLECTED 02/16/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS	BP TOXICITY	•	EP LIMIT	HAZ.CODE
CONFIRMATION ?	NO	PPM				
	DO NOT	CONFIRM PER	DAVE GRUMMAN	3/14/89	- JS	
BARIUM - EP			0.34	MG/L	100.0	
CADMIUM - EP			<0.05	MG/L	1.0	
CHROMIUM - EP		•	<0.05	MG/L	5.0	
LEAD - EP			<0.5	MG/L	5.0	
SILVER - EP			<0.02	MG/L	5.0	
ARSENIC - EP		_	<0.010	MG/L	5.0	
SELENIUM - EP			<0.020	MG/L	1.0	
MERCURY - EP			<0.0004	MG/L	0.2	
ACENAPHTHENE	<0.010	PPM				
ACENAPHTYLENE	<0.010	PPM				
ANTHRACENE	4.9	PPM .	٠.			1,5454
BENZIDINE	<0.010	PPM				
BENZO (A) ANTHRACENE	3.1	PPM				
BENZO (A) PYRENE	(0.010	PPM				
BENZO(B) FLUORANTHENE	0.67	PPM				
BENZO(G,H,I)PERYLENE	<0.010	PPM				
BENZO(K) FLUORANTHENE	<0.010	PPM				
BIS (2-CHLOROETHOXY) METHA	<0.010	PPM				
BIS (2-CHLOROETHYL) ETHER	<0.010	PPM				
BIS (2-CHLOROISOPROPYL) ET	<0.010	PPM				
BIS (2-ETHYLHEXYL) PHTHALA	<0.010	PPM				•
4-BROMOPHENYL PHENYL ETHER	<0.010	PPM				
BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM				
2-CHLORONAPHTHALENE	<0.010	PPM				
4-CHLOROPHENYL PHENYL ETHE	<0.010					
CHRYSENE	2.8	PPM				-
	<0.010	PPM				
The state of the s						
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM				
ACENAPHTYLENE ANTHRACENE BENZIDINE BENZO (A) ANTHRACENE BENZO (A) PYRENE BENZO (B) FLUORANTHENE BENZO (G,H,I) PERYLENE BENZO (K) FLUORANTHENE BIS (2-CHLOROETHOXY) METHA BIS (2-CHLOROETHYL) ETHER BIS (2-CHLOROISOPROPYL) ET BIS (2-ETHYLHEXYL) PHTHALA 4-BROMOPHENYL PHENYL ETHER BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE 2-CHLORONAPHTHALENE 4-CHLOROPHENYL PHENYL ETHE CHRYSENE DIBENZO (A, H) ANTHRACENE 1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	<pre><0.010 4.9 <0.010 3.1 <0.010 0.67 <0.010 <0.010 <0.010 <0.010 <0.010 <0.010 <0.010 <0.010 <0.010 <0.010 <0.010 <0.010 <0.010 <0.010 <0.010 <0.010 <0.010 <0.010 <0.010 <0.010 <0.010 <0.010</pre>	PPM PPM PPM PPM PPM PPM PPM PPM PPM PPM				, . 3.°

METHODS FOR CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF WATER AND WASTES, 1979, EPA-600/4-79-020.

TEST METHODS FOR EVALUATING SOLID WASTE, PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL METHODS, 1982, EPA SW846.

METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233.

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N/T = NOT TESTED

N/A = NOT APPLICABLE

APPROVAL THE

FAX #414-764-0486

WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020



03/17/89

LABORATORY REPORT

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STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO 111 PFINGSTEN ROAD ,IL 60062 NORTHBROOK ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89052-S14107 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/S-1 DATE COLLECTED 02/16/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS	EP TOXICITY	EP LIMIT	HAZ.CODE
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM		_	
3,3'-DICHLOROBENZIDINE	<0.010	PPM			
DIETHYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM			
DIMETHYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM	•		
DI-N-BUTYL PHTHALATE	0.20	PPM	•	•	
2,4-I)INITROTOLUENE	<0.010	PPM			
2,6-DINITROTOLUENE	<0.010	PPM			
DI-N-OCTYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM			•
1,2-DIPHENYLHYDRAZINE	<0.010	PPM	•		
FLUORANTHENE	<0.010	PPM			
FLUORENE	3.5	PPM			
HEXACHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM			
HEXACHLOROBUTADIANE	<0.010	PPM	,		. •
HEXACHLOROCYCLOPENTADIENE	<0.010	PPM	•		
HEXACHLOROETHANE	<0.010	PPM			
INDENO(1,2,3,C,D)PYRENE	<0.010	PPM			
ISOPHORONE	<0.010	PPM			
NAPHT:HALENE	<0.010	PPM			
NITROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM			
N-NITROSODIMETHYLAMINE	<0.010	PPM			
n-nitroso-di-n-propylamine	<0.010	PPM			
n-nitrosodiphenylamine	<0.010	PPM			
PHENANTHRENE	<0.010	PPM			
PYRENE	4.0	PPM			
1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM			
2-CHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM		•	
2,4-DICHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
2,4-DIMETHYLPHENOL	<0.025	PPM	•		
4,6-DINITRO-2-METHYLPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
2,4-DINITROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
2-NITEOPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
4-NITEOPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
4-CHLORO-3-METHYLPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			

METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233. PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30 DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.B.A. ACCREDITED

N/T - NOT TESTED N/A = NOT APPLICABLE APPROVAL



03/17/89

LABORATORY REPORT

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S080 8432158 W61

STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO 111 PFINGSTEN ROAD NORTHBROOK ,IL 60062 ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

89052-S14107 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/S-1 DATE COLLECTED 02/16/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS	EP	TOXIC	ITY	EP	LIMIT	HAZ.CODE
PENTACHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM						
PHENOL	<0.025	PPM						
2,4,6-TRICHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM						
BENZENE .	0.16	PPM			•			
BROMOFORM	<0.001	PPM						
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	<0.001	PPM						
CHLOROBENZENE	<0.001	PPM						
CHLORODIBROMOMETHANE	<0.001	PPM						
CHLOROETHANE	0.004	PPN						
2-CHLOROETHYLVINYL ETHER	<0.001	PPM						
CHLOROFORM .	0.007	PPM						
DICHLOROBROMOMETHANE	<0.001	PPM						
DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE	<0.001	PPM					•	
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM			4.6			
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	0.004	PPM						
1,1-DICHLOROETHYLENE	<0.001	PPM						
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	<0.001	PPM						
DICHLOROPROPYLENE (MIXED)	<0.001	PPM						
ETHYLBENZENE	0.014	PPM						
METHYL BROMIDE	0.002	PPM						
METHYL CHLORIDE	<0.001	PPM					•	
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	0.092	PPM						
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM						•
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	0.003	PPM						
TOLUENE	0.042	PPM						
1,2-TRANSDICHLOROETHYLENE	<0.001	PPM						
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	0.001	PPM						
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM.						•
TRICHLOROETHYLENE	0.001	PPM						
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	<0.001	PPM			-			
VINYL CHLORIDE	<0.001	PPM						
ALDRIN	<2.0	PPB						
	HIGH DETEC	TION LIMI	rs d	UE TO	MATRIX I	nterfe	RENCE	

METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233.

PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30 BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIPTAGE POLE VE PROMETED.

DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED.

APPROVAL 7172.

N/T = NOT TESTED

N/A = NOT APPLICABLE

1-800-365-3840

FAX #414-764-0486

WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020



03/17/89

LABORATORY REPORT

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STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO 111 PFINGSTEN ROAD

NORTHBROOK

,IL 60062

ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89052-S14107 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/S-1 DATE COLLECTED 02/16/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS	EP TOX	CITY	EP LIMIT	HAZ.CODE
ALPHA-BHC	<2.0	PPB	•			
BETA-BHC	<2.0	PPB				
GAMMA-BHC (LINDANE)	(2.0	PPB				
DELTA-BHC	<2.0	PPB				
CHLORDANE	<2.0	PPB				
4,4'-DDT	<2.0	PPB				
4,4'-DDE	<2.0	PPB				
4,4'-DDD	<2.0	PPB				
DIELDRIN	(2.0	PPB				
•	HIGH DETEC	TION LIM	ITS DUE 1	O MATRIX	INTERFERENCE	
ENDOSULFAN I	<2.0	PPB				
ENDOSULFAN II	(2.0	PPB			•	
ENDOSULFAN SULFATE	<2.0	PPB				
ENDRIN	``∢2.0	PPB				
ENDRIN ALDEHYDE	<2.0	PPB				
HEPTACHLOR	<2.0	PPB				
HEPTACHLOR EPOXIDE	<2.0	PPB				
TOXAPHENE	(2.0	PPB		•		
PCB'S - SOLIDS, OIL, WASTE	<2.0	PPM				
	HIGH DETEC	TION LIM	ITS DUE 1	O MATRIX	Interperence	•
PCB'S IN WATER	N/T	PPB		•		
CALCIUM - TOTAL	44000	PPM				
POTASSIUM - TOTAL	350	PPM				
CHLORIDE	180	PPM				
PH (UNITS)	8.8				2.0-12.5	
	PH DONE ON		UTION.			
SULFATE	220	PPM				
TOTAL CYANIDE	<10	PPM				
TOTAL SOLIDS	91	8				
TOTAL KJELDAHL NITROGEN	290	PPM				
TOTAL PHOSPHORUS	67	PPM				

METHODS FOR CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF WATER AND WASTES, 1979, EPA-600/4-79-020. TEST METHODS FOR EVALUATING SOLID WASTE, PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL METHODS, 1982, EPA SW846. METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233.

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N/A = NOT APPLICABLE

mr.



03/17/89

LABORATORY REPORT

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S080 8432158 W61

STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO 111 PFINGSTEN ROAD

NORTHBROOK ,IL 60062

ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89052-S14102 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/S-2 DATE COLLECTED 02/16/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS	EP TOXICI	T¥	EP LIMIT	HAZ.CODE
CONFIRMATION ?	YES	PPM				
717 T	PER D. GRI	DVE MANOU				
BARIUM - EP			0.26	MG/L	100.0	
CADMIUM - EP			<0.05	MG/L	1.0	
CHROMIUM - EP			<0.05	MG/L	5.0	
LEAD - EP			<0.5	MG/L	5.0	
SILVER - EP			<0.02	MG/L	5.0	
ARSENIC - EP			<0.010	NG/L	5.0	
SELENIUM - EP	•		<0.020	MG/L	1.0	
MERCURY - EP			0.0011	MG/L	0.2	
ACENAPHTHENE	.0.51	PPM				
ACENAPHTYLENE	<0.010	PPM				
ANTHRACENE	<0.030	PPM				
BENZIDINE	<u.010< td=""><td>PPM</td><td></td><td></td><td>•</td><td></td></u.010<>	PPM			•	
BENZO (A) ANTHRACENE	6.0	PPM				
BENZO (A) PYRENE	6.0	PPM				
BENZO(B) FLUORANTHENE	<0.010	PPM			•	
BENZO(G, H, I)PERYLENE	<0.010	PPM	•		-	
BENZO(K) FLUORANTHENE	<0.010	PPM				
BIS (2-CHLOROETHOXY) METHA	<0.010	PPM				
BIS (2-CHLOROETHYL) ETHER	<0.010	PPM				
BIS (2-CHLOROISOPROPYL) ET	<0.010	PPM				
BIS (2-ETHYLHEXYL) PHTHALA	<0.010	PPM				
4-BROMOPHENYL PHENYL ETHER	<0.010	PPM				
BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM				
2-CHLORONAPHTHALENE	<0.010	PPM				4
4-CHLOROPHENYL PHENYL ETHE	<0.010	PPM				
CHRYSENE	6.0	PPM				•
DIBENZO(A, H) ANTHRACENE	3.6	PPM	•			
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM				
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM				
the second secon						

METHODS FOR CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF WATER AND WASTES, 1979, EPA-600/4-79-020. TEST METHODS FOR EVALUATING SOLID WASTE, PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL METHODS, 1982, EPA SW846. METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233. PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30

DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED. APPROVAL N/T = NOT TESTED

N/A = NOT APPLICABLE



03/17/89

LABORATORY REPORT

PAGE 2

S080 8432158 W61.

STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO
111 PFINGSTEN ROAD
NORTHBROOK ,IL 60062
ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89052-S14102 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/S-2
DATE COLLECTED 02/16/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS	BP TOXICITY	EP LIMIT HAZ.CODE
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM		
3,3'-DICHLOROBENZIDINE	. <0.010	PPM		
DIETHYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM	,	
DIMETHYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM		
DI-N-BUTYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM		
2,4-DINITROTOLUENE	<0.010	PPM		
2,6-DINITROTOLUENE	<0.010	PPM		
DI-N-OCTYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM		
1,2-DIPHENYLHYDRAZINE	<0.010	PPM	•	
FLUORANTHENE	9.9	PPM	•	
FLUORENE	<0.010	PPM		
HEXACHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM		•
HEXACHLOROBUTADIANE	<0.010	TPM		
HEXACHLOROCYCLOPENTADIENE	<0.010	PPM		•
HEXAC'HLOROETHANE	<0.010	PPM		
INDENO(1,2,3,C,D)PYRENE	<0.010	PPM		
ISOPEORONE	<0.010	PPM		
NAPHTHALENE	<0.010	PPM		•
NITROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM	,	
N-NITROSODIMETHYLAMINE	<0.010	PPM	·	
N-NITROSO-DI-N-PROPYLAMINE	<0.010	PPM		
N-NITROSODIPHENYLAMINE	<0.010	PPM		
PHENANTHRENE	12	PPM	,	•
PYRENE	10	PPM		
1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM		
2-CHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM		
2,4-DICHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM		
2,4-DIMETHYLPHENOL	<0.025	PPM		
4,6-DINITRO-2-METHYLPHENOL	<0.025	PPM		
2,4-DINITROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM		
2-NITROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM		
4-NITROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM		
4-CHLORO-3-METHYLPHENOL	<0.025	PPM		

METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233.

PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. <u>REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL</u>
<u>BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE.</u> WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30
DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED.

N/T = NOT TESTED

N/A = NOT APPLICABLE

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FAX #414-764-0486

WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020



03/17/89

LABORATORY REPORT

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STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO
111 PFINGSTEN ROAD
NORTHBROOK ,IL 60062
ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89052-S14102 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/S-2 DATE COLLECTED 02/16/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

PENTACHLOROPHENOL <0.025 PPM PHENOL <0.025 PPM 2,4,6-TRICHLOROPHENOL <0.025 PPM BENZENE 0.29 PPM BROMOFORM <0.001 PPM CARBON TETRACHLORIDE <0.001 PPM CHLORODIBROMOMETHANE <0.001 PPM	TEST NAME	result	UNITS	EP TOXICITY	EP LIMIT	HAZ.CODE
2,4,6-TRICHLOROPHENOL <0.025 PPM BENZENE 0.29 PPM BROMOFORM <0.001 PPM CARBON TETRACHLORIDE <0.001 PPM CHLOFOBENZENE <0.001 PPM	PENTACHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
BENZENE 0.29 PPM BROMOFORM <0.001 PPM CARBON TETRACHLORIDE <0.001 PPM CHLOFOBENZENE <0.001 PPM	PHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
BROMOFORM <0.001 PPM CARBON TETRACHLORIDE <0.001 PPM CHLOFOBENZENE <0.001 PPM	2,4,6-TRICHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM			
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE (0.001 PPM CHLOROBENZENE (0.001 PPM	BENZENE	0.29	PPM	•		
CHLOROBENZENE (0.001 PPM	BROMOFORM	<0.001	PPM			
10.00	CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	<0.001	PPM			
CHLORODI BROMOMETHANE (0.003 PPM	CHLOFOBENZENE	<0.001	PPM			
ATTENDED TO THE STATE OF THE ST	CHLORODIBROMOMETHANE	<0.001	PPM			
CHLOROETHANE (0.001 PPM	CHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM		-	
2-CHLOROETHYLVINYL ETHER (0.001 PPM	2-CHLOROETHYLVINYL ETHER	<0.001	PPM			
CHLOROFORM 0.013 PPM	CHLOROFORM	0.013	PPM			
DICHLOROBROMOMETHANE <0.001- PPM	DICHLOROBROMOMETHANE	<0.001	PPM			
DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE <0.001 PPM	DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE	<0.001	PPM 🔧			
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE (0.001 PPM	1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM			
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE 0.008 PPM	1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	0.008	PPM			
1,1-DICHLOROETHYLENE <0.001 PPM	1,1-DICHLOROETHYLENE	<0.001	PPM			
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE <0.001 PPM	1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	<0.001	PPM			
DICHLOROPROPYLENE (MIXED) <0.001 PPM	DICHLOROPROPYLENE (MIXED)	<0.001	PPM			
ETHYLBENZENE 0.032 PPM	ETHYLBENZENE	0.032	PPM			
METHYL BROMIDE <0.001 PPM	METHYL BROMIDE	<0.001	PPM			
METHYL CHLORIDE <0.001 PPM	METHYL CHLORIDE	<0.001	PPM			
METHYLENE CHLORIDE 0.11 PPM	METHYLENE CHLORIDE	0.11	PPM			
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE <0.001 PPM	1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM			
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE 0.30 PPM	TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	0.30	PPM			
TOLUENE 0.053 PPM	TOLUENE	0.053	PPM			
1,2-TRANSDICHLOROETHYLENE (0,001 PPM	1,2-TRANSDICHLOROETHYLENE	<0.001	PPM			
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE 0.002 PPM	1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	0.002	PPM			
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE <0.001 PPM	1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM [*]			
TRICHLOROETHYLENE 0.14 PPM	TRICHLOROETHYLENE	0.14	PPM			
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE <0.001 PPM	TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	<0.001	PPM			
VINYL CHLORIDE <0.001 PPM						
ALDRIN <20 PPB			•			
ALPHA-BHC <20 PPB	ALPHA-BHC					

METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233.

PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30 DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED.

N/T = NOT TESTED

N/A = NOT APPLICABLE

APPROVAL

FAX #414-764-0486

WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020



03/17/89

LABORATORY REPORT

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STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO
111 PFINGSTEN ROAD
NORTHBROOK ,IL 60062

ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89052-S14102 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/S-2
DATE COLLECTED 02/16/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS	EP TOXICITY	EP LIMIT	HAZ.CODE
BETA-BHC	<20	PPB			
GAMMIA-BHC (LINDANE)	<20	PPB			
DELTA-BHC	<20	PPB			
CHLORDANE	<20	PPB			
4,4'-DDT	<20	PPB			
4,4'-DDE	<20	PPB			
4,4'-DDD	<20	PPB			
•	ELEVATED	DETECTION	LIMIT - DUE TO 8	AMPLE MATRIX	
DIELDRIN	<20	PPB -			
ENDOSULFAN I	∢20	PPB		•	
ENDOSULFAN II	₹20	PPB			
ENDOSULFAN SULFATE	<20	PPB	s.		
ENDRIN	· c20	PPB			
ENDRIN ALDERTOE	<20	PPB	•		
HEPTACHLOR	<20	PPB			
HEPTACHLOR EPOXIDE	<20	PPB			
TOXAPHENE	<20	PPB			
	ELEVATED	DETECTION	LIMIT - DUE TO S	AMPLE MATRIX	
PCB'S - SOLIDS, OIL, WASTE	<10	PPM			
	ELEVATED	DETECTION	LIMIT - DUE TO S	AMPLE MATRIX	
PCB'S IN WATER	n/T	PPB			
CALCIUM - TOTAL	24000	PPM			
POTASSIUM - TOTAL	820	PPM			
CHLORIDE	150	PPM			
PH (UNITS)	8.9			2.0-12.5	
	PH DONE C	N 10% SOLU	TION.	•	
SULFATE	1000	PPM			
TOTAL CYANIDE	<10	PPM			
TOTAL SOLIDS	82	•		•	
TOTAL KJELDAHL NITROGEN	230	PPM			
TOTAL PHOSPHORUS	79	PPM			

METHODS FOR CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF WATER AND WASTES, 1979, EPA-600/4-79-020.

TEST METHODS FOR EVALUATING SOLID WASTE, PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL METHODS, 1982, EPA SW846.

METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233.

PLEASE CONTACT DID CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH OURSTLONS. PEMALNING WASTE CAMPLE

PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30 DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DIR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED (1)

N/T = NOT TESTED

N/A = NOT APPLICABLE

1-800-365-3840

APPROVAL

FAX #414-764-0486

WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020



ENVIRONMENTAL

CHEM-BIO COMPORATION TO AK CREEK, WI 53154-4599 (414) 764-7005

LABORATORY REPORT

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O3/22/89

O3/22/89

STEDONSULTANTSELTD.-CHGO 111 FINGSTER BOAD NORTHBROOK

NORTHBROOK

,IL 60062

ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89072-S13061 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/R-1 DATE COLLECTED 03/10/89 DATE RECEIVED 03/13/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS
CONFIRMATION ?	N/A	PPM
PCB'S - SOLIDS, OIL, WASTE	<1.0	PPM
ACENAPHTHENE	<0.010	PPM
ACENAPHTYLENE	<0.010	PPM
ANTHRACENE	<0.010	PPM
BENZIDINE	<0.010	PPM
BENZO (A) ANTHRACENE	<0.010	PPM
BENZO (A) PYRENE	<0.010	PPM
BENZO (B) FLUORANTHENE	<0.010	PPM
BENZO(G, H, I) PERYLENE	<0.010	PPM
BENZO(K) FLUORANTHENE	<0.010	PPM
BIS (2-CHLOROETHOXY) METHA	<0.010	PPM
BIS (2-CHLOROETHYL) ETHER	<0.010	PPM
BIS (2-CHLOROISOPROPYL) ET	<0.010	PPM
BIS (2-ETHYLHEXYL) PHTHALA	<0.010	PPM
4-BROMOPHENYL PHENYL ETHER	<0.010	PPM
BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM
2-CHLORONAPHTHALENE	<0.010	PPM
4-CHLOROPHENYL PHENYL ETHE	<0.010	PPM
CHRYSENE	<0.010	PPM
DIBENZO(A, H) ANTHRACENE	<0.010	PPM
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM
3,3'-DICHLOROBENZIDINE	<0.010	PPM
DIETHYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM
DIMETHYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM
DI-N-BUTYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM.
2,4-DINITROTOLUENE	<0.010	PPM
2,6-DINITROTOLUENE	<0.010	PPM
DI-N-OCTYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM
1,2-DIPHENYLHYDRAZINE	<0.010	PPM
FLUORANTHENE	<0.010	PPM

METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233.

PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30

DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED.

N/T = NOT TESTED N/A = NOT APPLICABLE

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FAX #414-764-0486

WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020



03/22/89

LABORATORY REPORT

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STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO 111 PFINGSTEN ROAD ,IL 60062 NORTHBROOK ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89072-S13061 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/R-1 DATE COLLECTED 03/10/89 DATE RECEIVED 03/13/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS
FLUORENE	<0.010	PPM
HEXACHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM
HEXACHLOROBUTADIANE	<0.010	PPM
HEXACHLOROCYCLOPENTADIENE	<0.010	PPM
HEXACHLOROETHANE	<0.010	PPM
INDENO(1,2,3,C,D)PYRENE	<0.010	PPM
ISOPHORONE	<0.010	PPM
NAPHTHALENE	<0.010	PPM
NITROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM
n-nitrosodimethylamine	<0.010	PPM
N-NITROSO-DI-N-PROPYLAMINE	<0.010	PPM
N-NITROSODIPHENYLAMINE	<0.010	PPM
PHENANTHRENE	(0.010	PPM
PYRENE	<0.010	PPM
1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM
2-CHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM
2,4-DICHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM
2,4-DIMETHYLPHENOL	<0.025	PPM
4,6-DINITRO-2-METHYLPHENOL	<0.025	PPM
2,4-DINITROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM
2-NITROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM
4-NITROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM
4-CHLORO-3-METHYLPHENOL	<0.025	PPM
PENTACHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM
PHENOL	<0.025	PPM
2,4,6-TRICHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM
BENZENE	0.017	PPM
BROMO:FORM	<0.001	PPM
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	<0.001	PPM
CHLOROBENZENE	<0.001	PPM.
CHLORODIBROMOMETHANE	<0.001	PPM
CHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM
2-CHLOROETHYLVINYL ETHER	<0.001	PPM .

METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233.

PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30 DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED.

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WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020



03/22/89

LABORATORY REPORT

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S080 8432872 W61

STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO 111 PFINGSTEN ROAD

NORTHBROOK

,IL 60062

ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89072-S13061 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/R-1 DATE COLLECTED 03/10/89 DATE RECEIVED 03/13/89

CHLOROFORM <0.001 PPM DICHLOROBROMOMETHANE <0.001 PPM DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE <0.001 PPM 1,1-DICHLOROETHANE <0.001 PPM 1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE <0.001 PPM 1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE <0.001 PPM DICHLOROPROPANE <0.001 PPM ETHYLBENZENE <0.002 PPM METHYL BROMIDE <0.001 PPM METHYL CHLORIDE <0.001 PPM 1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE <0.001 PPM TOLUENE <0.001 PPM 1,1 TRICHLOROETHANE <0.001 PPM 1,1 TRICHLOROETHANE <0.001 PPM	NAME	RESULT	UNIŤS
DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE <0.001	OFORM	<0.001	PPM
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE 0.039 PPM 1,2-DICHLOROETHANE (0.001 PPM 1,1-DICHLOROETHYLENE (0.001 PPM 1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE (0.001 PPM DICHLOROPROPYLENE (MIXED) (0.001 PPM ETHYLBENZENE (0.002 PPM METHYL BROMIDE (0.001 PPM METHYL CHLORIDE (0.001 PPM METHYLENE CHLORIDE 0 11 PPM 1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE (0.001 PPM TETRACHLOROETHYLENE (0.001 PPM TOLUENE 0.021 PPM 1,2-TRANSDICHLOROETHYLENE (0.001 PPM	OROBROMOMETHANE	<0.001	PPM
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE < 0.001	ORODIFLUOROMETHANE ·	<0.001	PPM
1,1-DICHLOROETHYLENE	ICHLOROETHANE	0.039	PPM
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE C0.001 PPM DICHLOROPROPYLENE (MIXED) C0.001 PPM ETHYLBENZENE C0.002 PPM METHYL BROMIDE C0.001 PPM METHYL CHLORIDE C0.001 PPM METHYLENE CHLORIDE 0 11 PPM 1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE C0.001 PPM TETRACHLOROETHYLENE C0.001 PPM TOLUENE 0.021 PPM 1,2-TRANSDICHLOROETHYLENE C0.001 PPM	ICHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM
DICHLOROPROPYLENE (MIXED)	I CHLOROETHYLENE	<0.001	PPM
ETHYLBENZENE <0.002 PPM METHYL BROMIDE <0.001 PPM METHYL CHLORIDE <0.001 PPM METHYLENE CHLORIDE 0 11 PPM 1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE <0.001 PPM TETRACHLOROETHYLENE <0.001 PPM TOLUENE 0.021 PPM 1,2-TRANSDICHLOROETHYLENE <0.001 PPM	ICHLOROPROPANE	<0.001	PPM
METHYL BROMIDE <0.001 PPM METHYL CHLORIDE <0.001 PPM METHYLENE CHLORIDE 0.11 PPM 1.1.2.2-TETRACHLOROETHANE <0.001 PPM TETRACHLOROETHYLENE <0.001 PPM TOLUENE 0.021 PPM 1.2-TRANSDICHLOROETHYLENE <0.001 PPM	OROPROPYLENE (MIXED)	<0.001	PPM
METHYL CHLORIDE CO.001 PPM METHYLENE CHLORIDE 0.11 PPM 1.1.2.2-TETRACHLOROETHANE CO.001 PPM TETRACHLOROETHYLENE CO.001 PPM TOLUENE 0.021 PPM 1.2-TRANSDICHLOROETHYLENE CO.001 PPM	HENZENE	<0.002	PPM
METHYLENE CHLORIDE 0.11 PPM 1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE 0.001 PPM TETRACHLOROETHYLENE 0.001 PPM TOLUENE 0.021 PPM 1,2-TRANSDICHLOROETHYLENE (0.001 PPM	L BROMIDE	<0.001	PPM
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	L CHLORIDE	<0.001	PPM
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE C0.001 PPM TOLUENE 0.021 PPM 1,2-TRANSDICHLOROETHYLENE C0.001 PPM	LENE CHLORIDE	0.11	PPM
TOLUENE 0.021 PPM 1,2-TRANSDICHLOROETHYLENE (0.001 PPM	, 2 - TETRACHLOROETHANE	.0.001	PPM
1,2-TRANSDICHLOROETHYLENE <0.001 PPM	CHLOROETHYLENE	<0.001	PPM
	NE .	0.021	PPM
1 1 TOTOUTODOPTUNE 0 027 DOM:	ransdichloroethylene	<0.001	PPM
1,1,1-1x1Cupororiume 0.02; FLW.	-TRICHLOROETHANE	0.027	PPM*
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE (0.001 PPM	-TRICHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM
TRICHLOROETHYLENE <0.001 PPM	LOROETHYLENE	<0.001	PPM
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE <0.001 PPM	LOROFLUOROMETHANE	<0.001	PPM
VINYL CHLORIDE <0.001 PPM	CHLORIDE	<0.001	PPM

METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233.

PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL

BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30

DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED.

N/T = NOT TESTED

N/A = NOT APPLICABLE

APPROVAL 6



03/23/89

LABORATORY REPORT

PAGE 1

S080 8432872 W61

STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO 111 PFINGSTEN ROAD ,IL 60062

NORTHBROOK

ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89072-S13062 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/R-2 DATE COLLECTED 03/10/89 DATE RECEIVED 03/13/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS	
CONFIRMATION ?	N/A	РРМ	
PCB'S - SOLIDS, OIL, WASTE	(1.0	PPM	
ACENAPHTHENE	<0.010	PPM	
ACENAPHTYLENE	<0.010	PPM	
ANTHRACENE	<0.010	PPM	
BENZIDINE	<0.010	PPM	
BENZO (A) ANTHRACENE	<0.010	PPM	
BENZO (A) PYRENE	<0.010	PPM	
BENZO(B) FLUORANTHENE	<0.010	PPM	
BENZO(G,H,I)PERYLENE	<0.010	PPM	
BENZO(K) FLUORANTHENE	(0.010	PPM	
BIS (2-CHLOROETHOXY) METHA	<0.010	PPM	
BIS (2-CHLOROETHYL) ETHER	<0.010	PPM	
BIS (2-CHLOROISOPROPYL) ET	<0.010	PPW	
BIS (2-ETHYLHEXYL) PHTHALA	<0.010	PPM	
4-BROMOPHENYL PHENYL ETHER	<0.010	PPM	
BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM	
2-CHLORONAPHTHALENE	<0.010	PPM	
4-CHLOROPHENYL PHENYL ETHE	<0.010	PPM	
CHRYSENE	<0.010 <0.010	PPM	
DIBEN2O(A, H) ANTHRACENE	<0.010	PPM	
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM	
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM	
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM	
3,3'-DICHLOROBENZIDINE	<0.010	PPM	
DIETHYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM	
DIMETHYL PHTHALATE	<0.010	PPM	
DI-N-BUTYL PHTHALATE	(0.010	PPM	
2.4-DINITROTOLUENE	<0.010	PPM	
2,6-DINITROTOLUENE 2,6-DINITROTOLUENE	<0.010 <0.010	PPM	
		PPM	
DI-N-OCTYL PHTHALATE	<0.010		
1,2-DIPHENYLHYDRAZINE	<0.010	PPM	
FLUORANTHENE	<0.010	PPM	

METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233.

PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30 DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED.

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N/A = NOT APPLICABLE

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WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020



03/23/89

LABORATORY REPORT

PAGE 2

S080 8432872 W61

STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO
111 PFINGSTEN ROAD
NORTHBROOK ,IL 60062
ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89072-S13062 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/R-2
DATE COLLECTED 03/10/89 DATE RECEIVED 03/13/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS	
FLUORENE	<0.010	PPM	
HEXACHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM	
HEXACHLOROBUTADIANE	<0.010	PPM	
HEXACHLOROCYCLOPENTADIENE	<0.010	PPM	
HEXACHLOROETHANE	<0.010	PPM	
INDENO(1,2,3,C,D)PYRENE	<0.010	PPM	
ISOPHORONE	<0.010	PPM	
NAPHTHALENE	<0.010	PPM	
NITROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM	
N-NITROSODIMETHYLAMINE	<0.010	PPM	
N-NITROSO-DI-N-PROPYLAMINE	<0.010	PPM	
N-NITROSODIPHENYLAMINE	<0.010	PPM	21.50
PHENANTHRENS	<0.010	PPM	1200
PYRENE -	<0.010	PPM	
1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE	<0.010	PPM	
2-CHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM	
2,4-DICHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM	
2,4-DIMETHYLPHENOL	<0.025	PPM	
4.6-DINITRO-2-METHYLPHENOL	<0.025	PPM	
2,4-DINITROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM	
2-NITROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM	
4-NITROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM	
4-CHLORO-3-METHYLPHENOL	<0.025	PPM	
PENTACHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM	
PHENOL	<0.025	PPM	
2,4,6-TRICHLOROPHENOL	<0.025	PPM	
BENZENE	0.024	PPM	
BROMOFORM	<0.001	PPM-	
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	<0.001	PPM	
CHLOROBENZENE	<0.001	PPM	•
CHLORODIBROMOMETHANE	<0.001	PPM	
CHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM	
2-CHLOROETHYLVINYL ETHER	<0.001	PPM	

METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233.

PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30 DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED.

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STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO 111 PFINGSTEN ROAD NORTHBROOK ,IL 60062 ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

89072-S13062 SOIL/PROJECT # 25400XH/R-2 DATE COLLECTED 03/10/89 DATE RECEIVED 03/13/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS
CHLOROFORM	<0.001	PPM
DICHLOROBROMOMETHANE	<0.001	PPM
DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE	<0.001	PPM
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM
1,1-DICHLOROETHYLENE	<0.001	PPM
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	<0.001	PPM
DICHLOROPROPYLENE (MIXED)	<0.001	PPM
ETHYLBENZENE	<0.002	PPM
METHYL BROMIDE	<0.001	PPM
METHYL CHLORIDE	<0.001	PPM
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	0.019	PPM
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLORORTHANE	<0.001	PPM
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	<0.001	PPM
TOLUENE	0.024	PPM
1,2-TRANSDICHLOROETHYLENE	<0.001	PPM
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	0.004	PPM
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	<0.001	PPM
TRICHLOROETHYLENE	<0.001	PPM
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	<0.001	PPM
VINYL CHLORIDE	<0.001	PPM

METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233. PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30 DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED.

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STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO 111 PFINGSTEN ROAD

NORTHBROOK

,IL 60062

ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

89052-S13061 WATER/PROJECT # 25400XH/MW #1 DATE COLLECTED 02/20/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS
CONFIRMATION ?	N/A	PPB
BARIUM - SOLUBLE	190	PPB
CADMIUM - SOLUBLE	<10	PPB
CHROMIUM - SOLUBLE	<10	PPB
LEAD - SOLUBLE	<100	PPB
SILVER - SOLUBLE	<10	PPB
ARSENIC - SOLUBLE	<10	PPB
SELENIUM - SOLUBLE	<20	PPB
MERCURY - SOLUBLE	0.6	PPB
ACENAPHTHENE	<10	PPB
ACENAPHTYLENE	<10	PPB
ANTHRACENE	<10	PPB
BENZIDINE	<10	PPB.
BENZO (A) ANTHRACENE	<10	PPB
BENZO (A) PYRENE	<10	PPB
BENZC (B) FLUORANTHENE	<10	PPB
BENZC(G,H,I)PERYLENE	<10	PPB
BENZO(K)FLUORANTHENE	<10	PPB
BIS (2-CHLOROETHOXY) METHA	<10	PPB
BIS (2-CHLOROETHYL) ETHER	<10	PPB
BIS (2-CHLOROISOPROPYL) ET	<10	PPB
BIS (2-ETHYLHEXYL) PHTHALA	<10	PPB
4-BROMOPHENYL PHENYL ETHER	<10	PPB
BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE	<10	PPB
2-CHLORONAPHTHALENE	<10 -	PPB
4-CHLOROPHENYL PHENYL ETHE	<10	PPB
CHRYSENE	<10	PPB
DIBENZO(A,H)ANTHRACENE	<10	PPB
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	<10	PPB
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	<10	PPB
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	<10	PPB

METHODS FOR CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF WATER AND WASTES, 1979, EPA-600/4-79-020. TEST METHODS FOR EVALUATING SOLID WASTE, PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL METHODS, 1982, EPA SW846. METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233.

PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30 WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED.

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STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO
111 PFINGSTEN ROAD
NORTHBROOK ,IL 60062
ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89052-S13061 WATER/PROJECT # 25400XH/MW #1
DATE COLLECTED 02/20/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS
3,3'-DICHLOROBENZIDINE	<10	PPB
DIETHYL PHTHALATE	<10	PPB
DIMETHYL PHTHALATE	<10	PPB
DI-N-BUTYL PHTHALATE	<10	PPB
2,4-DINITROTOLUENE	<10	PPB
2,6-DINITROTOLUENE	<10	PPB
DI-N-OCTYL PHTHALATE	<10	PPB
1,2-DIPHENYLHYDRAZINE	<10	PPB
FLUORANTHENE	<10	PPB
FLUORENE	<10	PPB
HEXACHLOROBENZENE	<10	PPB
HEXACHLOROBUTADIANE	<10	PPB
HEXACHLOROCYCLOPENTADIENE	#3. 0	PPB
HEXACHLOROETHANE	<10	PPB
INDENO(1,2,3,C,D)PYRENE	(10	PPB
ISOPHORONE	<10	PPB
NAPHTHALENE	<10	PPB
NITROHENZENE	<10	PPB
N-NITEOSODIMETHYLAMINE	<10	PPB
N-NITEOSO-DI-N-PROPYLAMINE	<10	PPB
N-NITROSODIPHENYLAMINE	<10	PPB
PHENANTHRENE	<10	PPB
PYRENE	<10	PPB
1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE	<10	PPB
2-CHLOROPHENOL	<25	PPB
2,4-DICHLOROPHENOL	₹25	PPB
2,4-DIMETHYLPHENOL	∢25	PPB
4,6-DINITRO-2-METHYLPHENOL	<25	PPB
2,4-DINITROPHENOL	<25	PPB
2-NITROPHENOL	<25	PPB
4-NITROPHENOL	<25	PPB
4-CHLORO-3-METHYLPHENOL	<25	PPB
PENTACHLOROPHENOL	₹25	PPB

METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233.
PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL

BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30 DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED.

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STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO
111 PFINGSTEN ROAD
NORTHBROOK ,IL 60062
ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89052-S13061 WATER/PROJECT # 25400XH/MW #1
DATE COLLECTED 02/20/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS	
PHENOL	<25	PPB	
2,4,6-TRICHLOROPHENOL	<25	PPB	
DICHLOROBROMOMETHANE T	<1.0	PPB	
DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE	<1.0	PPB	
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	<1.0	PPB	
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	<1.0	PPB	
1,1-DICHLOROETHYLENE	<1.0	PPB	
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	<1.0	PPB	
DICHLOROPROPYLENE (MIXED)	<1.0	PPB	
ETHYLBENZENE	<1.0	PPB	
METHYL BROMIDE	<1.0	PPB	
METHYL CHLORIDE	€1.0	PPB	* * .
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	7.0	PPB	
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	<1.0	PPB	
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	<1.0	PPB	
TOLUENE	<1.0	PPB	
1,2-TRANSDICHLOROETHYLENE	<1.0	PPB	·
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	<1.0	PPB	
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	<1.0	PPB	
TRICHLOROETHYLENE	<1.0	PPB	
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	<1.0	PPB	
VINYL CHLORIDE	<1.0	PPB	
ALDRIN	<0.2	PPB	
ALPHA-BHC	<0.2	PPB	
BETA-BHC	<0.2	PPB	
GAMMA-BHC (LINDANE)	<0.2	PPB	
DELTA-BHC	<0,2	PPB	
CHLORDANE	<0.2	PPB	
4,4'-DDT	<0.2	PPB	
4,4'-DDE	<0.2	PPB	
4,4'-DDD	<0.2	PPB	
DIELDRIN	<0.2	PPB	
ENDOSULFAN I	<0.2	PPB	

METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233.

PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL

BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30

DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED.

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STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO 111 PFINGSTEN ROAD ,IL 60062 NORTHBROOK

ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89052-S13061 WATER/PROJECT # 25400XH/MW #1 DATE COLLECTED 02/20/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS
ENDOSULFAN II	<0.2	PPB
ENDOSULFAN SULFATE	<0.2	PPB
ENDRIN	<0.2	PPB
ENDRIN ALDEHYDE	<0.2	PPB
HEPTACHLOR	<0.2	PPB
HEPTACHLOR EPOXIDE	<0.2	PPB
TOXAPHENE	<0.2	PPB
PCB'S - SOLIDS, OIL, WASTE	N/T	PPM
PCB'S IN WATER	<0.5	PPB
CALCIUM - TOTAL	450000	PPB
POTASSIUM - TOTAL	22000	PPB
CHLORIDE	<10000	FPB
PM (UNITS)	7.8	••
	PH DONE ON	10% SOLUTION.
SULFATE	2900	PPB
TOTAL CYANIDE	<10	PPB
TOTAL SOLIDS	88000	•
TOTAL KJELDAHL NITROGEN	<50	PPB
TOTAL PHOSPHORUS	13	PPB

METHODS FOR CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF WATER AND WASTES, 1979, EPA-600/4-79-020. TEST METHODS FOR EVALUATING SOLID WASTE, PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL METHODS, 1982, EPA SW846. METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233. PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30 DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED.

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STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO
111 PFINGSTEN ROAD
NORTHBROOK ,IL 60062
ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89052-S13062 WATER/PROJECT # 25400XH/MW #8
DATE COLLECTED 02/20/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS
CONFIRMATION ?	N/A	PPB
BARIUM - SOLUBLE	40	PPB
CADMIUM - SOLUBLE	<10	PPB
CHROMIUM - SOLUBLE	10	PPB
LEAD - SOLUBLE	200	PPB
SILVER - SOLUBLE	<10	PPB
ARSENIC - SOLUBLE	<10°	PPB
SELENIUM - SOLUBLE	38	PPB
MERCURY - SOLUBLE	0.8	PPB
ACENAPHTHENE	<10	PPB
ACENAPHTYLENE	<10	PPB
ANTHRACENE	<10	PPB
BENZIDINE	<10	PPB
BENZO (A) ANTHRACENE	<10	PPB
BENZO (A) PYRENE	<10	PPB
BENZO(B)FLUORANTHENE	<10	PPB
BENZO(G, H, I) PERYLENE	<10	PPB
BENZO(K) FLUORANTHENE	<10	PPB
BIS (2-CHLOROETHOXY) METHA	<10	PPB
BIS (2-CHLOROETHYL) ETHER	<10	PPB.
BIS (2-CHLOROISOPROPYL) ET	<10	PPB
BIS (2-ETHYLHEXYL) PHTHALA	<10	PPB
4-BROMOPHENYL PHENYL ETHER	<10	PPB
BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE	<10 .	PPB
2-CHLORONAPHTHALENE	<10	PPB
4-CHLOROPHENYL PHENYL ETHE	<10	PPB
CHRYSENE	<10	PPB
DIBENZO(A, H) ANTHRACENE	<10	PPB
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	<10	PPB
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	<10	PPB
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	<10	PPB

METHODS FOR CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF WATER AND WASTES, 1979, EPA-600/4-79-020.

TEST METHODS FOR EVALUATING SOLID WASTE, PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL METHODS, 1982, EPA SW846.

METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233.

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STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO 111 PFINGSTEN ROAD NORTHBROOK ,IL 60062 ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

89052-S13062 WATER/PROJECT # 25400XH/MW #8 DATE COLLECTED 02/20/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS
3,3'-DICHLOROBENZIDINE	<10	PPB
DIETHYL PHTHALATE	<10	PPB
DIMETHYL PHTHALATE	<10	PPB
DI-N-BUTYL PHTHALATE	<10	PPB
2,4-DINITROTOLUENE	<10	PPB
2,6-DINITROTOLUENE	<10	PPB
DI-N-OCTYL PHTHALATE	<10	PPB
1,2-DIPHENYLHYDRAZINE	<10	PPB
FLUORANTHENE	₹10	PPB
FLUORENE	<10	PPB
HEXACHLOROBENZENE	<10	PPB
HEXACHLOROBUTADIANE	<10	PPB
HEXACHLOROCYCL OPENTADIENE	<10	PPB ·
HEXACHLOROETHANE	<10	PPB
INDENO(1,2,3,C,D)PYRENE	<10	PPB
ISOFHORONE	<10	PPB
NAPHTHALENE	<10	PPB
NITROBENZENE	<10	PPB
N-NITROSODIMETHYLAMINE	<10	PPB
N-NITROSO-DI-N-PROPYLAMINE	<10	PPB
n-nitrosodiphenylamine	<10	PPB
PHENANTHRENE	<10	PPB
PYRENE	<10	PPB
1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE	<10	PPB
2-CHLOROPHENOL	<25	PPB
2,4-DICHLOROPHENOL	<25	PPB
2,4-DIMETHYLPHENOL	<25	PPB
4,6-DINITRO-2-METHYLPHENOL	<25	PPB
2,4-DINITROPHENOL	<25	PPB
2-NITROPHENOL	<25	PPB
4-NITROPHENOL	<25	PPB
4-CHLORO-3-METHYLPHENOL	<25	PPB
PENTACHLOROPHENOL	<25	PPB

METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233. PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30 DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED.

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STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO 111 PFINGSTEN ROAD NORTHBROOK ,IL 60062 ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE 89052-S13062 WATER/PROJECT # 25400XH/MW #8 DATE COLLECTED 02/20/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS `
PHENOL	<25	PPB
2,4,6-TRICHLOROPHENOL	<25	PPB
DICHLOROBROMOMETHANE	<1.0	PPB
DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE	<1.0	PPB
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	<1.0	PPB
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	<1.0	PPB
1,1-DICHLOROETHYLENE	<1.0	PPB
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	<1.0	PPB
DICHLOROPROPYLENE (MIXED)	<1.0	PPB
ETHYLBENZENE	<1.0	PPB
METHYL BROMIDE	<1.0	PPB
METHYL CHLORIDE	<1.0	PPB
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	3.0	PPB
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANK	<1.0	PPB
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	<1.0	PPB
TOLUENE	<1.0	PPB
1,2-TRANSDICHLOROETHYLENE	(1.0	PPB
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	(1.0	PPB
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	<1.0	PPB
TRICHLOROETHYLENE	<1.0	PPB
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	<1.0	PPB
VINYL CHLORIDE	<1.0	PPB
ALDRIN	<0.2	PPB
ALPHA-BHC	<0.2	PPB
BETA-BHC	<0.2	PPB
GAMMA-BHC (LINDANE)	<0.2	PPB
DELTA-BHC	<0.2	PPB
CHLORDANE	(0.2	PPB
4,4'-DDT	<0.2	PPB
4,4'-DDE	<0.2	PPB
4,4'-DDD	(0.2	PPB
DIELDRIN	<0.2	PPB
endosulfan i	<0.2	PPB

METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233. PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30 DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED. ! = REPRINT N/T = NOT TESTED N/A = NOT APPLICABLE APPROVAL

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LABORATORY REPORT

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STS CONSULTANTS LTD. - CHGO 111 PFINGSTEN ROAD ,IL 60062 NORTHBROOK ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

89052-S13062 WATER/PROJECT # 25400XH/MW #8 DATE COLLECTED 02/20/89 DATE RECEIVED 02/21/89

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS
ENDOSULFAN II	<0.2	PPB !
ENDOSULFAN SULFATE	<0.2	PPB !
ENDRIN	<0.2	PPB !
ENDRIN ALDEHYDE	<0.2	PPB :
HEPTACHLOR	<0.2	PPB !
HEPTACHLOR EPOXIDE	<0.2	PPB !
TOXAPHENE	<0.2	PPB !
PCB'S - SOLIDS, OIL, WASTE	N/T	PPM !
PCB'S IN WATER	<0.5	PPB !
CALCIUM - TOTAL	180000	PPB !
POTASSIUM - TOTAL	9600	PPB !
CHLORIDE	<10000	PPB !
PH (UNITS)	8.3	in the second of
	PH DONE ON	10% SOLUTION.
SULFATE	15000	PPB !
TOTAL CYANIDE	<10	PPB !
TOTAL SOLIDS	85000	•
TOTAL KJELDAHL NITROGEN	59	PPB !
TOTAL PHOSPHORUS	37	PPB .

METHODS FOR CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF WATER AND WASTES, 1979, EPA-600/4-79-020. TEST METHODS FOR EVALUATING SOLID WASTE, PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL METHODS, 1982, EPA SW846. METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233. PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT WITH QUESTIONS. REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL BE RETURNED 6 WEEKS FROM THE RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE. WATER SAMPLES ARE DISPOSED OF 30 DAYS AFTER RECEIPT. WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED. N/T = NOT TESTED N/A = NOT APPLICABLE APPROVAL MICH.

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LABORATORY REPORT

STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO 111 PFINGSTEN ROAD ,IL 60062 NORTHBROOK ATTN: D. GRUMANN

SAMPLE 88130-S14106 PROJECT # 25400-XF/SOIL/B-12 DATE COLLECTED 05/03/88 DATE RECEIVED 05/09/88

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS	EP TOXICIT	Y	EP LIMIT	HAZ.CODE
CALCHUM - TOTAL	28000	PPM		•		
POTASSIUM - TOTAL	240	PPM				
BARIUM - EP			0.08	MG/L	100.0	
CADMIUM - EP			<0.05	MG/L	1.0	
CHROMIUM - EP			<0.05	MG/L	5.0	
LEAD - EP			<0.5	MG/L	5.0	
SILVER - EP			0.14	MG/L	5.0	
ARSENIC - EP			0.004	MG/L	5.0	
SELENIUM - EP			<0.002	MG/L	1.0	
MERCURY - EP		÷	<0.0002	MG/L	0.2	
CHLORIDE	40	PPM				
PH (UNITS)	6.9				2.0-12.5	
	PH DONE ON	10% SOLU	TION.			
SULFATE	9000	PPM				
TOTAL SOLIDS	93	•				
TOTAL KJELDAHL NITROGEN	270	PPM				
TOTAL PHOSPHORUS	7.2	PPM				

METHODS FOR CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF WATER AND WASTES, 1979, EPA-600/4-79-020. TEST METHODS FOR EVALUATING SOLID WASTE, PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL METHODS, 1982, EPA SW846. IF YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT. FAX # 414-764-0486 ANY REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL BE RETURNED TO THE ADDRESS LISTED ABOVE 6 WEEKS FROM THE WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCREDITED.
TESTED N/A = NOT APPLICABLE APPROVAL RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE.

N/T = NOT TESTED

N/A = NOT APPLICABLE APPROVAL WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020

(800) 592 3900 DT332



05/23/88

LABORATORY REPORT

PAGE 1

S080 8423007 W61

STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO 111 PFINGSTEN ROAD NORTHBROOK ,IL 60062 ATTN: D. GRUMANN

SAMPLE 88130-S14185 PROJECT # 25400XF/SOIL/B-19 DATE COLLECTED 05/03/88 DATE RECEIVED 05/09/88

TEST NAME	RESULT	UNITS	EP TOXIC	TY	EP LIMIT	HAZ.CODE
CALCIUM - TOTAL	70000	PPM				
POTASSIUM - TOTAL	130	PPM				
BARIUM - EP		~	0.15	MG/L	100.0	
CADMIUM - EP			<0.05	MG/L	1.0	
CHROMIUM - EP			<0.05	MG/L	5.0	
LEAD - EP			<0.5	MG/L	5.0	
SILVER - EP			0.12	MG/L	5.0	~
ARSENIC - EP			<0.001	MG/L	5.0	•
SELENIUM - EP			<0.002	MG/L	1.0	
MERCURY - EP			<0.0004	MG/L	0.2	
CHLORIDE	60	PPM				
PH (UNITS)	8.0				2.0-12.5	
	PH DONE ON	10% SOL	TION.			
SULFATE	440	1-PM				
TOTAL SOLIDS	54	•				
TOTAL KJELDAHL NITROGEN	80	PPM				
TOTAL PHOSPHORUS	1.1	PPM				
PCB'S - SOLIDS, OIL, WASTE	<1.0	PPM				

METHODS FOR CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF WATER AND WASTES, 1979, EPA-600/4-79-020. TEST METHODS FOR EVALUATING SOLID WASTE, PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL METHODS, 1982, EPA SW846. METHODS 601-612, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 44, NO. 233.

IF YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS PLEASE CONTACT OUR CLIENT SERVICE DEPARTMENT. FAX # 414-764-0486 ANY REMAINING WASTE SAMPLES WILL BE RETURNED TO THE ADDRESS LISTED ABOVE 6 WEEKS FROM THE WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020/A.I.H.A. ACCEPTIFED.

TESTED N/A = NOT APPLICABLE APPROVAL RECEIVING DATE OF SAMPLE.

N/T = NOT TESTED

N/A = NOT APPLICABLE WI DNR LAB CERTIFICATION #241283020

(800) 592-5900 DT332

FAX #414-764-0486

ILLINOIS EPA GENERIC FUEL CLEAN-UP OBJECTIVES

	Groundwater	Soil		ΑĪ	DL (1)
Parameter	Objective	Objective	Basis	Water	Soil
Benzene *	5 μg/l	5 μg/kg	MCL	5 μg/l	5 μg/kg
Toluene *	2,000 μg/1	2,000 µg/kg	MCLG	5 μg/l	5 μg/kg
Ethylbenzene *	680 µg/1	$13,600 \mu g/kg$	Prop MCLG	5 μg/l	5 μg/kg
Xylenes (Total) *	.440 μg/\ [‡]	440 μg/kg	MCL	15 μg/1	15 μg/kg
N-Hexanc **	1,400 μg/i	$1.400 \mu g/kg$	(3)	10 μg/1	10 μg/kg
1,2 Dichloroethane **	5 μg/1	5 μg/kg	MCL	5 μg/l	5 μg/kg
Lead **	50 μg/l	50 μg/1 (2)	35 IAC 302.304	1 μg/1	
Naphthalene ***	790 µg/l	$15,800 \mu g/kg$	1/10 96 hr. TLm	10 μg/l	- 660 μg/kg
Carcinogenic PNA's (Total)	$0.0028 \mu g/l$	$0.056 \mu g/kg$	USEPA WQ Crit.		, 5 0
Benzo (a) anthracene	-		•	$0.13 \ \mu g/1$	8.7 μg/kg
Benzo (a) pyrene				$0.23 \mu \text{g/l}$	15 μg/kg
Benzo (b) fluoranthene				0.18 μg/l	12 μg/kg
Chrysene			•	1.5 μg/l	100 μg/kg
Dibenzo (a,h) anthracene				0.3 μg/l	20 μg/kg
Non-Carcinogenic PNA's *** (Total)	2.3 μg/l	46 μg/kg	1/10 96 hr. TLm		
Acenaphthene				. 18 µg/l	1,200 µg/kg
Acenaphthylene	·			1\gu 01	660 μg/kg
Anthracene	•			6.6 μ g/ l	660 μg/kg
Benzo (g.h,i)	•			0.76 μg/l	51 μg/kg
Benzo (K) fluoranthene	•	•		0.17 μg/l	11 µg/kg
Fluoranthene		*		2.1 μg/l	140 μg/kg
Fluorene				2.1 μg/l	140 μg/kg
Indeno (1,2,3-c,d) pyrene				0.43 μg/l	29 μg/kg
Phenanthrene				6.4 μg/l	660 μg/kg
Pyrene				2.7 μg/l	180 µg/kg

- * Apply to all petroleum clean-ups.
- ** Apply only to gasoline clean-ups.
- *** Apply to all petroleum clean-ups with the exception of gasoline.
- (1) Acceptable Detection Limit.
- (2) Concentration in E.P. Toxicity extract of soil.
- (3) Long-term health advisory reduced by a factor of 10 to represent lifetime exposure.

SW-846 Analytic Laboratory Procedure (USEPA) should be used to determine all contaminant levels.

Volatile contaminant levels

methods 5030 and 8240

Base neutral contaminant levels

methods 8270 and 8250

PNA contaminant levels

method 8310

Lead in soil contaminated levels

E.P. Toxicity

The clean-up objectives listed above may be revised as new standards or criteria become available.

GUIDANCE REGARDING THE CLASSIFICATION AND HANDLING OF LOW-LEVEL CONTAMINATED URBAN FILL MATERIAL

Based on the analytical testing results of soil sasmples from the Chicago Park District Dedication property, and detected low levels of PNAs and VOCs, some of the on-site soil and fill materials could be classified as special waste according to discussions of current regulatory agency interpretations of waste control legislation. While the amounts of soil likely to be involved in the proposed development of these properties is small, the character of the fill may result in the material being classified as special waste and the proper handling and disposal of these materials may be required. It should be noted that all fill soils showing some evidence of contamination need not be removed, but only those soils excavated as construction spoil.

The handling of special wastes typically involves properly manifesting the waste materials, and transporting and disposing of them at a licensed special waste landfill. In the past, site derived waste fill from this general area has been handled as excavation spoil and construction debris and disposed in a regular landfill or other appropriate locations. Special handling and disposal of these materials has not been common construction practice. However, in the absence of explicit written guidance on this issue, our discussions with the IEPA appear to indicate that interpretation of the relevant regulations is still evolving and may eventually encompass how such construction wastes are treated.

Regarding USEPA and Illinois EPA guidance on handling the materials, neither of the agencies' regulations indicate any of the chemicals at the concentrations present are hazardous waste. This classification removes the material from consideration under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA). The material is also excluded from classification under CERCLA or Superfund as hazardous waste materials.

Illinois has an additional classification of waste material specified as "Special Waste" for industrial process waste and pollution control waste. A designation of whether or not material qualifies as special waste can be obtained by requesting a determination from the Permits Section, Division of Land Pollution, Illinois EPA in Springfield, to the attention of Mr. Larry Eastep. Such a determination may take several weeks.

Newly adopted Illinois legislation, HB-3666, specifies that any material removed from a waste disposal site is classified "Special Waste" requiring manifesting and disposal at permitted facilities. Although the specific conditions at the Chicago Park District Dedication properties have not been discussed, in telephone

conversations with the Illinois EPA, it was the Illinois EPA's opinion that the cinder, ash, rubble, and soil fill material similar to that present on the site would be classified as a waste disposal facility. If that opinion is correct, then the obligation to treat this material as special waste follows directly.

We do not have a history on how this obligation has been enforced as the legislation was enacted September, 1988, and, we understand, became effective January 1, 1989.

In the event any excavation spoil material is generated and the material is to be handled as special waste, the procedures and obligations for reporting to the state EPA include several alternatives. Two authorizations are required for disposal and management of special waste. The material, if classified special waste, must be transported under manifest by a licensed special waste hauler and disposed in a permitted special waste landfill. The receiving landfill will require a representative sample to verify that the material is not hazardous waste. verification or characterization of the waste may take two weeks. the Illinois EPA needs to issue a waste generator number to the property generating the waste material. That number can be issued through direct application to the IEPA by a request for an emergency incident number, or a supplemental waste stream permit can be requested by the landfill. The emergency incident number is available in a matter of a few days, although IEPA is reluctant to issue the numbers through this method except in case of emergency, but this method does involve direct notice to IEPA and will almost certainly result in follow-up requests for information and documentation of the clean-up effort. also usually includes a request for groundwater monitoring wells on the property. The supplemental waste stream permit generator number is issued by the Illinois EPA through the landfill, and offers some anonymity among the numerous waste streams handled by the landfill. However, the generator number issued by that method may take eight weeks or more to obtain.

From a practical sense, it should be recognized that the presence of this material is not restricted to the Chicago Park District Dedications. STS has conducted similar sampling and analyses on numerous nearby properties. Attached please find comparisons between the PNA chemical concentrations at other sites in the North Loop and near north area. The chemicals are of concern as they are generally known or suspected carcinogens.

When evaluating the impact of this material on the Chicago Park District Property, note that these chemicals are not particularly mobil as they have low solubility and thus will not tend to migrate in the groundwater beneath the site, and have low volatility, thus will not tend to be discharged into the air at the property. The environmental risk is primarily from the standpoint of direct contact with the

material in the soils. Given the proposed pavement and soil cover planned for the development of these properties, the potential risk of exposure is judged as extremely slight.

These soils and fill materials have been managed in the past as construction debris, placed in landfills along with other construction rubble and debris. The potential risk to the public from these handling methods is, in our opinion, minimal.

In the absence of a determination from the Illinois EPA classifying this material, there remains a potential that at some point in the future material removed from the site will be designated as special waste. It is apparent from the information presented in this letter that there is a state of flux and a high degree of uncertainty in handling these soils and fill materials.

Chemical Data for Chicago, Illinois Fill Material (µg/g)

,													
	<u>A-1*</u>	<u>A-2*</u>	<u>B-1</u>	<u>B-2</u>	B-3	<u>C-1</u>	<u>C-2</u>	<u>C-3</u>	<u>D-1</u>	<u>D-2</u>	D-3	<u>D-4</u>	<u>D-5</u>
Acenaphthene	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
Acenaphthylene	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
Anthracene	13.2	BDL	BDL	4	BDL	0.4	20	6.7	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
Benzidene	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
Benzo (a) Anthracene	17.2	12	BDL	4	40	0.21	13	4.5	BDL	BDL	BDL -	BDL	BDL
Benzo (b) fluoranthene	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	43	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	8	BDL	BDL
Benzo (k) fluoranthene	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	20	BDL	BDL	BDL	28	39	BDL	78	18
Bis (2-Ethylhexyl Phthalate)	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	0.82	3.8	1.9	BDL	BDL	9	BDL	3
Chrysene	17.8	13	BDL	4	41	0.18	13	4.6	30 , :	53	BDL	55	22
Dibenzo (a,h) anthracene	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	15	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
Dimethyl phthalate	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
Di-n-butyl phthalate	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	7	BDL	BDL
Fluroanthene	26.2	17	1	7	78	0.48	26	7.3	30	<i>5</i> 0	BDL	106	17
Fluorene	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	12	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	2.
Indeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	36	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
Napthalene	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	12	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
Nitrobenzene	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	.5	BDL	BDL
Phenanthrene	37.1	29	2	9	90	0.38	29	10	36	61	7	121	14
Pyrene	25.3	16	1	8	81	BDL	61	25	28	42	2	90	15
Benzo (a) pyrene	BDL	BDL	BDL	4	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	5
Benzo (ghi) perylene	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	44	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL

^{*}Site in 60611 Postal Zip Code Area

Acenaphthylene 0.053 BDL BDL 0.038 BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL 0.95 BDI Anthracene 0.029 2.7 BDL 1.2 1.4 0.49 BDL 17 4.3 2 11 85 12 Benzo (a) Anthracene BDL	nthylene 0.053 BDL BDL 0.038 BDL ene 0.029 2.7 BDL 1.2 1.4 me BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL	BDL 0.02 BDL BDI BDL 0.46 BDL BDI BDL BDI	BDL BDL BDL BDL	BDL BDL BDL BDL	0.038 1.2 BDL 0.46	8 BDL 1.4 BDL	L BDL 0.49 L BDL	BDL BDL	BDL 17	BDL 4.3	BDL 2	BDL 11	0.95 85	0.98 BDL 12
Anthracene 0.029 2.7 BDL 1.2 1.4 0.49 BDL 17 4.3 2 11 85 12 Benzidene BDL <td< td=""><td>ene 0.029 2.7 BDL 1.2 1.4 ne BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL a) Anthracene 0.14 0.83 BDL 0.46 0.59 b) fluoranthene BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL k) fluoranthene BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL thylhexyl Phthalate) 1.5 1.3 0.44 2.2 0.14</td><td>BDL 1.2 BDL BDI BDL 0.46 BDL BDI BDL BDI</td><td>BDL BDL BDL BDL</td><td>BDL BDL BDL</td><td>1.2 BDL 0.46</td><td>I.4 BDL</td><td>0.49 L BDL</td><td>BDL</td><td>17</td><td>4.3</td><td>2</td><td>11</td><td>85</td><td>12 -</td></td<>	ene 0.029 2.7 BDL 1.2 1.4 ne BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL a) Anthracene 0.14 0.83 BDL 0.46 0.59 b) fluoranthene BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL k) fluoranthene BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL thylhexyl Phthalate) 1.5 1.3 0.44 2.2 0.14	BDL 1.2 BDL BDI BDL 0.46 BDL BDI BDL BDI	BDL BDL BDL BDL	BDL BDL BDL	1.2 BDL 0.46	I.4 BDL	0.49 L BDL	BDL	17	4.3	2	11	85	12 -
Benzidene BDL B	me BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL	BDL BDI BDL 0.46 BDL BDI BDL BDI	BDL BDL BDL	BDL BDL	BDL 0.46	BDL	L BDL							
Benzo (a) Anthracene 0.14 0.83 BDL 0.46 9.59 0.24 BDL BDL BDL 3 46 6.0 Benzo (b) fluoranthene BDL	a) Anthracene 0.14 0.83 BDL 0.46 1.59 b) fluoranthene BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL k) fluoranthene BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL thylhexyl Phthalate) 1.5 1.3 0.44 2.2 0.14	BDL BDI	BDL BDL	BDL	0.46			34	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDI	BDI	
Benzo (b) fluoranthene BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL	b) fluoranthene BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL	BDL BDI	BDL	_		9.59	0.04					שטע	DUL	BDL
Benzo (k) fluoranthene BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL	k) fluoranthene BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL bthylhexyl Phthalate) 1.5 1.3 0.44 2.2 0.14	BDL BDI		BDL			0.24	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	3	46	6.0
Bis (2-Ethylhexyl Phthalate) 1.5 1.3 0.44 2.2 0.14 0.14 BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BD	thylhexyl Phthalate) 1.5 1.3 0.44 2.2 0.14				BDL	BDL	L BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	1	7	BDL	BDL
Chrysene 0.16 0.99 BDL 0.59 0.62 0.24 5.2 BDL BDL BDL 4 49 6.2 Dibenzo (a,h) anthracene BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL		44 22	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	L BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	6	BDL	2.0
Dibenzo (a,h) anthracene BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL	e 0.16 0.99 BDL 0.59 0.62	.44 2.2	0.44	0.44	2.2	0.14	4 0.14	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL .	BDL
Dimethyl phthalate 0.43 0.68 BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL		DL 0.59	BDL	BDL	0.59	0.62	0.24	5.2	BDL	BDL	BDL	4	49	6.2
2,4-Dinitrotoluene BDL 0.85 BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL	(a,h) anthracene BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL	BDL BDI	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	L BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	2	BDL	BDL
Di-n-butyl phthalate BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL	rl phthalate 0.43 0.68 BDL BDL BDL	DL BDI	BDL	BDL	BDL	. BDL	L BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
Fluroanthene 0.27 2.7 BDL 0.87 1.3 0.48 13 BDL 6.2 BDL 6 79 9.6	trotoluene BDL 0.85 BDL BDL BDL	DL BD	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	L BDL	BDL	4.5	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
	tyl phthalate BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL	IDL BD	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	L BDL	2.3	BDL	BDL	1	BDL	BDL	BDL
Fluorene BDL BDL BDL 1.6 BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL 8.3 BD1	thene 0.27 2.7 BDL 0.87 1.3	DL 0.8	BDL	BDL	0.87	1.3	0.48	13	BDL	6.2	BDL	6	79	9.6
	BDL BDL BDL 1.6 BDL	DL 1.6	BDL	BDL	1.6	BDL	L BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	8.3	BDL
Indeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL	(1,2,3-cd) pyrene BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL	DL BD	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	L BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	2	29	BDL
Napthalene BDL BDL BDL 8.6 BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL	ene BDL BDL BDL 8.6 3DL	BDL 8.6	BDL	BDL	8.6	BDL	L BDL	BDL	8.1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
Nitrobenzene BDL BDL BDL 4.2 BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL	nzene BDL BDL BDL 4.2 BDL	BDL 4.2	BDL	BDL	4.2	BDL	L BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	1	BDL	BDL	BDL
Phenanthrene BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL 3.6 BDL BDL 2 5 70 6.2	hrene BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL	IDL BDI	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	L BDL	3.6	BDL	BDL	2	· 5	70	6.2
Pyrene BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL 7.7 BDL 6.2 BDL 11 BDL BDI	BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL	IDL BD	BDL	BDL	BDL	. BDL	L BDL	7.7	BDL	6.2	BDL	11	BDL	BDL
Benzo (a) pyrene BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL	a) pyrene BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL	BDL BD	BDL	BDL	BDL	. BDL	L BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	4	BDL	BDL
Benzo (ghi) perylene BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL	ghi) perylene BDL BDL BDL BDL BDL	BDL BD	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	L BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	4	20	BDL

Note: 1) All units are in μg/g which is equivalent to parts per million (ppm)
2) BDL - Below Detection Level
3) See attached map for general sampling locations



140 EAST RYAN ROAD OAK CREEK, WI 53154-4599 (414) 764-7005 02/28/89 INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE LABORATORY REPORT

PAGE 1

S080 8432176 W81 CS/05/ //

STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO
111 PFINGSTEN ROAD
NORTHBROOK ,IL 60062

ATTN: TIM DAHLSTRAND

SAMPLE NUMBER

- 89053-813061

CLIENT SAMPLE

- 25400-XH A-1

SOIL

LOCATION/PERSONNEL -

ASBESTOS IDENTIFICATION

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION: WET SOIL SAMPLE WITH AGGREGATE

NO ASBESTOS DETECTED CELLULOSE

AMORPHOUS MATERIAL

T 💊

99 🔪

DATE COLLECTED

- 03/32/89

DATE RECEIVED

- 02/22/89

SAMPLED BY

- STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO

QUANTITATION METHOD - EQUIVALENT ESTIMATION

PRETREATMENT/COMMENTS-TRACE OF GLASS FIBER OBSERVED
SAMPLE DRIED PRIOR TO ANALYSIS

ANALYTICAL METHOD

- POLARIZED LIGHT MICROSCOPY WITH DISPERSION STAINING.

ANALYST

- J. WALSH

DATE OF ANALYSIS

- 02/27/89

TEST RESULTS HEREIN RELATE ONLY TO THE SAMPLE ANALYZED ABOVE. THIS REPORT MAY NOT BE REPRODUCED OR USED TO CLAIM PRODUCT ENDORSEMENT BY CBC OR ANY OTHER AGENCY



140 EAST RYAN ROAD OAK CREEK, WI 53154-4599 (414) 764-7005 02/28/89 INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE LABORATORY REPORT

PAGE

S080 8432176 W81 CS/05/ //

STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO 111 PFINGSTEN ROAD

NORTHBROOK

,IL 60062

ATTN: TIM DAHLSTRAND

SAMPLE NUMBER

- 89053-S13062

CLIENT SAMPLE

- 25400-XH A-2

SOIL

LOCATION/PERSONNEL -

ASBESTOS IDENTIFICATION

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION :

WET SOIL SAMPLE WITH AGGREGATE AND CRUDE FIBER

NO ASBESTOS DETECTED

GLASS/MINERAL WOOL

1 %

CELLULOSE

3 %

AMORPHOUS MATERIAL

96 %

DATE COLLECTED

- 02/20/89

DATE RECEIVED

-02/22/89

SAMPLED BY

- STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO

QUANTITATION METHOD - EQUIVALENT ESTIMATION

PRETREATMENT/COMMENTS-SAMPLE DRIED PRIOR TO ANALYSIS

ANALYTICAL METHOD

- POLARIZED LIGHT MICROSCOPY WITH DISPERSION STAINING

ANALYST

- J. WALSH

DATE OF ANALYSIS

- 02/27/89

TEST RESULTS HEREIN RELATE ONLY TO THE SAMPLE ANALYZED ABOVE. THIS REPORT MAY NOT BE REPRODUCED OR USED TO CLAIM PRODUCT ENDORSEMENT BY CBC OR ANY OTHER AGENCY



CHEM-BIC CORPORATION CAREEK, WI 53154-4599 (414) 764-7005
140 EAST RYAN ROADS OAK CREEK, WI 53154-4599 (414) 764-7005
D2/28/89
LABORATORY REPORT

PAGE 1

S080 8432176 W81 C5/05/ //

STS CONEDLIANTS PATE. -CHGO
111 PFINGSTEN RORUS
NORTHBROOK ,IL 60062

ATTN: TIM DAHLSTRAND

SAMPLE NUMBER

- 89053-S13063

CLIENT SAMPLE - 254

- 25400-XH A-3

SOIL

LOCATION/PERSONNEL -

ASBESTOS IDENTIFICATION

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION :

WET SOIL SAMPLE WITH AGGREGATE AND FIBER

CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

2 🗞

CELLULOSE

3 %

AMORPHOUS MATERIAL

95 %

DATE COLLECTED

- 02/20/89

DATE RECEIVED

- 02/22/89

SAMPLED BY

- STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO

QUANTITATION METHOD - EQUIVALENT ESTIMATION

PRETREATMENT/COMMENTS-SAMPLE DRIED PRIOR TO ANALYSIS

ANALYTICAL METHOD

- POLARIZED LIGHT MICROSCOPY WITH DISPERSION STAINING

ANALYST

- J. WALSH

DATE OF ANALYSIS

- 02/27/89

TEST RESULTS HEREIN RELATE ONLY TO THE SAMPLE ANALYZED ABOVE. THIS REPORT MAY NOT BE REPRODUCED OR USED TO CLAIM PRODUCT ENDORSEMENT BY CBC OR ANY OTHER AGENCY



ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

140 EAST RYAN ROAD OAK CREEK, WI 53154-4599 (414) 764-7005
03/03/89 INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE
LABORATORY REPORT

MAR 08 1989

STS CONSULTANTS LTG.

PAGE 1

\$080 8432392 W81 CS/05/ //

STS CONSULTANTS LTD,-CHGO 111 PFINGSTEN ROAD

NORTHBROOK

,IL 60062

ATTN: DAVE GRUMMAN

SAMPLE NUMBER

- 89059-S13061

CLIENT SAMPLE

- 25400-XH A-3

LOCATION/PERSONNEL - 89053-S13063 (RERUN)

ASBESTOS IDENTIFICATION

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION :

GREY HOMOGENEOUS COMPACT PARTICULATE WITH GRAIN

CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

2 📏

CELLULOSE

18 %

AMORPHOUS MATERIAL

80 \$

DATE COLLECTED

-02/20/89

DATE RECEIVED

- 02/28/89

SAMPLED BY

- STS CONSULTANTS LTO.-CHGO

QUANTITATION METHOD - EQUIVALENT ESTIMATION

PRETREATMENT/COMMENTS-NONE

ANALYTICAL METHOD

- POLARIZED LIGHT MICROSCOPY WITH DISPERSION STAINING

ANALYST

- J. BROZOWSKI

DATE OF ANALYSIS

-02/28/89

TEST RESULTS HEREIN RELATE ONLY TO THE SAMPLE ANALYZED ABOVE. THIS REPORT MAY NOT BE REPRODUCED OR USED TO CLAIM PRODUCT ENDORSEMENT BY CBC OR ANY OTHER AGENCY



140 EAST RYAN ROAD OAK CREEK, WI 53154-4599, 1414) 764-7005 02/28/89 LABORATORY REPORT

PAGE 1

S080 8432176 W81 CS/05/ //

STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO 111 PFINGSTEN ROAD

NORTHBROOK

,IL 60062

ATTN: TIM DAHLSTRAND

SAMPLE NUMBER

- 89053-S13883

CLIENT SAMPLE

- 25400-XH A-4

SOIL

LOCATION/PERSONNEL -

ASBESTOS IDENTIFICATION

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION:
WET SOIL SAMPLE WITH AGGREGATE

NO ASBESTOS DETECTED

CELLULOSE

2 %

AMORPHOUS MATERIAL

98 %

DATE COLLECTED

- 02/20/89

DATE RECEIVED

- 02/22/89

SAMPLED BY

- STS CONSULTANTS LTD.-CHGO

QUANTITATION METHOD - EQUIVALENT ESTIMATION

PRETREATMENT/COMMENTS-SAMPLE DRIED PRIOR TO ANALYSIS

TRACE QUALITITES OF GLASS FIBER OBSERVED

ANALYTICAL METHOD

- POLARIZED LIGHT MICROSCOPY WITH DISPERSION STAINING

analyst

- J. WALSH

DATE OF ANALYSIS

- 02/27/89

TEST RESULTS HEREIN RELATE ONLY TO THE SAMPLE ANALYZED ABOVE. THIS REPORT MAY NOT BE REPRODUCED OR USED TO CLAIM PRODUCT ENDORSEMENT BY CBC OR ANY OTHER AGENCY

BULK ASBESTOS SURVEY
PARCEL AT NORTH WATER STREET
EAST OF LAKE SHORE DRIVE
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

CCA Project No. 1534-89 March 24, 1989



BULK ASBESTOS SURVEY PARCEL AT NORTH WATER STREET EAST OF LAKE SHORE DRIVE CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

I. INTRODUCTION

Carnow, Conibear & Associates, Ltd. (CCA) was retained by David L. Grumman of STS Consultants, Ltd., located 111 Pfingsten Road Northbrook, Illinois to collected bulk samples from suspected asbestos-containing material (ACM). This survey was conducted at the parcel located on North Water Street, East of Lake Shore Drive on March 9, 1989 under CCA Project No. 1534-89.

II. METHODOLOGY

Samples were collected in accordance with CCA bulk sampling standards procedures. These procedures were developed in-house and are based on methods described in EPA guidelines and similar procedures.

Analysis of samples was performed by CCA's laboratory in accordance with the USEPA Interim Method #EPA-600/M4-82-020 (December1982) by utilizing dispersion staining and polarized light microscopy. Periodically, samples are selected at random and sent to a second laboratory for a quality assurance crosscheck. CCA's laboratory participates in the Environmental Protection Agency's Bulk Asbestos Sample Quality Assurance Program and is interimly accredited for bulk asbestos analysis. Ten percent of all samples submitted to the laboratory are selected at random and reanalyzed in house as part of CCA's inhouse quality control program.

II. DISCUSSION

Refer to Table I for results of samples analysis. Seven samples, considered to be potential sources of ACM, were collected at the Parcel on North Water Street, East of Lake Shore Drive, in Chicago, Illinois. The samples were collected from surface soil from the fill pile occupying the southern one-half of the survey area (See attached map). Sample analysis confirmed that the seven samples collected did not contain asbestos. CCA also performed a visual inspection of the fill pile and did not observe any suspect asbestos-containing materials.

Bulk Asbestos Survey Parcel At North Water Street East of Lake Shore Drive Chicago, Illinois

Carnow, Conibear & Associates, Ltd. is pleased to have been of service to you and if you have any questions or require any additional information, please contact me.

Sincerely,

CARNOW, CONIBEAR & ASSOCIATES, LTD.

Guillermo Garcia Industrial Hygienist

GG/WSW:dh 16100-01 William S. Williams

William S. Williams Manager of Asbestos Services

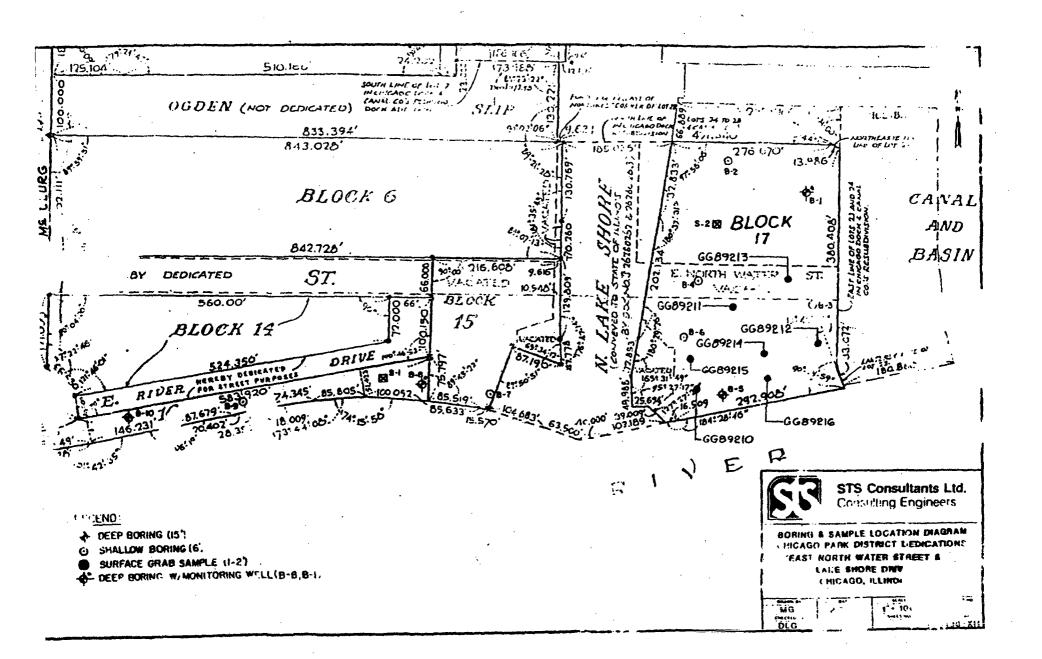
TABLE I BULK SAMPLE RESULTS March 9, 1989 PARCEL AT NORTH WATER STREET EAST OF LAKE SHORE DRIVE CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

:	Sample Number	Description	Asbestos Content
,	GG89210	Southwest, base surface soil	None*
:	GG89211	Northwest, base surface soil	None*
	GG89212	East, top surface soil	None*
.'	GG89214	Middle, top surface soil	None*
:	GG89215	Middle west, top surface soil	None*
1	ĢG89216	East, top surface soil	None*

⁻ Denotes none detected by method utilized.

16100-01

a - All bulk samples were analyzed in accordance with the USEPA Interim Method #EPA-600/M4-82-020 (December, 1982) by utilizing dispersion staining and polarized light microscopy.







UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION 5 EMERGENCY RESPONSE BRANCH

Mail Code: SE-5J

FACSIMILE COVER PAGE

FAX:	(312) 353-2516
DATE: 11/27/	100
TO: Chuck	WELDER
ORGANIZATION: _	Chicago Park District
	(312)747-6046
FROM: VERNE	ta Simon
SUBJECT: ACCE	ss to 653 East North Water Street
UMBER OF PAGES TESSAGE:	TO FOLLOW (INCLUDING COVER SHEET):
Please note	Man Falahum.



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

REGION 5 77 WEST JACKSON BOULEVARD CHICAGO, IL 60604-3590

NOV 27 2000

REPLY TO THE ATTENTION OF:

SE-5J

VIA FACSIMILE (312) 747-6046

Mr. Chuck Webber Chicago Park District 425 East McFetridge Drive Chicago, Illinois 60605

Re: Walkover Survey of Mound at 653 East North Water Street (AKA DuSable Park), Chicago, Illinois

Dear Mr. Webber:

As you may be aware, U.S. EPA is investigating the disposal of radioactive material from the Lindsay Light and Chemical Company (Lindsay Light) thorium mantle manufacturing plant formerly located at 316 E. Illinois. Part of this investigation includes conducting radiological surveys of certain properties in the area. Your property is one to which U.S. EPA is seeking access to conduct a radiological survey because of its proximity to the manufacturing plant. To date, approximately 40,000 tons of thorium- impacted soils have been excavated in the Streeterville area and the removal work is still ongoing. We anticipate that a walkover survey would take to more than six to eight hours. Enclosed with this letter is a form for your signature allowing U.S. EPA access to conduct a walkover radiation survey of your property. Also, enclosed are copies of U.S. EPA's Lindsay Light Fact Sheets which explain the detailed history of Lindsay Light and cleanup activities conducted.

Historical documents indicate that from about 1905 until approximately 1932, Lindsay Light refined thorium containing ores and manufactured incandescent mantles for residential and commercial building lights at 316 E. Illinois. The gas mantle manufacturing involved dipping gauze mantle bags into solutions containing radioactive thorium. This former manufacturing site that is bounded by Columbus, Grand, McClurg Court, and Illinois is known as the Lindsay Light II site. (It is called Lindsay Light II because the original facility and main offices were located at 161 East Grand.) Presently, Kerr-McGee Chemical L.L.C., River East L.L.C. and Grand Pier L.L.C. are completing removal actions at the Lindsay Light II site pursuant to a U.S. EPA administrative order issued under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act, 42 U.S.C. 9601 et seq. ("CERCLA" or more commonly known as "Superfund"). U.S. EPA believes it is possible that radioactive materials from the Lindsay Light operations or demolition may have been placed onto your property.



The enclosed consent for access provides U.S. EPA and its representatives access to your property to conduct radiation surveillance and sampling. Please sign this consent for access and return it to us within seven calendar days of receipt of this letter. After seven calendar days, we will assume that you are denying us access. Note that this consent is for access for a radiation walkover and sampling purposes only. If access is required for other purposes, a broader access agreement will be necessary.

Please provide us with a copy of any environmental assessment of your property at North Water Street, whether or not it includes a radiological assessment. Such data would add to our understanding of the area. We also would be interested in copies of any geotechnical boring information you may have relative to this site.

This request for access and information is authorized by Section 104(e) of CERCLA which provides that U.S. EPA to enter private property for the purposes of "determining the need for response or choosing or taking any response action," which includes investigatory and cleanup activities. Section 104(e) of CERCLA also provides that U.S. EPA may require any person, who may have information relevant to the identification or nature of hazardous substances or the extent of release of hazardous substances, to furnish such information of documents.

Please contact either myself at (312) 886-3601 or Fred Micke, On-Scene Coordinator at (312) 886-5123, if there is additional information we can provide to you. Please direct legal matters to Mary Fulghum, Associate Regional Counsel, at (312) 886-4683 or Cathleen Martwick, Associate Regional Counsel, at (3120 886-7166.

Sincerely,

Verneta Simon.

On-Scene Coordinator

Enclosures:

- 1. Fact Sheet dated April 2000
- 2. Fact Sheet dated May 2000
- 3. Fact Sheet dated June 2000
- 4. Consent for Access Form

Rogion 5 77 West Jackson Blvd. Chicago, Illinois 60604 Illinols, Indlana Michigan, Minnesota Ohlo, Wisconsin



Lindsay Light Sites Update

Chicago, Illinois

April 2000

INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this fact sheet is to provide community residents and other interested individuals with information about the Lindsay Light sites. In particular, this fact sheet will provide a brief overview of cleanup activities at each site with background information on the company and contacts for additional information.

LINDSAY LIGHT BACKGROUND

The Lindsay Light Chemical Company is the former maker of incandescent gas mantles for home and street lighting. Earlier reports show this company first imported and then manufactured mantles from around 1910 until 1933 at 161 East Grand Avenue. Sometime after 1933, Lindsay Light moved to West Chicago, Illinois.

The process of gas mantle manufacturing involves dipping gauze mantle bags into solutions containing thorium nitrate and small amounts of cerium, beryllium and magnesium nitrates. The principal ingredient in thorium nitrate is radioactive thorium, specifically, thorium-232.

LINDSAY LIGHT I SITE

The Lindsay Light I site is located at 161 East Grand Avenue, at the corner of Grand Avenue and St. Clair Street in downtown Chicago. Lindsay Light I is the former manufacturing location for the Lindsay Light

Chemical Company. The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency took a series of surveys and recommended that decontamination of areas throughout the building be undertaken, where practicable (areas where employees and members of the general public work or frequent). In August 1981, the current building owners funded a limited project to decontaminate only occupied work areas on the second and fourth floors. During June 1983 and February 1984, U.S. EPA took dose measurements to determine what, if any, levels of radiation were present. On both occasions results were minimal.

In June 1993, a site assessment was performed to measure gamma exposure rates. This assessment concluded that there were additional areas that should be removed.

LINDSAY LIGHT II SITE

The Lindsay Light II Site, which is a public parking lot, is located at 316 East Illinois Street. The three acre lot is bounded by Grand Avenue, Illinois Street, McClurg Court and Columbus Drive. Records show that the Lindsay Lite II Site originally housed a stable, which was later used as a laboratory/ processing facility by the former Chemical company. A site assessment was done in June 1993, which determine the extent of cleanup activities.

LINDSAY LIGHT III SITE

Lindsay Light III is located at 22 West
Hubbard Street. Records indicate that this
location was once a home of the Lindsay
Light Chemical Company. A site assessment
occurred at 22 and 30 West Hubbard
(adjacent buildings) which showed minimal
levels that posed no immediate health and
safety actions. Surveys were conducted at
30 West Hubbard due to the common wall
shared by the two buildings.

LINDSAY LIGHT II SITE/RV3 NORTH COLUMBUS DRIVE

The Lindsay Light II Site/RV3 Columbus
Drive is located at 316 East Illinois Street
directly across the street from the Lindsay
Light II removal site. This property was
detected during a U.S. EPA walkover
radiation survey of the property. During this
walkover the presence of thorium was
discovered. These levels were crosschecked through the Argonne National
Laboratory. As a result, U.S. EPA expanded
the Lindsay Light II cleanup project to
included the North Columbus Drive property
(known as the Lindsay Light II Site/RV3 North
Columbus Drive).

A workplan to cleanup this property was finalized and approved on March 24, 2000. Cleanup activities are scheduled to begin in early April 2000.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

If you have questions about the information in this fact sheet or would like additional information about the Lindsay Light Sites, please contact the individuals listed below:

Derrick Kimbrough
Community Involvement Coordinator
Office of Public Affairs (P-19J)
(312) 886-9749

Verneta Simon

On-Scene Coordinator Superfund Division (SE-5J) (312) 886-3601 simon.verneta@epa.gov

kimbrough.demick@epa.gov

U.S. EPA Region 5 :77 West Jackson Boulevard Chicago, Illinois 60604-3590 (800) 621-8431

Lindsay Light site-related information is available at the following location:

Harold Washington Public Library 400 South State Chicago, Illinois

Monday: 9:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m.

Tues, and Thurs.: 11:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m. Wed., Fri., and Sat.: 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.



chicago park district

Administration Office 541 North Fairbanks Chicago, Illinois 60611

> Richard Karl Director, Superfund Division U.S. EPA Region 5, SR-6J

JR-6J

JIVd.

1. 60604

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